

Florida Housing Finance Corporation Capital Needs Assessment Guide

1. Introduction

- **1.1. Purpose.** This Guide provides the CNA Provider with the requirements for all asset classes of multifamily properties and prescribes a standardized format for the CNA Report detailing findings and opinions of the assessment. The CNA Provider is responsible for using its best professional judgment in determining whether additional Property Components beyond those specified in this Guide should be assessed and included in the CNA Report.
- **1.2. Capital Needs Assessment Description.** The Capital Needs Assessment (CNA) is a comprehensive evaluation of the overall Physical Condition of a multifamily residential Property at a specific point in time, and anticipated capital expenditures required at the Property over a specified Evaluation Period. The CNA will provide:
 - An assessment of the Property's current Physical Condition, including identification of Physical Deficiencies;
 - An estimate of the Effective Age and the Remaining Useful Life of each of the Property's Systems and Components;
 - An evaluation of past and current operating and maintenance Practices at the Property, and suggestions for future operating and maintenance Practices; and
 - An identification of current and future physical needs, including all significant capital replacement and maintenance costs that are anticipated at the Property.
 - An assessment of Physical and/or design Deficiencies pursuant to the RFA or Non-Competitive Application Package requirements as applicable, and accessibility requirements of the ADA, Section 504/UFAS, and Florida Building Code, Accessibility.
- **1.3. CNA Components.** The CNA should have three components:
 - Due Diligence Activities
 - Physical Inspection and Observations
 - Capital Needs Assessment Report

Detailed requirements of each component are described in the subsections below.

1.4. Deliverables. The principal deliverable is the CNA Report, which forms the basis of the project's scope of rehabilitation or renovation work. The CNA Report will include exhibits and supplemental information, photographs, and documentation obtained during the course of the assessment that supports the CNA Provider's findings and recommendations. After the inspection and evaluation is complete, the CNA Provider will deliver a CNA Report to the Credit Underwriter and Florida Housing

Finance Corporation (the "Corporation" or "FHFC"). The CNA Provider must provide a Summary Opinion in the Introduction of the CNA Report stating whether the proposed development can or cannot meet the RFA or Non-Competitive Application Package Construction Features requirements. If the CNA Provider's opinion states that the proposed Development cannot meet the requirements, the CNA Provider must then state which specific parameters prohibit the development from meeting the requirements.

- **1.5. Scope of Work / Enhanced Due Diligence.** Unless indicated otherwise, the Site Visit will be a visual and non-invasive inspection of observable and accessible areas of the Subject Property by the Field Observer. The CNA Provider will be responsible for confirmation of the measurements required to comply with the construction features, and to document existing conditions that present Physical Deficiencies in the dwelling units and elsewhere on the Property, as applicable, that would prohibit compliance with the Corporation's requirements.
 - The CNA Provider is not required to provide Opinions of Costs to remedy Physical Deficiencies that may require the opinions of Specialty Consultants, or that may require additional testing, intrusive observations, exploratory probing, or further research to determine the cause of the Physical Deficiency and the Suggested Remedy, scope, and scheme for repair or replacement, unless specifically indicated in the services agreement with the CNA Provider.
 - Not a professional Architectural or Engineering service—By undertaking the CNA and associated report, neither the CNA Provider nor any of its staff including the CNA Consultant, Field Observer, or the CNA Reviewer, is to be considered practicing Architecture or Engineering. Furthermore, it is not a requirement that the CNA Reviewer or the Field Observer, if they are an Architect or Engineer, sign or seal the CNA Report as an instrument of professional service.
- **1.7 Terminology and Definitions.** All words and acronyms that are defined in <u>Appendix L Definitions</u>, <u>Abbreviations and Acronyms</u> are capitalized in this Guide and associated appendices.

2. Schedule Requirements

- **2.1.** Whenever a CNA is required by an RFA or by the Non-Competitive Application Package, it will be ordered by the Credit Underwriter within seven calendar days of receiving the credit underwriting fee(s) and CNA fee. The choice of the CNA Provider will be made by the Credit Underwriter, and must be chosen from the Corporation's approved list of qualified CNA Providers (if applicable at the time the CNA is ordered).
- **2.2.** Once the CNA has been ordered, the CNA Provider will need to contact the Applicant to obtain basic information regarding the current Physical Condition of the Subject Property. The Applicant (or designee) will be expected to answer the CNA Provider's request for information and to provide original construction plans (if available) and a history of major repair expenditures covering at least the most recent five years, at least one week prior to a physical inspection. The CNA Provider is expected to perform a physical inspection of the Subject Property within 30 days from the ordering of the CNA, and should also provide notice of this inspection to the Applicant, Credit Underwriter, and the Corporation so that they may attend.

3. CNA Components

3.1. Due Diligence Activities

- **3.1.1 Objective.** The objective of the document review and Interviews is to augment the physical inspection and to help the CNA Consultant to understand the Subject Property, evaluate its past and current operations and performance, and identify any Physical Deficiencies.
 - Building Department records, Fire Department records or documents that are Readily Available and Reasonably Ascertainable should be reviewed as part of the assessment.
 - The CNA Consultant must include copies of any such documentation as an exhibit to the CNA Report, making note of any information requested but not received.
 - The CNA Consultant should note in the CNA the sources of information used by the CNA
 Consultant that were Material in identifying items that were not readily Observed by the
 CNA Consultant or that supplemented the CNA Consultant's Observations.
- **3.1.2 Government Agency Provided Information.** The CNA Consultant will make all appropriate inquiries to obtain and review any relevant information relating to the Property from the local governmental agencies and departments having jurisdiction over the Property. Documentation should include the following items to the greatest extent possible. If any item is not available or not applicable, it must be indicated.
 - Certificates of Occupancy;
 - Inspection records and certificates;
 - Reports of existing building / fire code violations;
 - Reports of existing regulatory, health or zoning violations; and
 - Documentation of ongoing or pending litigation on Physical Conditions of the Property.
- **3.1.3. Pre-Site Visit Questionnaire and Interview.** Owner-provided documentation and information should be acquired by means of a pre-site visit questionnaire and Interview. The format of the questionnaire shall follow <u>Appendix E Pre-Site Visit Questionnaire</u>.
 - Interviews and questionnaires should be directed to the Property Point of Contact for input from both the Maintenance Supervisor and the On-Site Property Manager. Questionnaires may also be directed to Residents.
 - A questionnaire, complete with the Point of Contact's responses, shall be included as an exhibit within the CNA Report List as a limitation in the CNA Report if these individuals are not available.
- **3.1.4 Owner Provided Documentation and Information** should include the following items to the greatest extent possible. If any item is not available or not applicable, it must be indicated.
 - Site survey;
 - Appraisals;
 - As-built drawings or record drawings;
 - Previous accessibility surveys;

- Planned Capital Improvements;
- Planned maintenance or replacement;
- Previous reports on Property condition;
- Existing Physical Deficiencies and pending work;
- Warranties for construction products, appliances and equipment;
- Preventative maintenance requirements;
- Operations and maintenance plans;
- Maintenance reports and contracts; and
- Previous repairs, improvements or replacements.

3.2. Physical Inspection and Observations

3.2.1. Objective. The objective of the physical inspection is to visually Observe the Subject Property to obtain information on the condition of the building(s), and to identify Physical Deficiencies and any unusual features for a reasonable determination of the Subject Property's functionality and sustainability. The physical inspection will contain two components: Material Building Systems and Components and Accessibility, Adaptability, Universal Design and Visitability Features. The physical inspection shall be limited to Representative Observations when appropriate, and the Field Observer is not expected to inspect every recurring Component or System. The Representative Observation extends to all conditions, areas, equipment, Components, Building Systems, buildings, etc., to the extent that they are similar and representative of one another.

