

# 2015 Financial Report



December 31, 2015



**GOVERNOR**

Rick Scott

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Bernard "Barney" Smith, Chairman

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Stephen P. Auger

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**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**  
(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

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## Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial  
Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing), a component unit of the state of Florida, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Florida Housing's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of



significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### ***Opinion***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Florida Housing as of December 31, 2015, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that management’s discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Florida Housing’s basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying





accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the supplementary schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated June 13, 2016 on our consideration of the Florida Housing’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Florida Housing’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

June 13, 2016

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## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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As management of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing), we offer readers of Florida Housing's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of Florida Housing's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2015. This overview and analysis is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As a result of operations in 2015, net position increased \$56.2 million to \$2.1 billion as of December 31, 2015. This change consists of increases in Operating (\$22.0 million), and State and Federal programs (\$70.9 million), with offsetting decreases in the Single Family programs (\$12.8 million), and Guarantee Program (\$23.9 million).
- Loans receivable, net decreased by \$253.2 million to \$2.2 billion in 2015. The change consists of decreases in the Operating Fund (\$2.2 million), the Multifamily Housing Revenue bond programs (\$255.3 million), the single family bond programs (\$14.8 million), with an offsetting increase in State and Federal programs (\$19.1 million).
- Notes and bonds outstanding, net decreased by \$383.9 million to \$2.2 billion in 2015. The overall decrease is comprised of decreases in single family bonds (\$115.0 million) and multifamily bonds (\$268.9 million).
- The change in net position for all programs and funds increased \$32.6 million from \$23.6 million in 2014 to \$56.2 million in 2015. This change consists of increases in the State and Federal programs (\$98.4 million), and the Operating Fund (\$2.2 million), with offsetting decreases in the Single Family programs (\$52.6 million), and Guarantee Program (\$15.4 million).

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. Florida Housing is a component unit of the state of Florida and follows enterprise fund reporting. Therefore, the financial statements are presented in a manner similar to that of a private business, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The financial statements report information for all of Florida Housing's programs and operations. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of Florida Housing's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is presented as net position, and is displayed in two components: restricted net position and unrestricted net position. Included in the Statement of Net Position are notes and bonds issued by Florida Housing as conduit debt and, as such, both principal and interest are payable solely from the assets and income of the various programs which are pledged under the bond resolutions authorizing the specific issues. These issues do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of Florida Housing, the state of Florida, or of any local government therein. Neither the faith, credit and revenues nor the taxing power of the state of Florida or any local government therein may be pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the obligations. Net position is restricted when external constraints are placed upon its use, such as trust indentures, legal agreements or statutes. Conduit debt and related assets reported on the Statement of Net Position include \$2.7 billion in assets and \$2.2 billion in conduit debt of net notes and bonds payable as of December 31, 2015.

The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position* identifies all of Florida Housing's revenues and expenses for the reporting period, distinguishing between operating and nonoperating activities. This statement measures Florida Housing's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether Florida Housing has recovered all of its costs through lending activities, externally funded programs and other revenue sources.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* provides information about Florida Housing's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash transactions, including receipts, payments and net changes resulting from operations, noncapital financing, and investing activities. This statement provides information regarding the sources and uses of cash and the change in cash during the reporting period.

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential for understanding financial data that may not be displayed on the face of the financial statements and, as such, are an integral part of Florida Housing's basic financial statements.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FLORIDA HOUSING

### Statements of Net Position

The following table summarizes the assets, liabilities, and net position (in millions) as of December 31:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Current assets	\$ 1,132.2	\$ 1,192.5
Noncurrent assets		
Investments, net	1,495.8	1,628.9
Loans receivable, net	2,051.2	2,257.5
Other assets, net	0.2	0.2
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,679.4</u>	<u>\$ 5,079.1</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 381.7	\$ 462.8
Noncurrent liabilities		
Notes payable, net	18.4	14.7
Bonds payable, net	1,876.3	2,226.2
Unearned fee income, net	100.8	91.0
Due to developers	153.0	189.8
Other liabilities	-	1.6
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 2,530.2</u>	<u>\$ 2,986.1</u>
Net position		
Restricted	\$ 1,977.1	\$ 1,943.1
Unrestricted	172.1	149.9
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,149.2</u>	<u>\$ 2,093.0</u>

Florida Housing's net position increased by \$56.2 million, or 2.7%, from the December 31, 2014 balance. This is primarily due to an increase in nonoperating revenues in the state and federal programs.

Total loans receivable, net (current and noncurrent) decreased \$253.2 million in 2015. The largest component of this change was a decrease in mortgage loans outstanding in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue bond program. Loans receivable in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue bond program decreased by \$255.3 million, to \$1.0 billion, primarily due to properties refinancing out of the Florida Housing bond portfolio.

Notes and bonds payable, net (current and noncurrent) decreased \$383.9 million, to \$2.2 billion, in 2015. Single family bonds outstanding, including those issued under the federal New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), showed a net decrease of \$115.0 million comprised of principal payments

on bonds. The \$268.9 million net decrease in multifamily notes and bonds outstanding is comprised of a decrease due to principal payments on notes and bonds (\$362.5 million), offset by note and bond issuances (\$93.6 million). Included in the total payments of \$362.5 million for multifamily notes and bonds are early retirements of \$248.7 million.

Net position of the bond programs, State and Federal programs and a portion of the Operating Fund are classified as restricted because the uses of the funds are directed by trust indentures, state statute or federal regulations.

Florida Housing has designated all the unrestricted net position in the Operating Fund, \$172.3 million, for support of the single family program, future operating and capital expenditures, including the funding of compliance monitoring for housing credit developments in the early history of Florida Housing from which partial or no monitoring fees were collected, demonstration loans and associated costs, and support of all other programs including the Guarantee Program.

### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position (in millions) for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Operating revenues		
Interest on loans	\$ 61.9	\$ 69.6
Investment income	60.3	113.8
Federal program administrative fees	10.5	16.0
Other income	<u>18.2</u>	<u>15.9</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>150.9</u>	<u>215.3</u>
Operating expenses		
Interest expense	76.9	89.3
Payments to other governments	76.5	65.9
Provision for uncollectible loans	3.7	6.2
General and administrative	<u>38.0</u>	<u>44.5</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>195.1</u>	<u>205.9</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Federal and state program revenue	109.2	254.3
Federal and state program expenses	(154.0)	(264.2)
State documentary stamp tax revenue	251.4	209.0
Transfers to state agencies	<u>(106.2)</u>	<u>(184.9)</u>
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>100.4</u>	<u>14.2</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 56.2</u>	<u>\$ 23.6</u>

Investment income decreased \$53.5 million in 2015. The overall decrease was comprised of a decrease in investment income for the single family programs (\$41.4 million), the Guarantee Program (\$3.9 million), the multifamily bond program (\$3.2 million), State and Federal programs (\$3.0 million), and the Operating Fund (\$2.0 million). Unrealized loss on investments in 2015 was \$28.0 million, compared to a \$27.6 million unrealized gain recorded in 2014. Actual income earned from investments increased \$2.1 million from 2014, a result of an increase in interest rates.

Total operating expenses decreased \$10.8 million, to \$195.1 million in 2015. Components of the decrease include decreases in interest expense (\$12.4 million), provision for uncollectible loans (\$2.6 million) and general and administrative expenses (\$6.4 million), offset by an increase in the payment of State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) funds to local governments (\$10.6 million). The decrease in bond interest expense is due to the timing of bond issuances and redemptions throughout 2015.

Net nonoperating revenues increased \$86.2 million, to \$100.4 million in 2015. The increase is the result of an increase in documentary stamp tax revenue, and offsetting decreases in required transfers to the state, federal and state program revenue, and federal and state program expenses.

For the Multifamily and Single Family bond programs, investment income (\$57.4 million) is the primary component of total revenues. Bond interest expense (\$76.9 million) is the largest expense item.

Florida Housing's revenues in the Operating Fund were primarily generated from issuer fees (\$7.1 million) and administrative fees for federal programs (\$6.4 million). General and administrative expenses (\$21.4 million), which include operating expenses and program administration (credit underwriting, servicing, and monitoring), comprise the bulk of expenses in the Operating Fund.

Receipt of documentary stamp taxes in the housing trust funds (\$251.4 million) and revenue from federal and state programs (\$109.2 million) make up the majority of the revenues in the State and Federal programs. Federal and state program expenses (\$154.0 million) and transfers to state agencies (\$106.2 million) are the largest components of expenses. The increase in state documentary stamp tax revenue (\$42.4 million) and the decreases in federal and state program revenues (\$145.1 million) and expenses (\$110.2 million) are primarily responsible for the increase in the change in net position in the State and Federal programs.

## **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At year-end, Florida Housing had total notes and bonds outstanding of \$2.2 billion, net of unamortized premium. This represents a net decrease of \$383.9 million during 2015, resulting from principal payments and refunding on notes and bonds (\$592.5 million), offset by the issuance of bonds and premiums (\$208.6 million). All bonds issued in the First Time Homebuyer Program are backed by Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Government



National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) securities and have maintained AAA or AA ratings. More detailed information about Florida Housing's debt is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

## **OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Florida's key economic variables, such as tourism, employment, construction and population, showed continued growth in its economy during 2015. Gross Domestic Product, while posting positive growth in 2015 through three quarters, did show slowing growth in the second and third quarters of 2015. "Florida's pace for the 2015 calendar year was stronger than 2014 for personal income growth, even though personal income for all states grew at the same rate as in 2014. Florida grew above the national average of 4.4%, recording growth of 5.2% and ranking 6th in the country for the percent change from the prior year. However, the state's per capita income was below the nation as a whole and ranked Florida 28th in the United States." "Population growth is the state's primary engine of economic growth, fueling both employment and income growth." Florida broke the 20 million mark by the end of 2015 making it the third most populous state. Florida's population growth is expected to remain above 1.5% over the next few years with most of this occurring from net migration. Building permit activity, an indicator of new construction, is generally improving. "Calendar year activity for 2015 ran well above the same period in 2014; single family data was higher than the prior year by 20.3%. Despite the strong percentage growth rates in three of the last four calendar years, the level is still low by historic standards—not quite half of the long-run per capita level. For the first quarter of the 2016 calendar year, single-family building permit activity was running 20.25% over the same period in the prior year, matching the 2015 growth rate." Single family building permits have increased year over year beginning with 2012, at a slowing but still positive rate during 2014 and 2015. Directly related to permit activity, "Documentary Stamp Tax collections saw 17.0% growth in FY 2014-15 over FY 2013-14." The data shows a five year growth trend in collections. From the multifamily perspective, residential rental vacancies tightened strongly in 2015 and price pressure was starting to appear. "Florida growth rates are generally returning to more typical levels and continue to show progress. However, the drags are more persistent than past events, and it will take another year to climb completely out of the hole left by the recession." The above narrative is contained in the May 3, 2016 "Florida: An Economic Overview" published by the Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research. This latest report includes these additional comments regarding the Florida conditions affecting economic health:

- In FY 2014-15, General Revenue collections surpassed the prior peak in 2005-06 for the first time since then. After slowing in FY 2015-16, steady growth is expected to continue throughout the forecast.
- In 2015, the first wave of homeowners affected by foreclosures and short sales are past the seven-year window generally needed to repair credit.
- For calendar year 2015, foreclosures were still a Florida issue with the second highest rate of all the states. Florida's average time to complete a foreclosure remains comparatively high at 1,018 days.