3.2.2. Minimum Requirements. At a minimum, the physical inspection will include:

- All vacant and out-of-service units;
- A sampling of at least 25% of all occupied units;
- All units set aside to meet Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as outlined in the applicable RFA issued by the Corporation or the Non-Competitive Application Package, as applicable;
- At least one unit in each building (which may be reduced based on a development with a large number of similar buildings, but any lower minimum would require written approval from the Credit Underwriter);
- At least one unit of each bedroom-size configuration;
- All common areas; and
- For scattered sites, at least one unit from each site, but no less than the percentages specified above.
- **3.2.3.** Scope of Physical Inspection— Material Building Systems and Components. Specific items of the Material Building Systems and Components to be Observed are included in <u>Appendix A Scope of Inspection for Material Building Systems and Components</u>. Additionally, known problematic construction materials and design issues present should be identified and documented as outlined in <u>Appendix D Problematic Materials and Design Issues</u>. The items listed should not be considered all-inclusive, and the CNA Consultant should utilize professional judgment regarding adding or deleting inspection items in Appendices A and D as necessary to complete the CNA Report.

3.2.4. Scope of Physical Inspection – Accessibility.

All proposed Developments must meet all federal requirements and state building code requirements, including the following, incorporating the most recent amendments, regulations and rules:

- Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction as adopted pursuant to section 553.503, Fla. Stat.;
- The Fair Housing Act as implemented by 24 CFR 100;
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973¹; and
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 as implemented by 28 CFR 35.

In addition to meeting the federal and state requirements referenced above, additional accessibility, adaptability, universal design and visitability features are required in all units as well as applicable common spaces/facilities and routes. These features are listed in <u>Appendix B - Accessibility</u>, Adaptability, Universal Design and Visitability Features Checklist for Dwelling Units.

Required Accessibility Features, regardless of the age of the Development

Federal and state law and building code regulations requires that programs, activities, and facilities be readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. The Corporation requires that the design, construction, or alteration of its financed Developments be in compliance with federal and state accessibility requirements. When more than one law and accessibility standard applies, the Applicant shall comply with the standard (2010 ADA Standards, Section 504, Fair Housing Act, or Florida Building Code, Accessibility) whichever affords the greater level of accessibility for the residents and visitors. Areas required to be made accessible to mobility-impaired residents and their visitors, including those in wheelchairs, shall include, but not be limited to, accessible routes and entrances, paths of travel, primary function areas, parking, trash bins, mail and package receiving areas for residents, pool and other amenities, including paths of travel to amenities and laundry rooms, including washers and dryers.

The CNA Provider is responsible for confirmation of the measurements required to comply with the construction features, and to document existing conditions that present Physical Deficiencies prohibiting compliance with the Corporation's requirements in the dwelling units as well as applicable common spaces/facilities and routes. <u>Appendix B - Accessibility, Adaptability, Universal Design and Visitability Features Checklist for Dwelling Units must be used by the CNA Provider.</u>

¹ All Developments must meet accessibility standards of Section 504. Section 504 accessibility standards require a minimum of 5% of the total dwelling units, but not fewer than one unit, to be accessible for individuals with mobility impairments. An additional 2 percent of the total units, but not fewer than one unit, must be accessible for persons with hearing or vision impairments. To the extent that a Development is not otherwise subject to Section 504 and its related regulations, the Development shall nevertheless comply with Section 504 and its related regulations as requirements of the Corporation funding program to the same extent as if the Development were subject to Section 504 and its related regulations in all respects. To that end, all Corporation funding shall be deemed "Federal financial assistance" within the meaning of that term as used in Section 504 and its related regulations for all Developments.

Scope of Physical Inspection - Construction Features and Amenities. The CNA Provider must conduct a visual Survey inspection using <u>Appendix C - FHFC Required Construction Features and Amenities Checklist</u>; however, the CNA Provider should consult the RFA or appropriate version of the Non-Competitive Application Package, as applicable for the most up-to-date and applicable Required Construction Features and Amenities as they are subject to change.

- **3.2.5. Photographic Documentation.** The CNA Consultant must provide photographic documentation sufficient in quantity and quality to appropriately document the Subject Property's current Physical Condition, including Material deficiencies. The photographs should be representative of typical conditions and include the following:
 - Typical elevations and exteriors;
 - Site elements, including parking areas, flatwork, drainage elements and major landscape elements;
 - Roofing Systems, including flashing and drainage Systems;
 - Observable structural Systems;
 - Plumbing, HVAC, and electrical Systems, including equipment and nameplates;
 - Conveyance Systems;
 - Life safety Systems;
 - Accessibility, Adaptability, Universal Design, and Visitability features;
 - Representative interiors of each room type;
 - Common areas, accessory structures and development amenities;
 - Any special or unusual conditions present;
 - All identified Immediate Repair Items and Replacement of Capital Items clearly illustrating the nature and scope of the required repairs; and
 - A Representative sample of appliances, including Energy Guide labels.

3.3. Capital Needs Assessment Report

- **3.3.1. Executive Summary.** The content for the CNA Report Executive Summary must contain the following:
 - General Description An introductory statement identifying generally the nature of the Capital Needs Assessment (CNA) and associated report, identify the Subject Property, indicate at whose request the CNA was ordered, and state the purpose the CNA is to serve.
 - A summary of Property Information including:
 - a. Name of the Subject Property;
 - b. Location (including county);
 - c. Current Owner(s);
 - d. Parcel ID number;
 - e. Primary land use and zoning;
 - f. Site size (in acres);
 - g. Number of buildings / stories;
 - h. Construction type (wood frame, concrete frame, masonry, steel, etc.);

- i. Number of dwelling units;
- j. Number and type of accessory structures;
- k. Heated and cooled floor area (approximate square feet);
- Year(s) constructed (include subsequent phases and major renovations);
- m. Demographic (Family, Elderly ALF or Non-ALF, Special Needs, Etc.); and
- n. Occupancy rate (at the time of inspection).
- **Unit Mix Table** A completed table describing the mix of dwelling units, common areas and support spaces. Refer to <u>Appendix G Unit Mix Table</u> for format.
- Physical Inspection Description A description indicating the Site Visit date, and both the weather and Physical Conditions at the Property during the Site Visit. State the names of the individuals from the CNA Provider, the Property Point of Contact, and all Property Owner representatives providing information or attending the Property Site Visit. Identify whether any limitations or constraints prevented the CNA Consultant or other CNA Provider staff from performing the entire required scope of the Capital Needs Assessment.
- General Physical Condition— A summary of the Subject Property's general Physical Condition, the apparent level of preventive maintenance exercised, and any significant Deferred Maintenance. A schedule of Material Physical Deficiencies; any significant Capital Improvements that are pending, in-progress, or were recently implemented; and any significant findings resulting from research should also be provided. If the CNA Consultant does not deem that planned improvements or current repair and maintenance Practices are sufficient to either maintain the Property in its current condition or improve the condition of the Property, then the CNA Report should note any deficiencies and provide appropriate recommendations.
- Property Useful Life Table The Property Useful Life Table must be included in the format provided in Appendix I - Property Useful Life Table. The Property Useful Life Table will include the CNA Consultant's professional opinion of the Effective Age (EA) and Remaining Useful Life (RUL) of the Property's Building Systems and Components. To complete the Property Useful Life Table, the CNA Consultant will reference the standard useful life tables for multifamily property Building Systems and Components set forth in Appendix F - Estimated Useful Life (EUL) Tables. The EUL Tables represent average EUL values and are not intended to replace the professional judgment of the CNA Consultant in determining the EA and RUL of the Property's Building Systems and Components. Additionally, the CNA must provide a summary finding stating whether the estimated RUL after rehabilitation for the buildings and their Components will be at least 35 more years. Due to hardware and software revisions, central control equipment for HVAC, fire alarms, security, and other computerized Systems can become "orphaned" and no longer supported by vendors. The CNA Provider may consider new or enhanced functionality of these Systems essential, which may be achievable only with new hardware and software. In certain cases, energy cost reduction may justify replacement or major upgrade of equipment prior to the end of its useful life. If such replacement is recommended, the CNA Provider shall provide a detailed evaluation of cost savings for each item as justification for replacement.

- Problematic Building Materials and Design Issues A summary of any identified building materials and design problems affecting the Property. (Additional information is included in <u>Appendix D Problematic Materials and Design Issues.</u>) The CNA Report must include verification that each applicable item in <u>Appendix D</u> was considered and provide appropriate corrective measures as applicable. <u>Appendix D</u> is not meant to be an all-inclusive list of all known building material and design issues, and the CNA Consultant should use its professional judgment to determine the presence of any additional problematic building material or design issues at the Property.
- Summary of Recommended Repair and Replacement Probable Costs—A presentation of the aggregate sum of opinions of repair and/or replacement costs, categorized as either Immediate, Critical, Deferred Maintenance, or Replacement of Capital costs. Include a summary of mitigation costs for all known or Observed deficiencies pursuant to the FHFC accessibility requirements outlined in the applicable RFA or Non-Competitive Application Package, as applicable, as well as FHA and Florida Accessibility Code requirements. When accessible routes is a known deficiency, provide a cost estimate to all Section 504 units designed for individuals with mobility impairments and a separate cost estimate for the remaining ground floor units, including a route to the elevator when applicable. Refer to Appendix H Summary of Recommended Repair and Replacement Probable Costs for table format.
- Coordination with Application Commitments Confirmation that all items committed to in the Application (including all items required by the Corporation as outlined in the applicable RFA and optional Green Building Features selected in the Application and for Non-Competitive Applications, all items required by the Corporation as outlined in the Non-Competitive Application Package and all optional Features and Amenities and Green Building Features selected in the Application) are physically and financially feasible within the contemplated budget using the checklist depicted in Appendix C FHFC Required Construction Features and Amenities Checklist. The CNA Report will opine on the appropriateness of the rehabilitation measures selected by the Applicant, considering the Remaining Useful Life and the current condition of the subject features.
- Recommendations/Discussions—Identification of those Components and Building Systems necessitating further study, research, testing, intrusive inspections, or exploratory probing. This section also may be used to discuss any Obvious major deviations from the Subject Property description provided by the Applicant or Owner to the CNA Consultant, ongoing repairs or improvements, or other relevant issues. The CNA Consultant must consider the Applicant's scope of work preferences, using their professional judgement in the appropriateness of items included in the Applicant's scope.
- Deviations from this Guide—A list of all Material deviations and deletions from this Guide, if any, listed individually along with all additional Consultant services that have exceeded this Guide's suggested requirements.
- CNA Qualifications Identify the name of the CNA Consultant that prepared, or had overall responsibility of the CNA, describe which standards and protocols were used for

conducting the physical inspection and preparation of the CNA Report, and certify that the CNA Report follows the standards and guidelines provided by the Corporation.

- Members of CNA Provider team A list of the names, titles, qualifications and certifications of the individuals from the CNA Provider who actively participated in the CNA and the preparation of the CNA Report, followed by the signatures of each. The CNA Consultant and Field Observer must be at arm's-length with the entity ordering the CNA.
- **3.3.2. Opinion of Probable Costs.** General scope opinions of probable costs are to be prepared for the Suggested Remedy of the Material Physical Deficiencies Observed. The CNA Report will present the CNA Consultant's professional opinion of the probable cost, including installation, for each item requiring repairs as defined below, and which capital items are expected to need replacing during the Evaluation Period. All cost estimates provided as part of the CNA must reference the source and basis for identifying items designated for repair or replacement.
 - **Scope** Opinions of Costs should be provided for Material Physical Deficiencies and not for repairs or improvements that could be classified as:
 - a. Cosmetic or decorative;
 - b. Part or parcel of a building renovation program;
 - c. Tenant improvements/finishes;
 - d. Enhancements to reposition the Subject Property in the marketplace;
 - e. For warranty transfer purposes; and/or
 - f. Routine or normal preventive Maintenance.
 - Determination of Probable Costs Opinions of Costs should only be construed as preliminary, order of magnitude budgets. Actual costs may vary depending on design, material quality, unforeseen conditions, construction market rates, etc.

The CNA Consultant is not expected to prepare or provide exact quantities as a basis for preparing the Opinions of Costs; however, approximate quantities, units, and unit costs must be provided by line item. Opinions of Costs may be based upon the extrapolation of Representative Observations or conditions deemed by the CNA Consultant as highly probable, results from information received, or the RUL of Components.

The source of cost information utilized by the CNA Consultant may be from one or more of the following resources:

- a. Applicant or Owner provided unit costs;
- b. Owner's historical experience costs;
- c. Consultant's cost database or cost files;
- d. Commercially available cost information or published commercial data;
- e. Third-party cost information from contractors, vendors, or suppliers; and/or
- f. Other qualified sources that the Corporation or Credit Underwriter determines appropriate.

Cost estimate values shall take into account associated demolition, construction and finishing work that may be required for installations. Values for design, construction management and contractor overhead and profit shall also be included as appropriate.

If in the opinion of the CNA Consultant, a Physical Deficiency is too complex to develop an opinion of probable cost using the quantity and unit cost method, the CNA Consultant may apply a lump sum opinion of probable costs for that particular line item, or provide a value for additional study to be provided.

- Cost Estimates for Repairs. The CNA Report will document the estimated costs of needed repairs using the appropriate table format provided in <u>Appendix J - Cost Estimate</u> <u>Schedule for Repairs</u>. Repairs shall be classified as follows:
 - a. Immediate Repair Items. Life Safety items that, if left in the current condition, have the potential to cause injury, illness, or death in the CNA Consultant's professional judgment.
 - b. **Critical Repair Items**. Items requiring immediate remediation to prevent additional substantial deterioration to a particular System, address an immediate need Observed by the CNA Consultant, or extend the life of a System critical to the operation of the Property.
 - c. Deferred Maintenance Items. Items that are Material Systems, Components, or equipment that are approaching, have reached, or have exceeded their estimated useful life, and which have the potential to affect the Property's financial and operational performance if not remediated within 12 months.
- Cost Estimates for Replacement of Capital Items. The CNA Report will document the cost
 estimates for replacement of capital items, and will include the Property's Building
 Systems, Components, and equipment to be maintained or replaced over the Evaluation
 Period. Replacement of capital items are items anticipated to meet or exceed their RUL
 during the Evaluation Period.

The CNA will include a 15-year replacement reserve table for the replacement of capital items as indicated in <u>Appendix K – Cost Estimate Schedules for Replacement of Capital Items</u> and will include both current replacement cost and inflation adjusted replacement costs. A 3% annual inflation factor will be added to the cost estimates for Replacement of Capital Items from the date of the CNA Report through the scheduled replacement date.

Cost Estimates for Correction of Accessibility Issues. The CNA Report will document the cost estimates for the correction of all known or Observed deficiencies pursuant to the FHFC accessibility requirements outlined in the applicable RFA or Non-Competitive Application Package, as applicable, as well as FHA and Florida Accessibility Code requirements. When accessible routes are a known deficiency, provide a cost estimate to all Section 504 units designed for individuals with mobility impairments and a separate

cost estimate for the remaining ground floor units, including a route to the elevator when applicable.