- While there is no evidence yet, atypical household formation will ultimately unwind—driving up the demand for housing.

Florida Housing’s activities encompass various federal and state initiatives designed to help improve the residential real estate market. Florida Housing continues to administer the most significant of these programs, the almost \$1.1 billion U.S. Treasury Housing Finance Agency Innovation Fund for the Hardest-Hit Housing Markets (Hardest Hit Fund). This program is scheduled to conclude in 2021.

The portfolio of the Affordable Housing Guarantee Program experienced a continued reduction in risk exposure due to refinancings of guaranteed transactions. The leveraging ratio of the program was 0.58:1 at December 31, 2015, well within the Board established maximum ratio of 5:1.

The Board-approved 2015 operating budget of \$17.2 million, exclusive of direct Hardest Hit Fund expenses, which are fully funded by that program, was adequate to fund operations. Actual operating expenses of \$15.6 million were 9.4% less than the total approved budget.

The initial tax-exempt bond allocation for 2016 is \$482.4 million, an increase of \$9.4 million from the 2015 initial allocation. The per capita allocation remained \$100 for 2016; Florida’s increased population accounted for the larger 2016 allocation.

Please contact Barbara E. Goltz, Chief Financial Officer, at (850) 488-4197 with your comments, questions or requests for additional information.

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## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

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### ASSETS

#### CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 229,871,903
Investments, net	700,973,042
Interest receivable on investments	6,095,991
Interest receivable on loans	6,014,443
Loans receivable, net	158,283,985
Documentary stamp taxes receivable	27,603,699
Property held for sale	642,660
Other assets	2,673,224
Total current assets	<u>1,132,158,947</u>

#### NONCURRENT ASSETS

Investments, net	1,495,842,499
Loans receivable, net	2,051,199,382
Other assets, net	189,840
Total noncurrent assets	<u>3,547,231,721</u>

#### TOTAL ASSETS

4,679,390,668

### LIABILITIES

#### CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and other liabilities	64,878,588
Accrued interest payable	25,431,729
Notes payable, net	222,551
Bonds payable, net	288,376,840
Unearned fee income, net	2,827,828
Total current liabilities	<u>381,737,536</u>

#### NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Notes payable, net	18,355,986
Bonds payable, net	1,876,235,794
Unearned fee income, net	100,827,588
Due to developers	153,032,516
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>2,148,451,884</u>

#### TOTAL LIABILITIES

2,530,189,420

### NET POSITION

Restricted for housing programs	1,977,143,443
Unrestricted	172,057,805

#### TOTAL NET POSITION

\$ 2,149,201,248

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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### OPERATING REVENUES

Interest on loans	\$ 61,887,197
Investment income	60,288,256
Federal program administrative fees	10,576,176
Other income	<u>18,183,067</u>
Total operating revenues	150,934,696

### OPERATING EXPENSES

Interest expense	76,930,112
Payments to other governments	76,529,729
Provision for uncollectible loans	3,675,767
General and administrative	<u>38,033,623</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>195,169,231</u>

OPERATING LOSS (44,234,535)

### NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

Federal and state program revenue	109,159,773
Federal and state program expense	(153,957,313)
State documentary stamp tax revenue	251,425,844
Payments to state agencies	<u>(106,151,367)</u>
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>100,476,937</u>

CHANGE IN NET POSITION 56,242,402

### NET POSITION

Beginning of year	<u>2,092,958,846</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 2,149,201,248</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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### CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Interest received on conduit debt fund investments	\$ 78,006,965
Cash received from interest on loans receivable	64,280,946
Cash received from principal payments on loans receivable	396,997,261
Cash received for federal program administrative fees	10,384,914
Cash received from other revenues	27,462,672
Cash payments for issuance of loans and federal programs	(339,309,602)
Interest paid on conduit debt fund bonds	(85,502,334)
Cash payments for operating expenses	(76,881,655)
Payments to other governments	(76,529,729)
Net cash received from operation of foreclosed properties	<u>2,966</u>

NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (1,087,596)

### CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Proceeds from issuance of notes	3,844,223
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	207,622,861
Principal payments on notes	(167,821)
Principal payments on bonds	(591,502,268)
Cash received for federal and state programs	109,159,773
State documentary stamp tax receipts	251,757,569
Payments to state agencies	<u>(106,151,367)</u>

NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES (125,437,030)

### CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Purchases of investments	(2,053,635,454)
Proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments	2,107,936,018
Interest received on investments	<u>8,348,112</u>

NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 62,648,676

NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (63,875,950)

### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Beginning of year	<u>293,747,853</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 229,871,903</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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### RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating loss	\$ (44,234,535)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities	
Unrealized loss on investments	27,959,325
Provision for loan losses	3,675,767
Amortization and depreciation	(9,206,762)
Interest received on investments	(8,348,112)
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash	
Interest receivable on investments	443,982
Interest receivable on loans	2,522,152
Loans receivable	94,185,516
Other assets	(563,569)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(37,416,631)
Accrued interest payable	(6,105,574)
Unearned fee income	12,819,298
Due to developers	(36,818,453)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ (1,087,596)</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing) was created by Chapter 420, Part V, Florida Statutes as a public corporation. On January 1, 1998, Florida Housing assumed all the rights, responsibilities, and obligations of its predecessor, the Florida Housing Finance Agency (the Agency).

In 1980, the Agency, a public body corporate and politic with no taxing power, was established as a state agency within the Florida Department of Community Affairs by the Florida Housing Finance Agency Act (the Act). The Agency was created to finance housing for low, moderate, and middle income persons. Under the Act, the Agency was authorized to borrow money through the issuance of bonds, notes, or other obligations to finance multifamily housing developments and single family residential housing. The 2011 Legislature eliminated the Department of Community Affairs; Florida Housing is now administratively associated with the Department of Economic Opportunity.

Florida Housing is a discretely presented component unit of the state of Florida for financial reporting purposes. The accompanying component unit financial statements present the net position, changes in net position, and cash flows of the proprietary fund, which includes all programs administered by Florida Housing.

In July 2008, Florida Housing formed FHFC II, Inc. and in July 2009 added FHFC III, Inc. Both are wholly-owned subsidiaries established for the charitable, non-profit purpose of taking title to, managing and disposing of property acquired by Florida Housing from time to time through any of Florida Housing's programs.

Florida Housing has determined that, except for the blended activity of FHFC II and FHFC III, there are no other entities that meet the criteria for inclusion in Florida Housing's financial statements.

Notes and bonds issued by Florida Housing are conduit debt and are payable, both as to principal and interest, solely from the assets and income of the various programs which are pledged under the resolutions authorizing the particular issues. These issues do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of Florida Housing, the state of Florida, or of any local government therein. Neither the faith, credit and revenues, nor the taxing power of the state of Florida or any local government therein shall be pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the obligations. Conduit debt outstanding, net of unamortized premium, was \$2.2 billion as of December 31, 2015.



## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Florida Housing's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applied to governmental units engaged in business-type activities. The significant accounting policies of Florida Housing are described below.

***Basis of Presentation*** – Florida Housing accounts for its activities through the use of an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Florida Housing's accounting records are organized using subfunds to account separately in the general ledger for the bond programs, Guarantee Program, certain state and federally funded programs, subsidiary corporations and the operations of Florida Housing. The operations of each subfund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with related liabilities, net position, revenues, expenses, and transfers.

***Basis of Accounting*** – Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

***Financial Statement Presentation*** – Florida Housing distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with Florida Housing's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of Florida Housing are interest income on loans, investment income, federal program administrative fees and recovery of claims. Operating expenses include interest expense, provision for uncollectible loans and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

***Cash and Cash Equivalents*** – Florida Housing considers all uninvested amounts to be cash and all investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

***Investments*** – Investments are stated at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices, if available, or recognized pricing sources. Fair value of Florida Housing's investment in the state investment pool is determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio. Florida Housing's guaranteed investment contracts are considered non-participating and are therefore recorded at cost.

***Loans Receivable*** – Loans receivable are carried at their uncollected principal balances. Servicing of most loans is provided by various servicing organizations on behalf of Florida Housing. Servicing costs on single family bond loans are recorded as a reduction of interest income.

**Allowances** – The determination of the allowance for loan losses is based on an evaluation of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions, and other factors relevant to a determination of the collectability of the loans and reflects an amount which, in management’s judgment, is adequate to provide for potential losses. Adjustments to the allowance for loan losses are made by provisions charged to current operations. Allowances for forgiveness are recorded for the full outstanding balances of forgivable loans. Adjustments to the allowance for forgiveness are made by provisions charged to non-operating expenses.

**Property Held for Sale** – Property held for sale arises from foreclosures on properties pledged as collateral on mortgage loans. The property is recorded at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated selling costs at the date of foreclosure and is adjusted, if necessary, at year end.

**Compensated Absences** – Employees earn the right to be compensated during absences for annual and sick leave. Within the limits of Florida Housing’s policy, unused annual leave benefits will be paid to all eligible employees upon separation of service. Also, within the limits of Florida Housing’s policy, eligible executive staff members are paid for unused sick leave benefits upon separation. The cost of annual and sick leave benefits are accrued in the period they are earned. The compensated absences amounts are based on current salary rates and are included in accounts payable and other liabilities.

**Bond Discounts / Premiums** – Discounts and premiums on bonds payable are amortized over the life of the related issue using the effective interest method.

**Interest Income** – Interest on mortgage loans and investments is recorded as income when earned. Interest income is recorded net of fees.

**Claims Expense and Recoveries** – Claims expense is recorded in the Guarantee Program when payment is made on the associated bonds. If the claim is made under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Risk Sharing Program, the expense is only the Guarantee Program’s portion as the claim is shared equally with HUD. Recoveries are recorded at the time of foreclosure, when title to the property passes to Florida Housing and are adjusted upon sale of the property and final settlement with HUD. Activity from the operation of the foreclosed property is included in operating revenues and expenses in the subsidiary holding title to the property.

**Related Party Transactions** – Board members are prohibited from participation in Florida Housing’s programs during and for two years following their board terms.

### **3. DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAMS**

**Operating** – Florida Housing’s Operating Fund, which includes the operating subfund and the bond management subfund, collects program fees from the various bond issues, fees for awarding housing credits, and administrative fees associated with federal and state

housing programs. Expenses are those incurred in operating Florida Housing and the administration of its various programs.

**Subsidiary Corporations** – Both FHFC II and FHFC III were created to take title to, manage, and dispose of property acquired by Florida Housing through its various programs. These funds are not restricted; however, the proceeds from the operation and sale of properties within these entities generally flow back to the program through which the property was acquired.

**The various bond programs of Florida Housing are as follows:**

**Single Family Home Ownership Program** – The Single Family Home Ownership Program includes private placements made to Fannie Mae and the GNMA Collateralized Home Ownership Mortgage Revenue Program. The bond proceeds were committed by Florida Housing to purchase mortgage backed securities to the extent mortgage loans were originated by participating lenders under this program. The mortgage loans provided single family residences for persons of low to middle income within the state of Florida.