- **3.3.3. Document Review and Interview Findings.** Identify any Material information relating to Physical Deficiencies of the Property resulting from the review of documents and Interviews conducted. Provide copies of certifications, reports, documented code violations, surveys, interview questionnaires, etc., as an exhibit to the CNA Report.
- **3.3.4. Existing Conditions Observations.** Include a description of the existing condition of the applicable Property Building Systems, Components, and equipment as indicated in <u>Appendix A-Scope of Inspection for Material Building Systems and Components</u>, and <u>Appendix B Accessibility</u>, <u>Adaptability</u>, <u>Universal Design and Visitability Features</u>. For each element, the overall condition will be assessed, and a recommended course of action will be provided for repairs and replacements or indication of no action required. Categories for the existing conditions observation report are:
 - Development information;
 - Evaluation of FHFC required construction features;
 - Site conditions:
 - Building conditions;
 - Fixtures, casework and equipment;
 - Amenities and program features;
 - Hazardous materials and conditions; and
 - Accessibility evaluation.

3.3.5. Additional Considerations. Report on the following additional considerations:

- Identify any Material additional considerations or out of scope considerations that are included in the CNA.
- If applicable, comment on the physical feasibility of the inclusion of full-size ranges and ovens in all rehabilitation units in Elderly developments.
- Where appropriate, comment on the proportions of physical needs that have resulted from accumulated Deferred Maintenance, and from ordinary use and decline of a properly maintained Property. If, in the CNA Provider's expert opinion, the deterioration of the Property has been accelerated by poor management Practices, that information must be disclosed to the Credit Underwriter and the Corporation.
- Comment on whether rehabilitation of a particular feature ordinarily requires relocation of the tenant.
- **3.3.6. Limiting Conditions.** Describe all limiting conditions encountered during the conduct of the CNA and the preparation of the CNA Report.

3.3.7. Exhibits. Exhibits provided shall include, but not be limited to:

- Representative photographs (numbered and labeled in exhibit);
- Certificates, surveys and reports;
- Interview questionnaire;
- User/Owner submitted documents;
- Photocopied plot plans, sketches, etc.; and
- Other exhibits considered appropriate by the CNA Consultant.

4. Appendices

Appendix A. Scope of Inspection for Material Building Systems and Components

Appendix B. Accessibility, Adaptability, Universal Design and Visitability Features Checklist

Appendix C. FHFC Required Construction Features and Amenities Checklist

Appendix D. Problematic Materials and Design Issues

Appendix E. Pre-Site Visit Questionnaire

Appendix F. Estimated Useful Life Tables

Appendix G. Unit Mix Table

Appendix H. Summary of Recommended Repair and Replacement Probable Costs

Appendix I. Property Useful Life Table

Appendix J. Cost Estimate Schedule for Repairs

Appendix K. Cost Estimate Schedule for Replacement of Capital Items

Appendix L. Definitions, Abbreviations and Acronyms

Appendix A

Scope of Inspection for Material Building Systems and Components¹

Purpose and Use. Appendix A shall be used as a guide for the existing conditions to be observed during the physical inspection as applicable to the Subject Property. Appendix A is not an exhaustive list, and the CNA Consultant should supplement the list as necessary based on actual conditions of the Subject Property. The Consultant shall include appropriate descriptions, assessments and evaluations of each applicable item listed below in the Capital Needs Assessment Report, including age of building components and equipment, recommended replacement specifications, repairs, maintenance, and scope of work for any recommended repairs or replacements.

Refer to Appendices B (accessibility), \underline{C} (required features), \underline{D} (material and design issues) and \underline{F} (EUL tables) for more detailed information.

The intent of the physical inspection is to visually investigate the Subject Property to obtain information on material building Systems and Components and identify Physical Deficiencies. With the exception of accessibility features indicated in Appendix B, testing, measuring, or preparing calculations for any system or component to determine adequacy, capacity, or compliance with any standard is outside the scope of the inspection.

Unless specified otherwise, the Consultant is not expected to observe every recurring Component or System during the physical inspection, only Representative Observations of such areas are to be provided unless scope of work or conditions warrant otherwise. Representative Observations extend to all conditions, areas, equipment, Components, Systems, buildings, etc., to the extent that they are similar and representative of one another.

I. Development Information

- 1. Total Number of Buildings
- 2. Number of Floors per Building
- 3. Number of Dwelling Units per Building
- 4. Total Number of Dwelling Units
- 5. Unit Counts
 - 5.1 Number of Bedrooms per Unit
 - 5.2 Number of Baths per Unit
 - 5.3 Number of Units per Bedroom Type
- 6. Number of Down or Vacant Units
- 7. Number of Dwelling Units inspected (% of Total)

Appendix A

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¹ Refer to <u>Appendix C</u> for complete list of features and amenities, alongside RFA <u>Section 8. Construction Features</u> or the Non-Competitive Application Package <u>Section 11. Features and Amenities</u>, as applicable.

II. Evaluation of FHFC Required Construction Features

The requirements below are applicable to those Applications funded through an RFA and are representative of requirements in place at the time Appendix A was generated. The CNA Provider should consult the applicable RFA for current requirements. The CNA Provider should also refer to the Application to determine the applicable demographic commitment(s), development type(s), and additional Green Building Feature selections.

- 1. Existing qualifying General Features currently in place:
 - Broadband infrastructure which includes cables, fiber optics, wiring, or other infrastructure, as long as the installation results in at least 100 Mbps download and 20 Mbps upload accessibility in each unit;
 - Termite prevention;
 - Pest control;
 - Window covering for each window and glass door inside each unit;
 - Wireless, cable or satellite TV hook-up in each unit;
 - Washer and dryer hook ups in each of the Development's units or an on-site laundry facility open 7 days a week for resident use. If the proposed Development will have an on-site laundry facility, the following requirements must be met:
 - There must be a minimum of one Energy Star certified washer and one Energy Star certified or commercial grade dryer per every 15 units. To determine the required number of washers and dryers for the on-site laundry facility; divide the total number of the Development's units by 15, and then round the equation's total up to the nearest whole number;
 - o At least one washing machine and one dryer shall be front loading that meets the accessibility standards of Section 504; and
 - If the proposed Development consists of Scattered Sites, the laundry facility shall be located on each of the Scattered Sites, or no more than 1/16 mile from the Scattered Site with the most units, or a combination of both;
 - At least two full bathrooms in all 3 bedroom or larger new construction units (not applicable to rehabilitation units);
 - Bathtub with shower in at least one bathroom in at least 90 percent of the new construction non-Elderly units (not applicable to rehabilitation units);
 - Elderly Developments must have a minimum of one elevator per residential building provided for all Elderly Set-Aside Units that are located on a floor higher than the first floor; and
 - Full size range and oven in all units:
 - All Family Demographic Developments must provide a full-size range and oven in all units.
 - Elderly Demographic Developments
 - For new construction units, a full-size range and oven must be incorporated in all units (see below bullet for requirements for rehabilitation units);
 - All rehabilitation units are expected to have a full-size range and oven unless found to be not physically feasible within the scope of the rehabilitation work utilizing a capital needs assessment as further explained in the RFA.

- 2. Existing Accessibility Features, regardless of the age of the development (refer also to Appendix B for a complete list)
 - Was a formal Accessibility Survey provided?
 - Number of Existing Accessible Units
 - Existing Mobility Impaired units:
 - Existing Sensory Impaired units:

Federal and state law and building code regulations requires that programs, activities, and facilities be readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. The Corporation requires that the design, construction, or alteration of its financed Developments be in compliance with federal and state accessibility requirements. When more than one law and accessibility standard applies, the Applicant shall comply with the standard (2010 ADA Standards, Section 504, Fair Housing Act, or Florida Building Code, Accessibility) whichever affords the greater level of accessibility for the residents and visitors. Areas required to be made accessible to mobility-impaired residents and their visitors, including those in wheelchairs, shall include, but not be limited to, accessible routes and entrances, paths of travel, primary function areas, parking, trash bins, mail and package receiving areas for residents, pool and other amenities, including paths of travel to amenities and laundry rooms, including washers and dryers.

- A. Existing Accessibility Features in all units:
 - Primary entrance doors on an accessible route shall have a threshold with no more than a ½-inch rise;
 - All door handles on primary entrance door and interior doors must have lever handles;
 - Lever handles on all bathroom faucets and kitchen sink faucets;
 - Mid-point on light switches and thermostats shall not be more than 48 inches above finished floor level; and
 - Cabinet drawer handles and cabinet door handles in bathroom and kitchen shall be lever or D-pull type that operate easily using a single closed fist.
- B. In addition to the 5 percent mobility requirement outlined above, all Family Demographic Developments must provide reinforced walls for future installation of horizontal grab bars in place around each tub/shower and toilet, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation. The installation of the grab bars must meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design.

At the request of and at no charge to a resident household, the Development shall purchase and install grab bars around each tub/shower unit and toilet in the dwelling unit. The product specifications and installation must meet or exceed 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design. The Development shall inform a prospective resident that the Development, upon a resident household's request and at no charge to the household, will install grab bars around a dwelling unit's tub/shower unit and toilet, pursuant to the 2010 ADA Standards. At a minimum, the Development shall inform each prospective lessee by including language in the Development's written materials listing and describing the unit's features, as well as including the language in each household's lease.

- C. Accessibility Features in all Developments with the Elderly (ALF or Non-ALF) Demographic must also provide the following features:
 - 20 percent of the new construction units must have roll-in showers (not applicable to rehabilitation units);
 - Horizontal grab bars in place around each tub and/or shower, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation. The installation of the grab bars must meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 609. In addition, the following standards for grab bars are required:
 - If a bathtub/shower combination with a permanent seat is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 607.4.1.
 - o If a bathtub/shower combination without a permanent seat is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 607.4.2.
 - If a roll-in shower is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 608.3.2;
 - Reinforced walls for future installation of horizontal grab bars in place around each toilet, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation. The installation of the grab bars must meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design;
 - All bathrooms in all new construction units must have vanity cabinets with at least one rollout shelf or drawer in bottom of cabinet (not applicable to rehabilitation units).;
 - Adjustable shelving in master bedroom closets (must be adjustable by resident); and
 - In one of the kitchen's base cabinets, there shall be a large bottom drawer that opens beyond full extension, also referred to as an "over-travel feature." Drawers with the over-travel feature allow drawers to extend completely past the cabinet front so all the contents can be accessed. The drawer shall be deep and wide enough to store pots and pans and the drawer slides shall have a weight load rating of a minimum of 100 pounds. The drawers shall be mounted on a pair of metal side rails that are ball- bearing.

3. Existing Emergency Operations for all Elderly Developments

The following Emergency Operations Features must be provided in all Elderly Developments funded in all general occupancy RFAs:

- There must be a community building/dedicated space within the Development; and
- There must be a minimum of one permanent, standby generator in good working order, to operate at least one elevator per residential building serving Elderly/Permanent Supportive Housing residents that are located on a floor higher than the first floor in addition to the lights, HVAC and other electrical appliances in the community room/dedicated space, throughout the duration of a power outage. The generators must be maintained in good working order and the Applicant must maintain an executed written contract with a vendor certified to service and test the installed generator and system; the generator and system shall be serviced and tested at least annually.

4. Existing Green Building Features

A. As applicable, all common areas must have the features listed below and all rehabilitation units are expected to have all of the following required Green Building features unless found to be not appropriate or feasible within the scope of the rehabilitation work utilizing a Capital Needs Assessment as further explained in the RFA:

- Low or No-VOC paint for all interior walls (Low-VOC means 50 grams per liter or less for flat; 150 grams per liter or less for non-flat paint);
- Low-flow water fixtures in bathrooms—WaterSense labeled products or the following specifications:
 - Toilets: 1.28 gallons/flush or less,
 - Urinals: 0.5 gallons/flush,
 - Lavatory Faucets: 1.5 gallons/minute or less at 60 psi flow rate,
 - Showerheads: 2.0 gallons/minute or less at 80 psi flow rate;
- Energy Star certified refrigerator;
- Energy Star certified dishwasher;
- Energy Star certified ventilation fan in all bathrooms;
- Water heater minimum efficiency specifications:
 - Residential Electric:
 - Up to 55 gallons = 0.95 EF or 0.92 UEF; or
 - More than 55 gallons = Energy Star certified; or
 - Tankless = 0.97 EF and Max GPM of ≥ 2.5 over a 77° rise or 0.87 UEF and GPM of ≥ 2.9 over a 67° rise;
 - o Residential Gas (storage or tankless/instantaneous): Energy Star certified,
 - o Commercial Gas Water Heater: Energy Star certified;
- Energy Star certified ceiling fans with lighting fixtures in bedrooms and living rooms; and
- Air Conditioning (in-unit or commercial):
 - Air-Source Heat Pumps Energy Star certified:
 - ≥ 7.8 HSPF2/≥15.2 SEER2/≥11.7 EER2 for split systems
 - ≥ 7.2 HSPF2 ≥15.2 SEER2/ ≥10.6 EER2 for single package equipment including gas/electric package units
 - Central Air Conditioners Energy Star certified:
 - ≥15.2 SEER2/ ≥12.0 EER2 for split systems
 - ≥15.2 SEER2/ ≥11.5 EER2* for single package equipment including gas/electric package units.

NOTE: Window air conditioners and portable air conditioners are not allowed. Package Terminal Air Conditioners (PTACs) / Package Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) are allowed in studio and one-bedroom units.

- B. In addition to the required Green Building features outlined in 4.A. above, proposed Developments with a Development Category of Rehabilitation, with or without Acquisition, must select enough additional Green Building features in Exhibit A so that the total point value of the features selected equals at least 10 points. Failure to select at least 10 points worth of the features will result in the Application failing to meet this requirement. See Application for Green Building features selections.
 - Programmable thermostat in each unit;
 - Humidistat in each unit;
 - Water Sense certified dual flush toilets in all bathrooms;
 - Light colored concrete pavement instead of or on top of asphalt to reduce the heat-island effect;

- Roof Coating / Materials must be constructed of the following:
 - Low-Slope Roof Products

Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥82Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥ 64

Steep-Slope Roof Products

Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥ 39
 Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥ 32

- Eco-friendly cabinets formaldehyde free and material must be certified by the Forest Stewardship Council, the Environmental Stewardship Program, or a certification program endorsed by the Program for the Endorsement of Forest Certification;
- Eco-friendly flooring Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label certified carpet and pad, FloorScore certified flooring, bamboo, cork, 80% recycled content tile, and/or natural linoleum;
- High Efficiency HVAC with SEER of at least 16;
- Energy efficient windows in each unit as provided below
 - For Development Types except Mid-Rise and High-Rise: Energy Star rating for all windows in each unit;
 - For Development Type of Mid-Rise and High-Rise:
 - U-Factor of 0.50 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less where the fenestration is fixed;
 and
 - U-Factor of 0.65 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less where the fenestration is operable (i.e., the window opens);
- FL Yards and Neighborhoods certification on all landscaping; and
- Install daylight sensors, timers or motion detectors on all outdoor lighting attached to buildings.
- 5. Does the project meet the Enhanced Structural Systems Construction qualifications (ESS) as described in the RFA?

The requirements below are applicable to those Applications funded utilizing the Non-Competitive Application Package and are representative of requirements in place at the time Appendix A was generated. The CNA Provider should consult the applicable version of the Non-Competitive Application Package for current requirements. The CNA Provider should also refer to the Application to determine the applicable demographic commitment(s), development type(s), and feature selections.