**First Time Homebuyer Program** – Florida Housing funds loans originated under this program through financing options including revenue bond issuance proceeds and the sale of mortgage backed securities in the secondary market. The loans in this program are 30-year, fixed rate mortgage loans originated by private lenders. Under the current program, all loans originated are securitized into mortgage backed securities. Eligible borrowers must meet certain criteria, such as the first time homebuyer requirement, credit worthiness and an income level not to exceed program limits. Bonds are issued from two separate indentures for this program.

**Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds** – This bond indenture began in 1995 and continues to add issues as needed to ensure the continued availability of funds for the First Time Homebuyer Program. Certain bond issues have been refunded with subsequent bond issues under the indenture.

**Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Special Program)** – These bonds were issued under the federal New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) implemented in 2009 by the U.S. Treasury and HUD as a short term response to the credit and liquidity crises that made tax exempt bonds difficult to use for affordable housing programs. The NIBP lowered the debt service costs on tax exempt bonds by providing for the federal purchase of 60% of the issue. The remaining 40% was sold at market rates. Florida Housing issued a total of \$547.2 million of single family bonds under this program. The authority to issue new NIBP bonds terminated on December 31, 2012.

**Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs** – Due to the similarity of program operations, the multifamily bond programs are presented as one program.

**Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program** – The Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program issues Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds to finance the construction

or acquisition of multifamily housing developments located in the state of Florida and intended for occupancy in part by persons of low, moderate, or middle income. Certain bond issues have been refunded with subsequent bond issues under the program.

***Multifamily New Issue Bond Program*** – Florida Housing was awarded \$248.5 million in authority for multifamily bonds under the New Issue Bond Program (NIBP). As with the Single Family NIBP described above, the program provided for a lower cost of borrowing through the federal purchase of tax exempt bonds at below market rates. Under the multifamily NIBP, 100% of the bonds were purchased by the federal government. Florida Housing issued \$202.0 million of multifamily bonds under this program. The authority to issue new NIBP bonds terminated on December 31, 2012.

***Florida Housing administers the following programs and initiatives funded at the federal and state levels to provide affordable housing to Florida’s low and moderate income families:***

***State Housing Trust Fund Programs*** – The State Housing Trust Fund was created to provide a stable source of funding for affordable housing in Florida. Through an increased documentary stamp tax implemented in 1992, the trust fund provides the opportunity for funding for homeownership and rental housing through Florida Housing’s programs. Funds from the State Housing Trust Fund may also be used as match for federal programs and to support the Guarantee Program. In recent years, a portion of the funds in the State Housing Trust Fund were transferred to the state’s general revenue fund as directed by the Legislature.

***Florida Homeownership Assistance Program*** – The Florida Homeownership Assistance Program (HAP) was created, as part of the State Housing Incentive Partnership Act of 1988, for the purpose of providing assistance for down-payments and closing costs for low-income and moderate-income persons purchasing a home.

The Florida Assist Program provides HAP funds to eligible homebuyers for down payments and closing costs. These non-interest bearing, nonamortizing second mortgage loans are used with the First Time Homebuyer Program.

The Homeownership Pool (HOP) Program was created to match qualified homebuyers with purchase assistance. The HOP Program is an ongoing, noncompetitive program that allows developers to reserve funds for eligible homebuyers to provide non-interest bearing, nonamortizing deferred second mortgage loans on a first come, first served basis. Currently, this program funds self-help developers only.

***State Apartment Incentive Loan Program*** – The State Apartment Incentive Loan (SAIL) Program provides low-interest loans on a competitive basis to developers of affordable rental housing. SAIL funds are available to developers, including individuals, public entities, and nonprofit or for-profit organizations to provide gap financing for the construction or substantial rehabilitation of multifamily units. Special consideration is given to properties

that target demographic groups such as the elderly, homeless people, special needs individuals, farmworkers, and commercial fishing workers.

A portion of the SAIL Program funding is set aside for the Elderly Housing Community Loan (EHCL) Program. Up to \$750,000 per loan is available to make life-safety, health, sanitation, or security related improvements to existing affordable elderly housing.

***Predevelopment Loan Program*** – The Predevelopment Loan Program (PLP) assists nonprofit and community-based organizations, local governments, and public housing authorities with planning, financing, and developing affordable housing. Eligible organizations may apply for a loan of up to \$750,000 for predevelopment activities such as rezoning, title searches, legal fees, impact fees, administrative costs, soil tests, engineering fees, appraisals, feasibility analyses, audit fees, earnest money deposits, insurance fees, commitment fees, administrative costs, marketing expenses, and acquisition expenses. Technical assistance is also provided.

***State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program*** – The State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program was created in 1992 as part of the William E. Sadowski Affordable Housing Act. This program provides funds to all 67 counties and 52 entitlement cities on a population-based formula as an incentive to produce and preserve affordable housing for very low, low and moderate income families. The minimum allocation per county is \$350,000 and at least 65% of funds must be used for homeownership. Under their Local Government Housing Assistance Plans, counties and eligible cities may fund such strategies as emergency repairs, new construction, rehabilitation, down payment and closing cost assistance, impact fees, property acquisition, matching dollars for federal programs and homeownership counseling. Annual appropriation language may more specifically direct program uses.

***Affordable Housing Guarantee Program*** – The Guarantee Program was created to encourage affordable housing lending activities through the issuance of guarantees on obligations incurred in obtaining financing for affordable housing. The program does not directly provide funds for developments; rather it facilitates such efforts by reducing lender risk through the issuance of guarantees on mortgage loans. The program issued commitments to guarantee obligations for both single family homes and multifamily developments. In March 2009, the Board of Directors suspended issuance of additional guarantees by the Guarantee Program. The suspension remains in effect today. Documentary stamp taxes distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund may be used to support the Guarantee Program if payment obligations from amounts on deposit in the Guarantee Program would cause a downgrade in the Program's claims paying rating, or to support the Program's capitalizing debt, if any.

The Guarantee Program's potential loss is limited to the amount of its outstanding guarantees. In order to mitigate risk inherent in the program's portfolio of guarantees, the Guarantee Program participates in the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Risk Sharing Program. On November 9, 1994, Florida Housing and HUD entered into

a Risk Sharing Agreement providing for HUD's assumption, or endorsement, of 50% of the Guarantee Program's post-construction obligation on specific multifamily developments financed by Florida Housing or local housing finance authority bonds. As of December 31, 2015, total participation under the Risk Sharing Program consisted of 4 guarantees totaling \$19.1 million.

As required by the HUD Risk Sharing Program, and in accordance with Section 24 CFR 266.110(b), a percentage of funds on deposit in the Guarantee Program is segregated from the corpus in a dedicated account, the HUD Dedicated Risk Account, as a reserve to offset future potential claims in connection with guarantees issued under the HUD Risk Sharing Program. As of December 31, 2015, the balance of the HUD Dedicated Risk Account was \$1.0 million.

As of December 31, 2015, outstanding risk totaled \$59.4 million, including \$19.1 million under the HUD Risk Sharing Program.

***HOME Investment Partnerships Program*** – The HOME Investment Partnerships Program was established pursuant to HUD Regulations, 24 CFR Part 92 (1992). HOME funds are available to eligible housing providers and individuals in the form of loans, grants, interest subsidies, and other forms of investment approved by Florida Housing.

***Other programs administered by Florida Housing:***

***Housing Credit Program*** – The Housing Credit Program provides qualified developers of rental property a federal income tax credit for providing low income rental housing. The U.S. Treasury has authorized Florida Housing to allocate the tax credits within the state of Florida. At least 10% of the total annual allocation must be awarded to nonprofit organizations. The program was permanently extended by Congress in 1993. For the year 2015, Florida Housing allocated \$55.2 million in housing credits, including returned credits.

In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) created Cash Assistance to States for Low Income Housing Projects in Lieu of Low Income Housing Tax Credits for 2009, also referred to as the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP), to be administered by the U.S. Treasury. Under this program, housing credit allocating agencies "exchanged" a portion of their 2009 Housing Credit allocation, as well as previously awarded and returned Housing Credits, for cash grants that were used to replace the Housing Credit equity lost to affordable rental developments as a result of adverse market conditions. Florida Housing exchanged \$68.2 million credits for \$580.1 million in TCEP funds which was used to fund disbursements to properties in the program.

Florida Housing also disbursed \$101.1 million through another ARRA program, the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP). This federal stimulus funding was directed to rental developments that had already received a Housing Credit allocation but required additional funding due to limited equity available in the housing credit market.

**Hardest Hit Fund** – In February 2010, the federal government announced the Housing Finance Agency Innovation Fund for the Hardest-Hit Housing Markets (Hardest Hit Fund), a new program for the five states hit hardest by foreclosures, housing price declines and unemployment. Florida was one of these states and received \$418 million. The program, which runs through 2017, was subsequently expanded twice, with additional states and funding added each time. Florida’s final share of these funds totaled slightly more than \$1 billion. As of December 31, 2015, six strategies have been approved by Treasury. The *Mortgage Loan Reinstatement Program* is used to bring a delinquent mortgage current. The *Unemployment Mortgage Assistance Program* provides funds to make first mortgage payments to mortgage servicers on behalf of unemployed or underemployed borrowers. The *Principal Reduction Program* assists homeowners who are underwater on their mortgage (they owe more than the property is worth) to bring down the principal owed to be more in line with their property values. The *Elderly Mortgage Assistance Program* assists senior homeowners with reverse mortgages who face foreclosure due to non-payment of property-related expenses. The *Modification Enabling Pilot Program* assists homeowners in modifying their mortgage to an affordable level. The *Downpayment Assistance Program* works with Florida Housing’s First Time Homebuyer Program to provide non-interest bearing, nonamortizing second mortgage loans in five Florida counties.

**Legislative Initiatives** – From time to time, Florida Housing receives appropriations for pilot programs or programs that target a specific segment of the affordable housing spectrum such as housing for persons with special needs or the homeless.

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of December 31, 2015, Florida Housing had the following cash and cash equivalents:

	<u>Credit Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash	–	\$ 42,802,309
Money Markets	AAA	<u>187,069,594</u>
		<u>\$ 229,871,903</u>

Cash on deposit is held in trust by financial institutions in the name of Florida Housing and is entirely insured by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the financial institutions’ trust departments or agents in Florida Housing’s name pursuant to Section 280.04, Florida Statutes.

## 5. INVESTMENTS

Florida Housing is authorized to invest in securities permitted under Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, including direct obligations of the United States of America or any agency thereof, interest-bearing or demand deposits with any qualified depository institution, and commercial paper of prime quality. It is also authorized to invest in contracts for the purchase and sale of government obligations as described in the Florida Housing Act. Investments other than Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded as a component of investment income. Florida Housing's GICs are considered to be non-participating; therefore, they are recorded at cost in accordance with applicable standards. Unrealized loss on investments in 2015 was \$28 million.

Funds in the State Housing Trust Fund and the Local Government Housing Trust Fund are held by the State Treasury in a general pool of investments. Florida Housing also has invested funds associated with single family bond issues, its pooled investments and Guarantee Program funds with the State Treasury in Special Purpose Investment Accounts (SPIAs). Pursuant to Section 17.61, Florida Statutes, these SPIAs allow statutorily created organizations to invest in the Treasury investment portfolio. Florida Statutes enumerate the various types of authorized deposits and investments, which include time deposits, federal government obligations, repurchase agreements, and reverse repurchase agreements through securities lending programs. Florida Housing's share of this investment pool is \$619.7 million at December 31, 2015, which is the fair value of the pool share. Fair value is based on quoted market prices. No allocation will be made as to Florida Housing's share of the types of investments or their risk categories. Florida Housing's share of the assets and liabilities arising from the reverse repurchase agreements will likewise not be carried on the statement of financial position since the State Treasury operates on a pooled basis and to do so may give the misleading impression that Florida Housing itself has entered into such agreements. For further information, refer to the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or publications of the Office of the State Chief Financial Officer.



As of December 31, 2015, Florida Housing had investments with the following credit ratings and maturities (in thousands):

Investment Type	Credit Rating	Investment Maturities (in years)				Total Fair Value
		Less Than 1	1 – 5	6 – 10	More Than 10	
Asset-Backed Securities	AAA – A+	\$ –	\$ 32,052	\$ 4,839	\$ 2,040	\$ 38,931
CMBS	AAA – AA+	–	–	338	4,256	4,594
Commercial Paper	A1+	532	–	–	–	532
Corporate Bonds	AAA – BB-	11,515	95,172	–	–	106,687
Fannie Mae MBS	AA+	49	1,954	6,032	145,589	153,624
Freddie Mac MBS	AA+	412	1,572	590	9,009	11,583
Investment Agreements	Unrated	–	1,741	–	2,668	4,409
MBS	AAA – D	547	–	–	12,222	12,769
Municipal Bonds	AAA – A-	1,721	8,077	–	–	9,798
State Treasury	A+f	619,740	–	–	–	619,740
U.S. Agencies	AA+	–	13,968	–	–	13,968
U.S. Government Obligations	AA+	7	609	6,665	1,044,779	1,052,060
U.S. Treasury Notes	AA+	66,452	101,669	–	–	168,121
		<u>\$ 700,975</u>	<u>\$ 256,814</u>	<u>\$ 18,464</u>	<u>\$ 1,220,563</u>	<u>\$ 2,196,816</u>

Credit ratings shown are by Standard & Poor's.

**Interest Rate Risk** – Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, seek to minimize interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to meet ongoing program and operational cash requirements without having to sell securities in the open market. Interest rate risk in these funds is also minimized by maintaining a short duration portfolio. Investments in bond funds are structured to meet the cash requirements of the specific issue. Interest rate risk is also mitigated with guaranteed investment contracts.

**Credit Risk** – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, limit the purchase of securities to those rated in the four highest categories by a major rating agency. Certain types of investments are further limited up to the one or two highest rating categories. Investments in the bond funds are governed by their respective indentures; Florida Housing does not have a separate investment guideline covering them.

**Custodial Credit Risk** – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, Florida Housing will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. All securities owned by Florida Housing are either in the custody of the related bond indenture trustees or held in Florida Housing's name by a party other than the issuer of the security.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – Concentration of credit risk is the increased risk of loss associated with a lack of diversification, or the ownership of securities from one issuer.

Florida Housing’s investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, limit securities from a single corporate issuer to no more than 5% of the portfolio. Investments in the bond funds are governed by their respective indentures; Florida Housing does not have a separate investment guideline covering them.

The following table provides information on issuers in which Florida Housing has investments representing more than 5% of its total investments. This table represents combined investments of all funds (Operating, State and Federal, and bond funds) at December 31, 2015:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Fannie Mae	7.1%	\$ 155,824,799
State Treasury	28.2%	619,739,818

## 6. RESERVE FUND REQUIREMENTS

Cash and investments held to satisfy various reserve requirements at December 31, 2015 were as follows:

<u>Program</u>	<u>Reserve Requirements</u>	<u>On Deposit</u>	<u>Excess</u>
Multifamily Mortgage Revenue	\$ 1,559,869	\$ 1,559,869	\$ -

## 7. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses were as follows at December 31, 2015:

Single family bond mortgage loans	\$ 80,784,462
Multifamily bond mortgage loans	976,835,458
State and federal loans	1,397,191,383
Operating loans	19,405,860
	<u>2,474,217,163</u>
Less: Allowance for loan losses	<u>(264,733,796)</u>
	2,209,483,367
Less current portion	<u>(158,283,985)</u>
Noncurrent loans receivable, net	<u>\$ 2,051,199,382</u>

The single family and multifamily bond program loans are pledged as collateral for the payment of principal and interest on note and bond indebtedness. Substantially all of these multifamily mortgage loans have an interest rate equal to the interest rate on the notes and bonds plus expenses.

Certain single family bond mortgage loans are secured by first liens on single family residential property. Interest rates on the single family bond mortgage loans range from 3.0% to 7.25%. Under Florida Housing’s program guidelines, all conventionally financed

single family bond mortgage loans with an initial loan-to-value ratio greater than 80% are insured by private mortgage insurance carriers. The mortgage insurers, together with the approximate percentage of single family bond mortgage loans insured outstanding at December 31, 2015, (exclusive of Fannie Mae and GNMA guaranteed loans) are as follows: Federal Housing Administration (52%), Commonwealth Mortgage Assurance Company (Radian Guaranty, Inc.) (12%), Department of Veterans' Affairs (8%), and Rural Housing Authority (7%). Approximately 21% of single family bond mortgage loans outstanding at December 31, 2015 are uninsured.

Under the multifamily bond programs, mortgage loans are collateralized by various methods, including first liens on multifamily rental properties, letters of credit, surety bonds, and guarantees provided by the Florida Housing Guarantee Program and third parties. Approximately \$256.9 million of the outstanding multifamily bond mortgage loans at December 31, 2015, are secured, in part, by irrevocable direct-pay letters of credit provided by banking and savings and loan institutions. Approximately \$796.2 million of the outstanding multifamily bond mortgage loans at December 31, 2015 are secured, in part, by insurance as follows: Fannie Mae (25%), Freddie Mac (23%), Guarantee Program/HUD (5%), and various other companies (29%). Approximately 18% of the multifamily bond mortgage loans are uninsured.

Mortgage loans in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs are recorded at an amount generally equal to the outstanding conduit debt. Any loss resulting from the insufficiency of the available assets and credit enhancement to satisfy the obligations of a specific bond issue will be sustained by the specific bondholder.

State and federally funded loans are primarily second mortgages made on both single family residential property and multifamily housing developments. Interest rates range from 0% to 9%. Most loans made under the SAIL and TCAP programs contain interest payment provisions based upon the developments' cash flows with deferral of interest payment until positive cash flow is generated. Principal is due at maturity.

Many of Florida Housing's loan programs defer payments, both for principal and interest, until maturity. Under some programs, loans may be forgivable if the borrower meets certain criteria or complies with certain criteria during a predetermined period.

## **8. PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE**

At December 31, 2015, property held for sale consisted of three properties. The three properties totaling \$0.6 million were acquired through foreclosures on loans funded by the Predevelopment Loan, the HOME Program, and the Special Housing Assistance and Development Program.

## 9. NOTES AND BONDS PAYABLE

At December 31, 2015 notes and bonds payable consist of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
<b>NOTES PAYABLE</b>				
<b><i>Multifamily Housing Revenue Fund</i></b>				
2009 Series B Mortgage Revenue Note	12/23/2009	2024	5.70%	\$ 12,832,639
2014 Series F Mortgage Revenue Note	12/16/2014	2049	Floating	5,568,378
2015 Series N Mortgage Revenue Note	12/18/2015	2034	Variable	177,520
Total notes payable				<u>\$ 18,578,537</u>
<b>BONDS PAYABLE</b>				
<b><i>Single Family Home Ownership Fund</i></b>				
1991 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	09/26/1991	2023	Floating	\$ 651,000
1992 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	06/30/1992	2023 - 2025	Floating	2,304,559
Total Single Family Home Ownership bonds payable				<u>2,955,559</u>
<b><i>Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Fund</i></b>				
2006 Series 2 Serial Bonds	05/24/2006	2016	4.70%	380,000
2006 Series 2, 3 Term Bonds	05/24/2006	2021 - 2038	4.50% - 4.95%	19,240,000
				<u>19,620,000</u>
2006 Series 4 Serial Bonds	08/17/2006	2016	4.75%	695,000
2006 Series 4, 5 Term Bonds	08/17/2006	2021 - 2037	4.70% - 5.15%	28,555,000
				<u>29,250,000</u>
2006 Series 6 Serial Bonds	12/18/2006	2016	4.20%	345,000
2006 Series 6 Term Bonds	12/18/2006	2021 - 2037	4.45% - 4.70%	12,980,000
2006 Series 6 PAC Term Bonds	12/18/2006	2037	5.75%	645,000
				<u>13,970,000</u>
2007 Series 1 Serial Bonds	03/13/2007	2016 - 2017	4.35% - 4.38%	290,000
2007 Series 1 Term Bonds	03/13/2007	2022 - 2048	4.55% - 4.85%	5,755,000
2007 Series 1 PAC Term Bond	03/13/2007	2048	5.95%	6,635,000
				<u>12,680,000</u>
2007 Series 2 Serial Bonds	05/03/2007	2016 - 2017	4.35% - 4.40%	420,000
2007 Series 2 Term Bonds	05/03/2007	2022 - 2048	4.70% - 4.85%	17,325,000
2007 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	05/03/2007	2048	6.00%	3,200,000
				<u>20,945,000</u>
2007 Series 3 Term Bonds	07/18/2007	2027 - 2048	5.00% - 5.15%	13,085,000
2007 Series 3 Prem PAC Bonds	07/18/2007	2048	6.25%	7,565,000
				<u>20,650,000</u>
2007 Series 5 Serial Bonds	10/10/2007	2016 - 2017	4.40% - 4.50%	485,000
2007 Series 5 Term Bonds	10/10/2007	2022 - 2048	4.95% - 5.15%	10,315,000
2007 Series 5 PAC Term Bonds	10/10/2007	2048	5.75%	3,935,000
				<u>14,735,000</u>