- 1. Existing qualifying Optional Features and Amenities currently in place (Applicant must select enough Optional Features and Amenities to achieve required point value):
 - 30 Year expected life roofing on all buildings;
 - Emergency call service in all units;
 - Exercise room with appropriate equipment. The exercise room must have secured entry.;
 - Community center or clubhouse;
 - Swimming pool;
 - Playground/tot lot, accessible to children with disabilities (must be sized in proportion to Development's size and expected resident population with age-appropriate equipment);
 - Car care area (for car cleaning/washing/vacuuming);

- Two or more parking spaces per total number of units;
- Picnic area with hard cover permanent roof of a design compatible with the Development, open on all sides, containing at least three permanent picnic tables with benches and an adjoining permanent outdoor grill;
- Computer lab on-site with minimum one computer per 20 units, with internet access, basic word
 processing, spreadsheets and assorted educational and entertainment software programs and
 at least one printer);
- Each unit wired for high speed internet;
- One outside recreation facility consisting of shuffleboard court and appropriate equipment, bocce ball court or lawn bowling court and appropriate equipment, tennis court, full basketball court or volleyball court. (Specific facility will be committed to during Credit Underwriting);
- Two outside recreation facilities. (Applicant must provide two separate facilities which must be approved by Corporation staff and servicers during Credit Underwriting);
- Laundry hook-ups and space for full-size washer and dryer inside each unit;
- Dryer and Energy Star qualified washer in a dedicated space with hook-ups within each unit, provided at no charge to the resident during the term of any lease;
- Laundry facilities with full-size dryers and Energy Star qualified washers available in at least one (1) common area on site minimum 1 washer and 1 dryer for every 12 units;
- Laundry facilities with full-size dryers and Energy Star qualified washers available in at least one
 (1) common area on every floor in each building of the Development if Development consists of
 more than one (1) building and/or more than one (1) story minimum 1 washer and 1 dryer for
 every 12 units;
- Garage for each unit which consists of a permanent, fully enclosable structure designed to accommodate one or more automobiles, either attached to the unit or detached but located on the same property, provided at no charge to the resident (applicable for Development Type of Duplexes or Quadraplexes);
- Carport for each unit which consists of a permanent covered and paved area, attached to the
 unit and designed to accommodate one or more automobiles, provided at no charge to the
 resident (applicable for Development Type of Duplexes or Quadraplexes);
- Fenced back yard for each unit which consists of a portion of the property behind each unit that
 is enclosed by a wood, privacy or chain link fence of a minimum height of 48". Direct access to
 the fenced back yard for each unit must be afforded solely by a door from that unit and no other
 unit (applicable for Development Type of Duplexes or Quadraplexes);
- Ceramic tile bathroom floors in all units;
- Microwave oven in each unit;
- Marble windowsills in all units;
- Steel exterior door frames for all exterior doors for all units;
- At least 1½ bathrooms (one full bath and one with at least a toilet and sink) in all 2-bedroom new construction units; Note: In order to be eligible to select this feature, the Development must have at least one 2-bedroom new construction unit. (not applicable to rehabilitation units);
- Double compartment kitchen sink in all units;
- Pantry in kitchen area in all new construction units must be no less than 20 cubic feet of storage space. Pantry cannot be just an under- or over-the-counter cabinet. (not applicable to rehabilitation units);
- Garbage disposal in all units;
- New kitchen cabinets and countertop(s) in all rehabilitation units;

- New bathroom cabinet(s), excluding medicine cabinet, in all rehabilitation units; and
- New plumbing fixtures in kitchen and bathroom(s) in all rehabilitation units [minimum of new sink and new faucets in kitchen and minimum of new tub, new toilet, new sink and new faucets in bathroom(s)].

NOTE: All selected features and amenities must be located on the Development site. In addition, if the proposed Development will consist of Scattered Sites, the Applicant must locate each selected feature and amenity that is not unit-specific on each of the Scattered Sites, or no more than 1/16 mile from the site with the most units, or a combination of both.

- 2. Existing Accessibility Features, regardless of the age of the development (refer also to Appendix B for a complete list)
 - Was a formal Accessibility Survey provided?
 - Number of Existing Accessible Units
 - Existing Mobility Impaired units:
 - Existing Sensory Impaired units:

Federal and state law and building code regulations requires that programs, activities, and facilities be readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. The Corporation requires that the design, construction, or alteration of its financed Developments be in compliance with federal and state accessibility requirements. When more than one law and accessibility standard applies, the Applicant shall comply with the standard (2010 ADA Standards, Section 504, Fair Housing Act, or Florida Building Code, Accessibility) whichever affords the greater level of accessibility for the residents and visitors. Areas required to be made accessible to mobility-impaired residents and their visitors, including those in wheelchairs, shall include, but not be limited to, accessible routes and entrances, paths of travel, primary function areas, parking, trash bins, mail and package receiving areas for residents, pool and other amenities, including paths of travel to amenities and laundry rooms, including washers and dryers.

- A. Existing Accessibility Features in all units
 - Primary entrance doors on an accessible route shall have a threshold with no more than a ½-inch rise;
 - All door handles on primary entrance door and interior doors must have lever handles;
 - Lever handles on all bathroom faucets and kitchen sink faucets;
 - Mid-point on light switches and thermostats shall not be more than 48 inches above finished floor level; and
 - Cabinet drawer handles and cabinet door handles in bathroom and kitchen shall be lever or D-pull type that operate easily using a single closed fist.
- B. In addition to the 5 percent mobility requirement outlined above, all Family Demographic Developments must provide reinforced walls for future installation of horizontal grab bars in place around each tub/shower and toilet, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation. The installation of the grab bars must meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design.

At the request of and at no charge to a resident household, the Development shall purchase and install grab bars around each tub/shower unit and toilet in the dwelling unit. The product specifications and installation must meet or exceed 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design.

The Development shall inform a prospective resident that the Development, upon a resident household's request and at no charge to the household, will install grab bars around a dwelling unit's tub/shower unit and toilet, pursuant to the 2010 ADA Standards. At a minimum, the Development shall inform each prospective lessee by including language in the Development's written materials listing and describing the unit's features, as well as including the language in each household's lease.

- C. Accessibility Features in all Developments with the Elderly (ALF or Non-ALF) Demographic must also provide the following features:
 - 20 percent of the new construction units must have roll-in showers (not applicable to rehabilitation units);
 - Horizontal grab bars in place around each tub and/or shower, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation. The installation of the grab bars must meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 609. In addition, the following standards for grab bars are required:
 - If a bathtub/shower combination with a permanent seat is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 607.4.1.
 - o If a bathtub/shower combination without a permanent seat is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 607.4.2.
 - If a roll-in shower is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 608.3.2;
 - Reinforced walls for future installation of horizontal grab bars in place around each toilet, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation. The installation of the grab bars must meet or exceed the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design;
 - All bathrooms in all new construction units must have vanity cabinets with at least one rollout shelf or drawer in bottom of cabinet (not applicable to rehabilitation units).;
 - Adjustable shelving in master bedroom closets (must be adjustable by resident); and
 - In one of the kitchen's base cabinets, there shall be a large bottom drawer that opens beyond full extension, also referred to as an "over-travel feature." Drawers with the over-travel feature allow drawers to extend completely past the cabinet front so all the contents can be accessed. The drawer shall be deep and wide enough to store pots and pans and the drawer slides shall have a weight load rating of a minimum of 100 pounds. The drawers shall be mounted on a pair of metal side rails that are ball- bearing.
- 3. Existing Green Building Features (Applicant must select enough Green Building Features to achieve required point value)
 - Programmable thermostat in each unit;
 - Energy Star qualified ceiling fans with lighting fixtures in all bedrooms and living areas;
 - Roof Coating / Materials must be constructed of the following:
 - Low-Slope Roof Products
 - Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥82
 - Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥ 64
 - Steep-Slope Roof Products
 - Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥ 39
 - Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥ 32
 - Energy Star qualified ventilation fans in all bathrooms;