<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2007 Series 6 Serial Bonds	01/08/2008	2016 - 2017	4.35% - 4.45%	\$ 615,000
2007 Series 6 Term Bonds	01/08/2008	2023 - 2049	5.00% - 5.40%	13,040,000
2007 Series PAC Term Bonds	01/08/2008	2048	5.50%	5,070,000
				<u>18,725,000</u>
2008 Series 1 Serial Bonds	04/15/2008	2016 - 2018	5.00% - 5.15%	500,000
2008 Series 1 Term Bonds	04/15/2008	2023 - 2039	5.45% - 6.00%	7,760,000
2008 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	04/15/2008	2039	6.45%	3,175,000
				<u>11,435,000</u>
2008 Series 2 Term Bonds	07/29/2008	2018 - 2039	5.05% - 5.65%	10,745,000
2008 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	07/29/2008	2039	6.70%	5,095,000
				<u>15,840,000</u>
2008 Series 3 Serial Bonds	09/30/2008	2016 - 2018	4.00% - 4.30%	4,155,000
2008 Series 3 Term Bonds	09/30/2008	2023 - 2028	5.00% - 5.25%	22,775,000
				<u>26,930,000</u>
2008 Series 4 Serial Bonds	11/25/2008	2016 - 2020	4.88% - 5.50%	8,525,000
2008 Series 4 Term Bonds	11/25/2008	2023 - 2033	5.85% - 6.20%	12,155,000
				<u>20,680,000</u>
2009 Series 1 Serial Bonds	07/27/2009	2016 - 2019	3.55% - 4.10%	2,900,000
2009 Series 1 Term Bonds	07/27/2009	2025 - 2039	4.95% - 5.40%	17,090,000
2009 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	07/27/2009	2039	5.38%	5,500,000
				<u>25,490,000</u>
2009 Series 2 Serial Bonds	10/01/2009	2016 - 2019	3.10% - 3.85%	5,945,000
2009 Series 2 Term Bonds	10/01/2009	2024 - 2039	4.40% - 5.00%	35,620,000
2009 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	10/01/2009	2041	5.50%	6,365,000
				<u>47,930,000</u>
2011 Series 1, 2 Serial Bonds	03/31/2011	2016 - 2022	3.50% - 4.45%	24,365,000
2011 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	03/31/2011	2041	5.00%	10,415,000
2011 Series 2, 3 Term Bonds	03/31/2011	2026	5.00%	3,875,000
				<u>38,655,000</u>
2015 Series 1 Serial Bonds	12/02/2015	2017 - 2027	0.60% - 3.00%	11,265,000
2015 Series 1 Term Bonds	12/02/2015	2030 - 2045	3.45% - 3.95%	26,475,000
2015 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	12/02/2015	2047	4.00%	17,260,000
				<u>55,000,000</u>
Total Single Family Homeowner Mortgage bonds payable				392,535,000
Unamortized bond premium				16,248,357
				<u>408,783,357</u>
<b>Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Fund (Special Program)</b>				
2009 Series A1 Serial Bonds	01/12/2010	2016 - 2020	3.00% - 4.00%	6,165,000
2009 Series A1 Term Bonds	01/12/2010	2020 - 2029	4.00% - 4.80%	20,210,000
2009 Series A1 PAC Term Bonds	01/12/2010	2028	5.00%	10,195,000
				<u>36,570,000</u>

<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2010 Series A Serial Bonds	06/23/2010	2016 - 2022	3.00% - 4.10%	\$ 10,610,000
2010 Series A Term Bonds	06/23/2010	2021 - 2029	4.00% - 4.60%	18,335,000
2010 Series A PAC Term Bonds	06/23/2010	2028	5.00%	13,395,000
				<u>42,340,000</u>
2010 Series B Serial Bonds	11/01/2010	2016 - 2020	2.20% - 3.25%	2,350,000
2010 Series B Term Bonds	11/01/2010	2025 - 2028	4.00% - 4.13%	4,705,000
2010 Series B PAC Term Bonds	11/01/2010	2029	4.50%	3,120,000
2009 Series B2 Term Bonds	11/01/2010	2041	3.01%	19,690,000
				<u>29,865,000</u>
2011 Series A Serial Bonds	03/09/2011	2016 - 2021	2.80% - 4.30%	10,660,000
2011 Series A Term Bonds	03/09/2011	2026 - 2030	5.00% - 5.20%	12,215,000
2011 Series A PAC Term Bonds	03/09/2011	2029	4.50%	9,420,000
2009 Series B3 Term Bonds	03/09/2011	2041	3.57%	56,230,000
				<u>88,525,000</u>
2011 Series A Serial Bonds	07/07/2011	2016 - 2021	2.15% - 3.70%	12,345,000
2011 Series B Term Bonds	07/07/2011	2026 - 2029	4.45% - 4.63%	15,405,000
2011 Series B PAC Term Bonds	07/07/2011	2029	4.50%	10,730,000
2009 Series B4 Term Bonds	07/07/2011	2041	3.48%	65,690,000
				<u>104,170,000</u>
2011 Series C Serial Bonds	11/03/2011	2016 - 2022	2.15% - 3.65%	13,945,000
2011 Series C Term Bonds	11/03/2011	2026 - 2030	4.10% - 4.45%	19,825,000
2011 Series C PAC Term Bonds	11/03/2011	2030	4.50%	9,525,000
2009 Series B5 Term Bonds	11/03/2011	2041	2.32%	71,850,000
				<u>115,145,000</u>
2013 Series A Term Bonds	05/16/2013	2041	2.80%	81,896,180
2013 Series B Term Bonds	05/30/2013	2041	2.80%	66,295,009
2013 Series C Serial Bonds	12/23/2013	2016 - 2024	0.80% - 3.70%	19,725,000
2013 Series C Term Bonds	12/23/2013	2027	4.00%	7,325,000
2013 Series C PAC Term Bonds	12/23/2013	2035	4.00%	18,630,000
				<u>45,680,000</u>
2014 Series A Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2036	3.00%	16,597,897
2014 Series B Serial Bonds	05/28/2014	2016 - 2024	0.50% - 3.10%	4,555,000
2014 Series B Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2029 - 2046	3.70% - 4.35%	24,370,000
2014 Series B PAC Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2045	3.00%	19,470,000
				<u>64,992,897</u>
2015 Series A Serial Bonds	02/18/2015	2016 - 2025	0.35% - 2.70%	11,215,000
2015 Series A Term Bonds	02/18/2015	2030 - 2041	3.20% - 3.65%	32,370,000
2015 Series A PAC Term Bonds	02/18/2015	2046	3.50%	16,415,000
				<u>60,000,000</u>
Total Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program) bonds payable				735,479,086
Unamortized bond premium				<u>7,808,443</u>
Net Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program) bonds payable				<u>743,287,529</u>

<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
<b>Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds</b>				
1985 Series SS Term Bonds	12/17/1985	2022	Floating	\$ 20,000,000
1985 Series XX Term Bonds	12/17/1985	2025	Floating	8,500,000
1995 Series J Term Bonds	11/01/1995	2025 - 2035	6.05% - 6.20%	10,020,000
1996 Series O Term Bonds	09/01/1996	2016 - 2036	6.15% - 6.30%	9,675,000
1996 Series T Term Bonds	12/01/1996	2018 - 2036	5.85% - 6.05%	6,140,000
1998 Series H Term Bonds	07/01/1998	2038	7.25%	3,092,092
1998 Series I1 Term Bonds	08/01/1998	2033	Floating	15,875,000
<sup>1</sup> 1998 Series J Term Bonds	10/01/1998	2028	Floating	3,325,000
1998 Series S Term Bonds	12/28/1998	2031	4.80%	8,515,000
1999 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	08/25/1999	2032	Floating	10,750,000
1999 Series I1, I2 Term Bonds	08/31/1999	2032	Floating	11,965,000
1999 Series N1 Term Bonds	09/21/1999	2016 - 2039	5.63% - 5.90%	5,875,000
1999 Series P Term Bonds	09/24/1999	2032	Floating	5,935,000
2000 Series E1, E2 Term Bonds	06/13/2000	2033	Floating	9,055,000
2000 Series R1, R2 Term Bonds	12/06/2000	2018 - 2033	5.75% - 7.85%	8,160,000
2001 Series G Term Bonds	11/01/2001	2031	6.25%	8,766,000
2002 Series A1, A2 Term Bonds	01/08/2002	2035	Floating	11,350,000
2002 Series B1 Term Bonds	01/24/2002	2016 - 2034	4.88% - 5.30%	7,270,000
2002 Series F1, F2 Term Bonds	07/19/2002	2016 - 2035	5.45% - 7.00%	9,215,000
2002 Series H1, H2 Term Bonds	07/31/2002	2024 - 2042	5.20% - 6.00%	10,500,000
2002 Series K1, K2 Term Bonds	10/30/2002	2035	Floating	15,600,000
2002 Series L1, L2 Term Bonds	12/09/2002	2034	Floating	7,100,000
<sup>1</sup> 2002 Series M1 Term Bonds	11/14/2002	2032	Floating	5,200,000
<sup>1</sup> 2002 Series N1, N2 Term Bonds	11/14/2002	2032	Floating	8,150,000
2003 Series A Term Bonds	01/01/2003	2036	Floating	7,050,000
2003 Series B1, B3 Term Bonds	01/01/2003	2034	Floating	7,710,000
2003 Series E1 Term Bonds	03/01/2003	2036	Floating	7,115,000
2003 Series G Term Bonds	03/18/2003	2036	Floating	7,025,000
2003 Series H Term Bonds	03/25/2003	2036	Floating	6,110,000
2003 Series K Term Bonds	04/01/2003	2036	Floating	5,720,000
2003 Series L Term Bonds	07/01/2003	2016 - 2036	4.00% - 4.45%	9,900,000

<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2003 Series N Term Bonds	07/22/2003	2035	Floating	\$ 12,470,000
2003 Series R1, R2 Term Bonds	10/01/2003	2037	Floating	13,770,000
2003 Series S1 Serial Bonds	10/01/2003	2016 - 2023	4.10% - 4.75%	1,030,000
2003 Series S1 Term Bonds	10/01/2003	2036	4.80%	2,735,000
				3,765,000
2003 Series W Term Bonds	12/16/2003	2036	Floating	5,000,000
2004 Series E Term Bonds	03/01/2004	2037	Floating	5,300,000
2004 Series F Serial Bonds	03/01/2004	2037	Floating	6,100,000
2004 Series H Term Bonds	06/01/2004	2037	Floating	7,600,000
2004 Series K Term Bonds	12/01/2004	2037	Floating	13,800,000
<sup>1</sup> 2004 Series L Term Bonds	12/22/2004	2034	Floating	15,210,000
<sup>1</sup> 2004 Series M Term Bonds	12/22/2004	2034	Floating	16,975,000
2005 Series A Term Bonds	01/25/2005	2037	Floating	11,100,000
2006 Series A Term Bonds	03/28/2006	2042	6.15%	6,507,465
2006 Series B Term Bonds	03/16/2006	2050	6.00%	6,388,999
2006 Series C Term Bonds	03/16/2006	2050	6.00%	6,273,447
<sup>2</sup> 2006 Series D Term Bonds	07/11/2006	2036	Floating	8,775,000
2006 Series E Term Bonds	04/19/2006	2038	5.50%	3,384,000
2006 Series G Term Bonds	06/30/2006	2039	Floating	3,660,000
2006 Series H Term Bonds	06/21/2006	2039	Floating	6,295,000
<sup>2</sup> 2006 Series I Term Bonds	06/29/2006	2041	6.50%	30,000,000
2006 Series K Term Bonds	09/21/2006	2038	5.49%	1,230,000
2006 Series L Term Bonds	10/26/2006	2038	5.29%	315,000
2006 Series N Term Bonds	12/13/2006	2044	Floating	13,160,000
2007 Series A Term Bonds	08/23/2007	2040	5.49%	3,158,000
2007 Series B Term Bonds	02/06/2007	2048	6.70%	9,487,962
<sup>2</sup> 2007 Series D Term Bonds	05/23/2007	2047	6.50%	40,215,000
<sup>2</sup> 2007 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	06/15/2007	2042	2.60% - 4.00%	51,059,764
2007 Series H Term Bonds	06/29/2007	2042	Floating	3,195,000
2007 Series I Term Bonds	11/02/2007	2042	Floating	16,735,000
2007 Series K Term Bonds	12/20/2007	2042	6.00%	1,830,000
2008 Series A Term Bonds	01/16/2008	2041	Floating	6,770,000



<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2008 Series C Serial Bonds	02/11/2008	2016 - 2018	3.75% - 4.05%	\$ 350,000
2008 Series C Term Bonds	02/11/2008	2035 - 2049	5.00% - 5.25%	6,955,000
				<u>7,305,000</u>
2008 Series E Term Bonds	03/20/2008	2048	Floating	4,850,000
2008 Series H Term Bonds	05/08/2008	2039	5.88%	4,262,224
2008 Series I Term Bonds	06/06/2008	2048	Floating	11,000,000
2008 Series J Term Bonds	07/09/2008	2040	5.95%	5,292,181
2008 Series K Term Bonds	07/31/2008	2041	Floating	6,120,000
2008 Series L Term Bonds	08/19/2008	2041	Floating	6,755,000
2008 Series M Term Bonds	11/14/2008	2041	Floating	7,020,000
2008 Series N Term Bonds	12/18/2008	2043	Floating	4,065,000
2008 Series O Term Bonds	12/18/2008	2043	Floating	3,980,000
2010 Series A2 Term Bonds	09/20/2010	2027	7.25%	4,205,000
2009 Series A1 Term Bonds	09/29/2010	2044	3.07%	5,820,000
2009 Series D1 Term Bonds	11/10/2010	2044	3.01%	2,180,000
2010 Series A Term Bonds	11/10/2010	2027	4.20%	2,640,000
2009 Series C Term Bonds	11/10/2010	2044	3.01%	7,000,000
				<u>9,640,000</u>
2010 Series B1 Term Bonds	12/07/2010	2047	7.60%	810,000
2009 Series E Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2028	3.01%	2,990,000
2009 Series F Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2040	3.01%	5,610,000
2009 Series G Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2052	3.01%	10,780,000
2010 Series D1 Term Bonds	12/20/2010	2042	7.60%	2,735,000
<sup>2</sup> 2011 Series A Term Bonds	02/02/2011	2041	4.55%	10,296,214
<sup>2</sup> 2011 Series B Term Bonds	02/02/2011	2041	4.55%	6,186,566
<sup>2</sup> 2011 Series C1 Term Bonds	02/02/2011	2041	4.55%	9,050,063
2011 Series E Serial Bonds	05/19/2011	2016 - 2020	2.35% - 3.85%	1,545,000
2011 Series E Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2022 - 2028	4.10% - 4.88%	3,595,000
2009 Series I Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2044	3.57%	20,270,000
				<u>25,410,000</u>
2011 Series F Serial Bonds	05/19/2011	2016 - 2020	2.35% - 3.85%	1,510,000
2011 Series F Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2022 - 2029	4.10% - 4.95%	3,860,000
2009 Series J Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2044	3.57%	19,460,000
				<u>24,830,000</u>
2011 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	05/26/2011	2029	4.85%	1,490,000
2009 Series K Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	8,950,000

<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2009 Series L Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2044	2.32%	\$ 12,140,000
2009 Series M Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2041	2.32%	6,220,000
2009 Series N Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2041	2.32%	8,840,000
2009 Series O Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	7,260,000
2009 Series P Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	4,590,000
2009 Series Q Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2042	2.32%	6,490,000
2009 Series R Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2042	2.32%	8,910,000
2009 Series S Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2045	2.32%	16,990,000
2009 Series T Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2044	2.32%	11,550,000
2009 Series U1, U2 Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2045	2.32%	6,760,000
<sup>2</sup> 2012 Series C Term Bonds	12/03/2012	2032	5.35%	7,075,000
2013 Series A Term Bonds	04/24/2013	2029	3.45%	4,175,000
<sup>2</sup> 2013 Series B Term Bonds	09/10/2013	2043	Floating	12,000,000
2014 Series C Term Bonds	08/15/2014	2016	0.55%	10,500,000
2014 Series D1 Term Bonds	10/03/2014	2032	4.90%	3,600,000
2014 Series D2 Term Bonds	10/03/2014	2016	6.39%	8,145,542
				<u>11,745,542</u>
2015 Series A Term Bonds	02/23/2015	2017	0.75%	7,500,000
2015 Series B Term Bonds	03/06/2015	2057	5.30%	7,300,000
2015 Series C Term Bonds	04/21/2015	2017	0.70%	13,300,000
2015 Series D Term Bonds	04/30/2015	2016	0.55%	5,500,000
2015 Series E Term Bonds	05/20/2015	2016	0.70%	9,250,000
2015 Series F Term Bonds	07/21/2015	2016	0.55%	4,100,000
2015 Series G Term Bonds	09/25/2015	2016	0.60%	3,500,000
2015 Series H Term Bonds	07/27/2015	2057	5.00%	10,000,000
2015 Series I Term Bonds	09/15/2015	2016	0.55%	4,400,000
2015 Series J Term Bonds	12/14/2015	2057	5.00%	9,000,000
2015 Series K1 Term Bonds	10/30/2015	2053	4.44%	2,244,419
2015 Series L Term Bonds	11/20/2015	2016	0.65%	4,200,000
2015 Series M Term Bonds	11/20/2015	2032	3.28%	2,221,251
				<u>2,221,251</u>
Total Multifamily Housing Revenue bonds payable				<u>1,009,586,189</u>
Total net bonds payable				<u>\$ 2,164,612,634</u>

<sup>1</sup> Reoffering    <sup>2</sup> Refunding

Interest on outstanding notes and bonds is payable semiannually, except the following bonds, which pay interest monthly:

- Single Family Pass Through Bonds
- Multifamily Floating Rate Bonds
- Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds:
 

1998 Series H	2006 Series K	2008 Series J	2015 Series H
1998 Series S	2006 Series L	2009 Series B	2015 Series J
2001 Series G	2007 Series A	2011 Series A	2015 Series K1-K2
2006 Series A	2007 Series B	2011 Series B	2015 Series M
2006 Series B	2007 Series D	2011 Series C1	2015 Series N
2006 Series C	2007 Series G1, G2	2014 Series D1-D2	
2006 Series I	2008 Series H	2015 Series B	
- Single Family Home Ownership Bonds:
 

1991 Series G1, G2, and 1992 Series G1, G2
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The methods or indices used to determine the actual interest rates for floating rate bonds are outlined in the individual bond documents. Actual interest rates ranged from 0.01% to 3.28% during 2015. Rates in effect at December 31, 2015 ranged from 0.01% to 3.28%.

Scheduled maturities of notes and bonds payable, interest payments, and sinking fund requirements at December 31, 2015, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 283,661,089	\$ 61,192,158	\$ 344,853,247
2017	78,816,126	59,404,031	138,220,157
2018	61,199,115	57,313,518	118,512,633
2019	111,618,209	53,957,525	165,575,734
2020	60,241,461	52,024,208	112,265,669
2021 – 2025	369,477,681	227,143,731	596,621,412
2026 – 2030	322,641,056	171,229,932	493,870,988
2031 – 2035	328,073,440	116,500,743	444,574,183
2036 – 2040	267,874,901	64,066,766	331,941,667
2041 – 2045	216,125,352	21,184,730	237,310,082
2046 – 2050	48,821,847	5,085,513	53,907,360
2051 – 2055	8,559,094	1,475,471	10,034,565
2056 – 2060	2,025,000	28,080	2,053,080
	2,159,134,371	890,606,406	3,049,740,777
Net unamortized bond premium	24,056,800	–	24,056,800
	\$ 2,183,191,171	\$ 890,606,406	\$ 3,073,797,577

Assets of the various funds are pledged for payment of principal and interest on the applicable debt. Each issue, with the exception of certain single family issues, is collateralized by a separate collateral package. The bonds in the Single Family Homeowner Mortgage fund are collateralized under a single bond indenture. In addition, certain assets are further restricted for payment of interest and principal in the event that the related debt service and other available funds are insufficient. Such assets are segregated within the various funds and are held in cash or investments.

*Changes in Notes and Bonds Payable*

Notes and bonds payable activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	Notes and bonds payable	Unamortized premium (discount)	Total notes and bonds payable, net
Beginning Balance	\$ 2,542,239,775	\$ 24,836,192	\$ 2,567,075,967
Additions	208,564,685	2,902,400	211,467,085
Reductions	(591,670,089)	(3,681,792)	(595,351,881)
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 2,159,134,371</u>	<u>\$ 24,056,800</u>	<u>\$ 2,183,191,171</u>
Due Within One Year	\$ 283,661,089	\$ 4,938,302	\$ 288,599,391

**10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES**

Funding for two federal programs, The Hardest Hit Fund administered by the U.S. Treasury and the Multifamily Energy Retrofit Program under the U.S. Department of Energy, provide funding that Florida Housing holds until expended in the programs. Since unused funds must ultimately be returned to the administering agency, these funds are recorded in Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities. Revenue is recognized as the funds are disbursed to borrowers or used to pay administrative expenses. As of December 31, 2015, \$43.7 million is related to the Hardest Hit Fund and \$8.5 million is related to the Multifamily Energy Retrofit Program.

**11. DUE TO DEVELOPERS**

All of Florida Housing's multifamily bond issues are conduit debt. The assets of each issue are pledged solely to support the outstanding debt, and the bondholders' claims on the assets of the indenture are limited to the amount of debt and any outstanding interest. Assets in excess of the related liabilities are owed to the borrower, and are therefore recorded as Due to Developer. These multifamily bond issues represent \$152.9 million of the total \$153.0 million Due to Developer amounts. The remaining balance represents Good Faith Deposits required from developers to begin the multifamily bond issuance process.

## 12. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Pursuant to various trust indentures and loan agreements, the assets and equity of the bond programs are restricted. Upon satisfaction of all bondholder indebtedness and payment of all authorized expenses, any remaining funds are disbursed to Florida Housing or the respective developer as described in each trust indenture or loan agreement. The assets and equity of the state-funded programs are restricted by statute. The following is a summary of restricted assets, liabilities, and net position as of December 31, 2015:

Total restricted cash	\$ 228,659,579
Total restricted current assets	\$ 965,806,015
Total restricted assets	\$ 4,392,757,187
Total current liabilities payable from restricted current assets	\$ 368,043,999
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$ 2,415,613,744
Total restricted net position	\$ 1,977,143,443

## 13. UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position provides additional security for Florida Housing's general obligations, coverage of current and planned administrative costs, and tentative plans for future utilization, subject to the approval of Florida Housing's management or Board of Directors. As of December 31, 2015, the balance of unrestricted net position in the Operating Fund, \$172.3 million, has been designated by the Board of Directors for a variety of uses: loans and loan commitments, including demonstration loans and loans to developments guaranteed by the Guarantee Fund; direct support of the Guarantee Program; and coverage of single family bond issuance costs. Additionally, unrestricted net position is designated for working capital and future operating and capital expenditures, including coverage of compliance monitoring fees for housing credit properties for which partial or no fees were collected at the time of allocation; and the costs associated with holding foreclosed property.