- Energy efficient windows in each unit, as follows:
 - For all Development Types except Mid-Rise and High-Rise: Energy Star rating for all windows in each unit;
 - o For Development Type of Mid-Rise and High-Rise:
 - U-Factor of 0.50 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less where the fenestration is fixed; and
 - U-Factor of 0.65 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less where the fenestration is operable (i.e., the window opens);
- Water heaters installed with the following minimum efficiency specifications:
 - Residential Electric:
 - Up to 55 gallons = 0.95 EF or 0.92 UEF; or
 - More than 55 gallons = Energy Star certified; or
 - Tankless = 0.97 EF and Max GPM of \geq 2.5 over a 77° rise or 0.87 UEF and GPM of \geq 2.9 over a 67° rise;
 - o Residential Gas (storage or tankless/instantaneous): Energy Star certified,
 - Commercial Gas Water Heater: Energy Star certified;
- Install daylight sensors, timers or motion detectors on all outdoor lighting attached to buildings;
- FL Yards and Neighborhoods certification on all landscaping;
- Eco-friendly flooring -- Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label certified carpet and pad, FloorScore certified flooring, bamboo, cork, 80% recycled content tile, and/or natural linoleum;
- Eco-friendly cabinets formaldehyde free and material must be certified by the Forest Stewardship Council, the Environmental Stewardship Program, or a certification program endorsed by the Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification;
- Low-flow water fixtures in bathrooms WaterSense labeled products or the following specifications:
 - o Toilets: 1.28 gallons/flush or less,
 - Urinals: 0.5 gallons/flush,
 - Lavatory faucets: 1.5 gallons/minute or less at 60 psi flow rate, and
 - Showerheads: 2.0 gallons/minute or less at 80 psi flow rate;
- Low-VOC paint for all interior walls (50 grams per liter or less for flat paint; 150 grams per liter or less for non-flat paint);
- Energy Star qualified refrigerators, dishwashers and washing machines that are provided by the Applicant; and
- Air Conditioning (in-unit or commercial):
 - o Air-Source Heat Pumps Energy Star certified:
 - ≥ 7.8 HSPF/ ≥15.2 SEER2/ ≥11.7 EER for split systems
 - ≥ 7.2 HSPF ≥15.2 SEER2/ ≥10.6 EER for single package equipment including gas/electric package units
 - Central Air Conditioners Energy Star certified:
 - ≥15.2 SEER/ ≥12.0 EER2 for split systems
 - ≥15.2 SEER/ ≥11.5 EER2* for single package equipment including gas/electric package units.

NOTE: Window air conditioners and portable air conditioners are not allowed. Package Terminal Air Conditioners (PTACs) / Package Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) are allowed in studio and one-bedroom units.

III. Site Conditions

- 1. Site Configuration and Size (indicate if a single parcel or scattered site)
- 2. Topography
- 3. Site Access (adjacent streets, service alleys and pedestrian connections)
- 4. Vehicular Paving and Curbing (indicate if light colored topping is present for heat reduction)
- 5. Parking (including parking counts and ADA compliant parking and access aisles)
- 6. Flatwork and Vertical Access
 - Sidewalks
 - Plazas, Decks and Patios
 - Ramps and Stairs
- 7. Utilities Service Providers and Service Equipment
 - Electrical Power
 - Domestic Water (including pipe materials If available)
 - o Municipal System
 - o On-site Well
 - Sanitary Sewer (including pipe materials if available)
 - Municipal System
 - o Private Treatment Plant
 - o On-site Septic System
 - Fuel Gas
 - o Municipal System
 - o On-site Storage
 - Data
 - Communications
- 8. Site Drainage
 - Grading and Swales
 - Curbs and Inlets
 - Storm Water Piping
 - On-Site Detention / Retention Facilities
- 9. Landscaping and Irrigation (indicate if Florida Yards and Neighborhoods certified)
- 10. Erosion Control
- 11. Guardrails
- 12. Site Lighting (including system controls and lighting sufficiency)
- 13. Site Security Features (fencing, gates, cameras)
- 14. Retaining Walls
- 15. Signage
- 16. Waste Containment
- 17. Common / Recreational Areas
- 18. Postal Equipment
- 19. Other Site Features (as applicable)

IV. Building Components - Residential Units, Common Use Areas, Employee Areas, Appurtenances and Accessory Structures

1. Structural

- Foundation (note basements or crawl spaces)
- Load Bearing Masonry or Concrete Walls
- Primary Framing Systems
 - o Floor
 - o Framed Walls
 - Stairs, Balconies and Covered Walkways
 - o Roof

2. Building Envelope and Enclosure Elements

- Exterior Walls
 - Materials
 - Finishes
 - o Trim
- Exterior Doors
 - o Door Units
 - Door Finishes
 - o Door Hardware
 - Weather-Stripping and Sealants
- Windows
 - Window Units
 - Window Finishes
 - Window Hardware
 - o Weather-Stripping and Sealants
- Skylights
- Roofing System
 - Materials (Indicate any certification or endorsement that exists.)
 - o Age and Condition
 - o Positive Drainage Issues / Leaks
- Flashing
 - o Wall
 - o Roof
 - o Penetrations
 - o Roof Mounted Equipment
- Roof Drainage Components
 - o Gutters
 - o Downspouts
 - Splash Blocks / Subsoil Drains
 - o Diverters
 - Roof Drains
- Roof Vents
 - Soffit Vents

- o Ridge Vents
- Turbine Ventilators
- o Fans or other ventilation equipment
- Building Insulation
 - Floor
 - Wall
 - o Roof
- Insect Screening and Rodent Control
 - Windows
 - Vents
- Access Components
 - Crawl Space Access
 - Attic Access
 - Roof Access

3. Interior Features and Finishes

- Floors (indicate if certified eco-friendly)
- Walls
- Millwork
 - Baseboards
 - o Door and Window Trim
 - o Misc. Trim
- Interior Doors
 - o Door Units
 - Door Finishes
 - o Door Hardware
- Ceilings
- Sound Transmission Control (both airborne and structure-borne sound)

4. Building Systems

- Mechanical
 - Heating / Air Conditioning Equipment (include age, EER / SEER 2/ Energy Star rating labels and maintenance level)
 - o Equipment Piping
 - o Ductwork
 - o Terminal Devices
 - o Controls (indicate if thermostat is programmable and humidistat exists)
 - Ventilation Fans (indicate if Energy Star rated)
 - Ceiling Fans with light fixtures in all bedrooms and living rooms; (indicate if Energy Star rated)
 - Appliance and Equipment Exhaust
 - o Equipment, Duct and Piping Insulation
- Plumbing
 - o Domestic Water Service
 - Metering (indicate if central or separate at each unit)
 - Sanitary Sewer Service

- o Potable Water Piping
- Waste Piping
- Waste Vents
- Fixtures (indicate if low-flow water saving features are included)
 - Toilets
 - Lavatories
 - Bathtubs / Showerheads
 - Sinks
 - Controls and Faucets
- Domestic Water Heaters (include age, capacity, indicate electric or gas operation, and EER/EUF/Energy Star rating labels)
- Plumbing Devices (water softeners, filtration, etc.)
- o Piping Insulation

Electrical Power

- Metering (indicate if central or separate at each unit)
- Supply and Service Devices (include service size)
- o Main Distribution Panels and Switchgear (indicate if fused panels are used)
- Individual Unit Distribution Panels (confirm a 60-amp minimum service is present and no fused panels are used, only circuit breakers are allowable)
- Wiring and Conduits (indicate if aluminum wire is used)
- o Outlets and Controls (include ground fault interrupter protection)
- Lightning Protection Systems
- Standby Generators (include fuel storage if applicable)