Below is a summary of the Operating Fund designated net position as of December 31, 2015:

Designated net position:	
Demonstration and other initiatives	\$ 125,756,348
Dedicated reserve for operations	42,500,000
Single family	4,000,000
Total designated net position	<u>\$ 172,256,348</u>

#### **14. DEVELOPER AND REGIONAL CONCENTRATION**

As of December 31, 2015, four developers account for approximately 21% (\$219 million) of bonds and notes outstanding in the multifamily bond programs. No other developer accounts for more than 4% of the bonds and notes outstanding. Developments in the following five counties represent 62% of the bonds and notes outstanding: Orange County (24%), Miami-Dade County (14%), Duval County (9%), Broward County (8%), and Hillsborough County (7%). No other county represents 5% or more of the bonds and notes outstanding.

As of December 31, 2015, four developers account for approximately 40% (\$295 million) of loans outstanding in the SAIL Program. No other developer accounts for more than 6% of SAIL loans outstanding. Developments in the following six counties represent 53% of the SAIL loans outstanding: Miami-Dade County (13%), Hillsborough County (12%), Orange County (9%), Palm Beach County (7%), Duval County (6%), and Lake County (6%). No other county represents 5% or more of the SAIL loans outstanding.

As of December 31, 2015, two developers account for approximately 13% (\$46 million) of loans outstanding in the HOME Program. No other developer accounts for more than 4% of HOME loans outstanding. Outstanding loans in the following five counties represent 42% of HOME loans outstanding: Miami-Dade County (18%), Duval County (7%), Desoto County (6%), Highlands County (6%), and Broward County (5%). No other county represents 5% or more of the outstanding HOME loans.

As of December 31, 2015, three developers account for approximately 74% (\$44 million) of the total guarantees outstanding in the Guarantee Program. Outstanding guarantees are distributed over the following counties: Miami-Dade County (28%), Broward County (18%), Pasco County (18%), Indian River County (10%), Lee County (9%), St. Lucie County (9%), and Escambia County (8%).

#### **15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

##### *Loans*

Florida Housing originates commitments to extend credit in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of qualified first time homebuyers and developers providing affordable housing for low, moderate, and middle income families in the state of Florida. Commitments to extend credit are contractual obligations to lend to a developer or individual homebuyer as long as all established contractual conditions are satisfied.

As of December 31, 2015, Florida Housing had outstanding commitments under state and federally funded programs and other initiatives as follows:

Hardest Hit Fund	\$ 42,370,125
State Apartment Incentive Loan Program	35,959,118
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	22,317,024
Predevelopment Loan Program	2,473,187
Community Workforce Housing Innovation Pilot Program	1,743,724
Demonstration Loans	118,986
	<u>\$ 104,982,164</u>

*Risk Management*

Florida Housing is subject to normal risks associated with its operations, including property damage, personal injury and employee dishonesty. All risks are managed through the purchase of commercial insurance. There have been no decreases in coverage over the last three years.

*Leases*

Florida Housing leases office space under a noncancelable operating lease. The lease term runs through May 2019. Rent expense for the operating lease was \$773,197 for the year ended December 31, 2015. As of December 31, 2015, future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2016	\$ 831,919
2017	893,465
2018	920,267
2019	388,155
	<u>\$ 3,033,806</u>

**16. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Florida Housing is authorized by Section 420.507(32) of the Florida Statutes to establish pension plans for the benefit of its employees. There are two plans in place, a defined contribution pension plan and a deferred compensation plan.

*Retirement Plan*

Florida Housing sponsors a defined contribution pension plan (the Plan) under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(m) to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating employees. The Plan, which is administered by Florida Housing, covers all employees who have completed 12 months of employment, have attained the age of 21, and have performed at least 1,000 hours of service before the first anniversary of their employment or during any Plan year. In accordance with Plan documents, Florida Housing,

or its Board of Directors, as applicable, may order changes to the Plan. Such changes shall be effective upon execution of a written instrument amending the Plan. Under the Plan, Florida Housing's contribution is based on a two-tier system. First, Florida Housing contributes a percentage of the eligible employee's compensation to the Plan. The percentage for the year ended December 31, 2015 was 8%. Second, Florida Housing contributes \$0.50 to the Plan for every \$1.00 of compensation deferred by the eligible employee under Florida Housing's sponsored IRC Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan, up to a maximum contribution by Florida Housing of 3% of the eligible employee's compensation. These contributions are recognized in the period they are due. Florida Housing contributions vest to the employee after three years of service.

#### *Deferred Compensation Plan*

Florida Housing offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with IRC Section 457 (the 457 Plan). The 457 Plan, available to all employees who have completed 90 continuous days of employment and have attained the age of 21, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. Florida Housing has the right to amend the 457 Plan. Amendments must be made in writing.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the 457 Plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (notwithstanding the mandates of 26 U.S.C. s. 457(b)(6), all of the assets specified in subparagraph 1) held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries as mandated by 26 U.S.C. s. 457(g)(1). Florida Housing does not contribute to the 457 Plan. Participation under the 457 Plan is solely at the discretion of the employee. Florida Housing has no liability for losses under the 457 Plan, but does have the duty of due care.

## **17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

During the period January 1, 2016 through April 30, 2016, pursuant to various trust indentures, bonds in the aggregate amount of \$192.7 million were called for redemption from principal payments and excess revenues. The bonds were called at a redemption price equal to par value plus accrued interest.



Bonds and notes were called from the following programs:

<b>Issue</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Redemption Amount</b>
<b>Single Family Home Ownership</b>		
Various	January 2016	\$ 30,920
Various	February 1, 2016	49,257
Various	March 1, 2016	49,721
Various	April 1, 2016	68,308
		<u>198,206</u>
<b>Single Family Homeowner Mortgage</b>		
Various	January 4, 2016	56,174,545
Various	February 1, 2016	1,753,313
Various	March 1, 2016	1,881,627
Various	April 1, 2016	73,338,388
		<u>133,147,873</u>
<b>Multifamily Housing Revenue</b>		
Various	January 2016	11,714,853
Various	February 2016	1,305,670
Various	March 2016	20,488,933
Various	April 2016	25,843,326
		<u>59,352,782</u>
		<u>\$ 192,698,861</u>

On March 31, 2016, \$60 million in bonds, 2016 Series 1, were issued in the Single Family Homeowner (Special Program) Fund. The bonds were used to refund three outstanding bond issues. On April 29, 2016, \$11 million in bonds, 2016 Series A, were issued in the Multifamily Housing Revenue Program.

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## **SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES**

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION  
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Restricted Programs								2015	
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations	Operating		
<b>ASSETS</b>										
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 613,909	\$ 41,291,074	\$ 46,236,459	\$ 224,029	\$ 95,225,872	\$ 45,061,544	\$ 18,210	\$ 1,200,806	\$ 229,871,903	
Investments, net	-	125,705,762	20,545,386	131,379,545	65,908,974	195,579,463	46,141	161,807,771	700,973,042	
Interest receivable on investments	15,935	1,824,595	2,599,246	123,662	283,576	-	-	1,248,977	6,095,991	
Interest receivable on loans	-	381,199	-	-	5,633,244	-	-	-	6,014,443	
Loans receivable, net	-	5,628,068	-	-	124,829,820	27,748,686	-	77,411	158,283,985	
Documentary stamp taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	27,603,699	-	-	27,603,699	
Property held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	642,660	-	642,660	
Other assets	-	5,403	-	-	-	544,742	20,797	2,102,282	2,673,224	
(Payable to) receivable from other programs	(2,172)	(1,698,290)	(438,209)	-	(789,092)	2,120,962	(735,232)	1,542,033	-	
Total current assets	627,672	173,137,811	68,942,882	131,727,236	291,092,394	298,659,096	(7,424)	167,979,280	1,132,158,947	
<b>NONCURRENT ASSETS</b>										
Investments, net	2,777,966	428,169,853	783,067,859	-	44,246,771	127,311,221	30,815	110,238,014	1,495,842,499	
Loans receivable, net	-	73,163,277	-	-	852,005,638	1,112,570,942	-	13,459,525	2,051,199,382	
Other assets, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,840	189,840	
Total noncurrent assets	2,777,966	501,333,130	783,067,859	-	896,252,409	1,239,882,163	30,815	123,887,379	3,547,231,721	
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>3,405,638</b>	<b>674,470,941</b>	<b>852,010,741</b>	<b>131,727,236</b>	<b>1,187,344,803</b>	<b>1,538,541,259</b>	<b>23,391</b>	<b>291,866,659</b>	<b>4,679,390,668</b>	
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>										
Accounts payable and other liabilities	-	330,995	-	-	-	53,579,497	221,934	10,746,162	64,878,588	
Accrued interest payable	16,712	8,678,131	10,534,774	-	6,202,112	-	-	-	25,431,729	
Notes payable, net	-	-	-	-	222,551	-	-	-	222,551	
Bonds payable, net	620,000	99,666,976	62,917,595	-	125,172,269	-	-	-	288,376,840	
Unearned fee income, net	-	-	-	102,387	-	-	-	2,725,441	2,827,828	
Total current liabilities	636,712	108,676,102	73,452,369	102,387	131,596,932	53,579,497	221,934	13,471,603	381,737,536	
<b>NONCURRENT LIABILITIES</b>										
Notes payable, net	-	-	-	-	18,355,986	-	-	-	18,355,986	
Bonds payable, net	2,335,559	309,116,381	680,369,934	-	884,413,920	-	-	-	1,876,235,794	
Unearned fee income, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,827,588	100,827,588	
Due to developers	-	-	-	-	152,977,965	-	-	54,551	153,032,516	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,335,559	309,116,381	680,369,934	-	1,055,747,871	-	-	100,882,139	2,148,451,884	
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>2,972,271</b>	<b>417,792,483</b>	<b>753,822,303</b>	<b>102,387</b>	<b>1,187,344,803</b>	<b>53,579,497</b>	<b>221,934</b>	<b>114,353,742</b>	<b>2,530,189,420</b>	
<b>NET POSITION</b>										
Restricted for housing programs	433,367	256,678,458	98,188,438	131,624,849	-	1,484,961,762	-	5,256,569	1,977,143,443	
Unrestricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	(198,543)	172,556,348	172,057,805	
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 433,367</b>	<b>\$ 256,678,458</b>	<b>\$ 98,188,438</b>	<b>\$ 131,624,849</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,484,961,762</b>	<b>\$ (198,543)</b>	<b>\$ 177,512,917</b>	<b>\$ 2,149,201,248</b>	

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN PROGRAM NET POSITION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Restricted Programs							Operating	2015
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations		
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>									
Interest on loans	\$ -	\$ 5,708,592	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,814,422	\$ 17,891,218	\$ -	\$ 472,965	\$ 61,887,197
Investment income	157,997	33,216,032	22,502,782	223,514	1,324,677	1,559,945	229	1,303,080	60,288,256
Federal program administrative fees	-	-	-	-	-	4,188,451	-	6,387,725	10,576,176
Other income	-	(195,546)	-	1,142,721	1,175,071	(105,579)	241,273	15,925,127	18,183,067
Total operating revenues	157,997	38,729,078	22,502,782	1,366,235	40,314,170	23,534,035	241,502	24,088,897	150,934,696
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>									
Interest expense	217,066	17,105,038	25,621,290	-	33,986,718	-	-	-	76,930,112
Payments to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	76,529,729	-	-	76,529,729
Provision for uncollectible loans	-	1,243,865	-	(1,589,143)	-	4,968,353	-	(947,308)	3,675,767
General and administrative	902	1,462,354	1,510,167	1,832,803	6,327,452	5,252,885	280,893	21,366,167	38,033,623
Total operating expenses	217,968	19,811,257	27,131,457	243,660	40,314,170	86,750,967	280,893	20,418,859	195,169,231
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(59,971)	18,917,821	(4,628,675)	1,122,575	-	(63,216,932)	(39,391)	3,670,038	(44,234,535)
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>									
Federal and state program revenue	-	-	-	-	-	109,157,793	-	1,980	109,159,773
Federal and state program expense	-	-	-	-	-	(153,957,313)	-	-	(153,957,313)
State documentary stamp tax revenue	-	-	-	-	-	251,425,844	-	-	251,425,844
Payments to state agencies	-	-	-	-	-	(106,151,367)	-	-	(106,151,367)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	-	-	-	-	100,474,957	-	1,980	100,476,937
Income (Loss) before transfers	(59,971)	18,917,821	(4,628,675)	1,122,575	-	37,258,025	(39,391)	3,672,018	56,242,402
TRANSFERS FROM (TO) OTHER PROGRAMS	(216,786)	(26,685,118)	(112,737)	(25,050,000)	-	33,701,006	-	18,363,635	-
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	(276,757)	(7,767,297)	(4,741,412)	(23,927,425)	-	70,959,031	(39,391)	22,035,653	56,242,402
<b>NET POSITION</b>									
Beginning of year	710,124	264,445,755	102,929,850	155,552,274	-	1,414,002,731	(159,152)	155,477,264	2,092,958,846
End of year	\$ 433,367	\$ 256,678,458	\$ 98,188,438	\$ 131,624,849	\$ -	\$ 1,484,961,762	\$ (198,543)	\$ 177,512,917	\$ 2,149,201,248

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Restricted Programs							Operating	2015
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations		
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>									
Interest received on conduit debt fund investments	\$ 219,091	\$ 44,141,971	\$ 31,898,837	\$ -	\$ 1,747,066	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,006,965
Cash received from interest on loans receivable	-	5,652,731	-	-	40,083,123	18,072,128	-	472,964	64,280,946
Cash received from principal payments on loans receivable	-	14,057,436	-	-	344,914,203	34,158,992	-	3,866,630	396,997,261
Cash received for federal program administrative fees	-	-	-	-	-	4,188,451	-	6,196,463	10,384,914
Cash received from other revenues	-	(195,546)	-	933,819	1,175,071	(105,579)	-	25,654,907	27,462,672
Cash payments for issuance of loans and federal programs	-	(344,711)	-	-	(126,067,567)	(212,179,465)	-	(717,859)	(339,309,602)
Interest paid on conduit debt fund bonds	(221,184)	(22,606,557)	(26,256,084)	-	(36,418,509)	-	-	-	(85,502,334)
Cash payments for operating expenses	(902)	(2,186,510)	(2,172,055)	(1,855,224)	(6,328,563)	(48,155,834)	-	(16,182,567)	(76,881,655)
Payments to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	(76,529,729)	-	-	(76,529,729)
Net cash received from operation of foreclosed properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,966	-	2,966
Cash receipts from (payments to) other funds	437	(1,512,566)	(365,585)	(13,306)	(58,138)	1,498,881	-	450,277	-
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(2,558)</b>	<b>37,006,248</b>	<b>3,105,113</b>	<b>(934,711)</b>	<b>219,046,686</b>	<b>(279,052,155)</b>	<b>2,966</b>	<b>19,740,815</b>	<b>(1,087,596)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>									
Proceeds from issuance of notes	-	-	-	-	3,844,223	-	-	-	3,844,223
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	56,500,067	61,402,333	-	89,720,461	-	-	-	207,622,861
Principal payments on notes	-	-	-	-	(167,821)	-	-	-	(167,821)
Principal payments on bonds	(776,853)	(132,125,000)	(96,280,413)	-	(362,320,002)	-	-	-	(591,502,268)
Transfers from (to) other programs	(216,786)	(26,685,118)	(112,737)	(25,050,000)	-	33,701,006	-	18,363,635	-
Cash received for federal and state programs	-	-	-	-	-	109,157,793	-	1,980	109,159,773
State documentary stamp tax receipts	-	-	-	-	-	251,757,569	-	-	251,757,569
Payments to state agencies	-	-	-	-	-	(106,151,367)	-	-	(106,151,367)
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(993,639)</b>	<b>(102,310,051)</b>	<b>(34,990,817)</b>	<b>(25,050,000)</b>	<b>(268,923,139)</b>	<b>288,465,001</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>18,365,615</b>	<b>(125,437,030)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>									
Purchases of investments	-	(944,085,678)	(399,975,802)	(2,858,706)	(127,800,640)	(361,975,295)	(46,653)	(216,892,680)	(2,053,635,454)
Proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments	757,404	965,970,562	433,247,234	26,788,084	199,291,946	306,392,042	48,064	175,440,682	2,107,936,018
Interest received on investments	-	-	-	1,913,635	-	3,621,226	752	2,812,499	8,348,112
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>757,404</b>	<b>21,884,884</b>	<b>33,271,432</b>	<b>25,843,013</b>	<b>71,491,306</b>	<b>(51,962,027)</b>	<b>2,163</b>	<b>(38,639,499)</b>	<b>62,648,676</b>
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(238,793)</b>	<b>(43,418,919)</b>	<b>1,385,728</b>	<b>(141,698)</b>	<b>21,614,853</b>	<b>(42,549,181)</b>	<b>5,129</b>	<b>(533,069)</b>	<b>(63,875,950)</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>									
Beginning of year	852,702	84,709,993	44,850,731	365,727	73,611,019	87,610,725	13,081	1,733,875	293,747,853
End of year	\$ 613,909	\$ 41,291,074	\$ 46,236,459	\$ 224,029	\$ 95,225,872	\$ 45,061,544	\$ 18,210	\$ 1,200,806	\$ 229,871,903

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM CASH FLOWS (continued)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

	Restricted Programs							Operating	2015
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating income (loss)	\$ (59,971)	\$ 18,917,821	\$ (4,628,675)	\$ 1,122,575	\$ -	\$ (63,216,932)	\$ (39,391)	\$ 3,670,038	\$ (44,234,535)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities									
Unrealized loss on investments	56,391	12,401,105	9,352,226	1,554,303	427,379	2,252,634	569	1,914,718	27,959,325
Provision for loan losses	-	1,243,865	-	(1,589,143)	-	4,968,353	-	(947,308)	3,675,767
Amortization and depreciation	-	(4,761,650)	(973,847)	(208,902)	(59,524)	(191,378)	(46)	(3,011,415)	(9,206,762)
Interest received on investments	-	-	-	(1,913,635)	-	(3,621,226)	(752)	(2,812,499)	(8,348,112)
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash									
Interest receivable on investments	4,703	358,846	135,121	135,818	54,534	25	-	(245,065)	443,982
Interest receivable on loans	-	72,541	-	-	2,268,701	180,910	-	-	2,522,152
Loans receivable	-	13,712,725	-	-	255,344,493	(178,020,473)	-	3,148,771	94,185,516
Other assets	-	583	-	-	-	(433,723)	6,950	(137,379)	(563,569)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	-	(171,484)	-	(22,421)	(1,111)	(42,469,226)	35,636	5,211,975	(37,416,631)
Accrued interest payable	(4,118)	(3,255,538)	(414,127)	-	(2,431,791)	-	-	-	(6,105,574)
Unearned fee income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,819,298	12,819,298
Due to developers	-	-	-	-	(36,497,857)	-	-	(320,596)	(36,818,453)
Interfund receivable (payable)	437	(1,512,566)	(365,585)	(13,306)	(58,138)	1,498,881	-	450,277	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (2,558)	\$ 37,006,248	\$ 3,105,113	\$ (934,711)	\$ 219,046,686	\$ (279,052,155)	\$ 2,966	\$ 19,740,815	\$ (1,087,596)

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## **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**  
(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

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Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Housing Finance Agencies (HFA) Risk Sharing		14.188	\$ 82,196,914
HOME Investment Partnerships Program		14.239	248,149,780
ARRA – Tax Credit Assistance Program		14.258	<u>101,134,952</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			<u>431,481,646</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Passed through Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services – State Energy Program	DE-EE0000241	81.041	<u>1,668</u>
Total U.S. Department of Energy			<u>1,668</u>
TOTAL			<u>\$ 431,483,314</u>

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Florida Housing, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Florida Housing.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in either the Uniform Guidance or the OMB Cost Circulars wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Florida Housing has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### 3. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCIES (HFA) RISK SHARING – CFDA # 14.188

On November 9, 1994, Florida Housing and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) entered into a Risk Sharing Agreement providing for HUD's assumption, or endorsement, of 50% of the post-construction obligation on specific multifamily developments financed by Florida Housing or local housing finance authority bonds. Pursuant to the Uniform Guidance, the value of federal awards expended under loan and loan guarantee programs is calculated as the value of new loans made during the fiscal year plus the balance of loans from previous years for which the federal government imposes continuing compliance requirements. There were no new guarantees made during 2015. The HUD-guaranteed portions of all outstanding loans at the beginning of the year are included in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The HUD-guaranteed portions of outstanding loans at year-end total \$19.1 million.

### 4. HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM – CFDA # 14.239

Florida Housing processes loans under the HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME). New loans made during the year ended December 31, 2015 are included in the

schedule of federal awards. There were \$236.3 million in loans outstanding at December 31, 2015.

**5. ARRA – TAX CREDIT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM – CFDA # 14.258**

In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) created the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP). This federal stimulus funding was directed to rental developments that had already received a Housing Credit allocation but required additional funding due to limited equity available in the housing credit market. There were \$101.1 million in TCAP loans outstanding at December 31, 2015.



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## Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2016.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Florida Housing's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during



our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Florida Housing's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

June 13, 2016



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## Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Florida Housing Finance Corporation's (Florida Housing's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the US Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Florida Housing's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2015. Florida Housing's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### ***Management's Responsibility***

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Florida Housing's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Florida Housing's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Florida Housing's compliance.

### ***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, Florida Housing complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2015.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Florida Housing is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Florida Housing's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



June 13, 2016



**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**  
 (A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

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**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

***Financial Statements***

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>    </u> yes	<u>  X  </u> no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	<u>    </u> yes	<u>  X  </u> none reported	
• Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	<u>    </u> yes	<u>  X  </u> no	

***Federal Awards***

Internal control over major programs:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>    </u> yes	<u>  X  </u> no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	<u>    </u> yes	<u>  X  </u> none reported	

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	<u>    </u> yes	<u>  X  </u> no	

Identification of major federal programs:			
Name of Federal Program	CFDA Number		
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>  X  </u> yes	<u>    </u> no	

**Section II – Financial Statement Findings Section**

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs Section**

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).

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