Lighting

- Interior Fixtures
- Exterior Fixtures
- Switches and Controls

Fuel Gas

- Metering (indicate if central or separate at each unit)
- Supply and Service Devices
- Piping and Connections
- Controls
- o Equipment / Appliance Ventilation
- Storage
- Data and Communications (include provider and speed) Refer to RFA/Non-Competitive Application Package requirements.
 - Supply and Service Devices
 - Wiring and Conduits
 - Outlets and Controls

Security Systems

- o Detection
- Alarms
- Cameras

5. Life Safety

Adequate Egress Routes

- Fire and Smoke Protection
- Handrails and Guardrails
- Exit Lighting
- Emergency Lighting
- Alarms and Detection Devices
 - Fire
 - Smoke
 - o Carbon Monoxide
- Fire Suppression
 - Portable Extinguishers
 - Sprinkler Systems (indicate wet or dry)
 - Standpipes (indicate wet or dry)
 - Hydrants
- Stairwell Smoke Protection (pressurization or evacuation system)
- Observed Exigent Safety Conditions
- 6. Vertical Access
 - Stairs
 - Ramps
 - Elevators and Lifts (identify operation type)
 - Car condition (include finishes)
 - Opinion of adequate number and capacity
 - Communications features
 - Equipment condition
 - Certifications and Maintenance Contracts

V. Fixtures, Casework and Equipment

- 1. Appliances (include age, Energy Star or other efficiency ratings, Refer to RFA/Non-Competitive Application Package requirements).
 - Clothes Washers
 - Clothes Dryers
 - Dishwashers
 - Range / Ovens
 - Stove Hoods
- 2. Casework (indicate age and if certified eco-friendly)
 - Kitchen Counters
 - Lavatories / Vanities
 - Work Surfaces
 - Shelving
- 3. Equipment (as applicable)

VI. Amenities and Program Features

- 1. Playgrounds
 - Playground Surfaces
 - Playground Equipment
 - Accessible Route
 - Accessible Equipment
- 2. Swimming Pools
 - Accessible Route
 - Accessible Entry Feature(s)
 - Equipment and Accessories
 - Structure and Finishes
 - Security Enclosure

VII. Hazardous Materials and Conditions

- 1. Flood Zone designation (provide FEMA flood map zone for the Subject Property)
- 2. Inclusion of Subject Property in a High Velocity Hurricane Zone or Windborne Debris Region (identify any existing mitigation measures observed such as impact resistant windows, storm shutters, continuous load path systems, etc.)
- 3. Observed or suspected geotechnical issues (expansive soils, karst features, etc.)
- 4. Observed or suspected hazardous building materials (lead-based paint, asbestos, etc.)
- 5. Observed or suspected environmental hazards (radon, chemicals, petroleum products, etc.)
- 6. Observed moisture intrusion, mold and biological growth (identify sources)
- 7. Observed presence of rodents, insects or wood destroying organisms
- 8. Observed or known problematic materials and design Issues (see Appendix D)
- 9. Observed excessive noise or odor Issues
- 10. Observed indoor air quality issues

APPENDIX B- ACCESSIBILITY,	ADAPTABILITY, UNIVERSAL DESIGN AND VISITABILITY FEATURES CHECKLIST FOR DWELLING UNITS -		
	Purpose and Use: Appendix B shall be used when conducting a physical and/or design inspection to report any known or observed deficiences pursuant to the Request for Applications (RFA) or Non-		
	Competitive Application Package requirements, accessibility requirements of the ADA, Section 504/UFAS, and Florida Building Code, Accessibility (as applicable) of the Subject Property.		
	Provider is responsible for confirmation of the measurements required to comply with the construction features, and to document existing conditions that present physical deficiencies in the dwelling		
	units that would prohibit compliance with the Corporation's requirements.		
	This checklist consists of all the construction features that are required in the dwelling units of FHFC properties. When a feature is only to be included in a specified type of RFA, it will be noted in the		
	"Notes to Provider" column. For Florida Housing-specific requirements, the below requirements are representative of requirements in place at the time Appendix B was generated. The CNA Provider		
	should consult the applicable RFA or version of the Non-Competitive Application Package for current requirements. The CNA Provider should also refer to the project application to determine the		
	applicable demographic commitment(s) and development type(s). The Citation column refers to the following components:		
	Request for Applications (RFA) or Non-Competitive Application Package section that describes the required construction feature or,		
	the section of the ADA Standards for Accessible Design that is applicable to the specific construction feature, or		
	• the section of UFAS (Uniform Federal Accessibility Standard) that is applicable to the specific construction feature;		
Citation	RFA Section Four A.8. Construction Features	YES NO Note to Provider	Comments
	A.8.c. Accessibility, Adaptability, and Universal Design and Visitability Features - General - All units		
		An accessible route is required for ground floor dwelling units in buildings without elevators. A	
10 - /11 - /2)	Areas required to be made accessible to mobility-impaired residents and their visitors, including those in wheelchairs, shall include, but not be limited to, accessible routes and entrances, paths of	continuous, unobstructed path throughout the site and the building that connects all the	
A.8.c. / 11.a.(2)	travel, primary function areas, parking, trash bins, mail and package receiving areas for residents, pool and other amenities, including paths of travel to amenities and laundry rooms, including washers and dryers.	accessible features, elements, and spaces shall be provided. This shall include all amenities of the	
	allu uryers.	Development.	
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Primary entrance doors on an accessible route shall have a threshold with no more than a ¼-inch rise		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	All door handles on primary entrance door and interior doors must have lever handles		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Lever handles on all bathroom faucets and kitchen sink faucets		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Mid-point on light switches and thermostats shall not be more than 48 inches above finished floor level		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Cabinet drawer handles and cabinet door handles in bathroom and kitchen shall be lever or D-pull type that operate easily using a single closed fist.		
	FAMLY DEVELOPMENTS ONLY	At the Country of the second s	
A.8.c.(2) / 11.a.(2)(b); ADA 604	4.5.1 Reinforced walls for future installation of horizontal grab bars in place around each tub/shower and toilet, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation.	May be a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation; Family Demographic only	
	ELDERLY DEVELOPMENTS ONLY		
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c)	20 percent of the new construction units must have roll-in showers		
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c)	Horizontal grab bars in place around each tub and/or shower or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation:	May be a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation.	
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c); ADA 607	7.4.1 • If a bathtub/shower combination with a permanent seat is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed ADA 607.4.1		
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c); ADA 607	7.4.2 • If bathtub/shower combination without a permanent seat is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed ADA 607.4.2		
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c); ADA 608	3.3.2 • If a roll-in shower is provided, grab bars shall be installed to meet or exceed ADA 608.3.2		
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c)	Reinforced walls for future installation of horizontal grab bars in place around each toilet, or a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation	May be a Corporation-approved alternative approach for grab bar installation;	
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c)	All bathrooms in all new construction units must have vanity cabinets with at least one roll-out shelf or drawer in bottom of cabinet		
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c)	Adjustable shelving in master bedroom closets (must be adjustable by resident); and	Shelves must be adjustable by resident	
	In one of the kitchen's base cabinets, there shall be a large bottom drawer that opens beyond full extension, also referred to as an "over-travel feature." Drawers with the over-travel feature allow		
A.8.c.(3) / 11.a.(2)(c)	drawers to extend completely past the cabinet front so all the contents can be accessed. The drawer shall be deep and wide enough to store pots and pans and the drawer slides shall have a weight load	Drawer slides are also called "over-travel"	
	rating of a minimum of 100 pounds. The drawers shall be mounted on a pair of metal side rails that are ballbearing.		
	Section 504 accessibility features for persons with mobility impairments- Section 504 accessibility standards require a minimum of 5 percent of the total dwelling units, but not fewer than one unit,	Five percent of total units must be in compliance with 24 CFR part 8 (Section 504 regulation) and	
	to be accessible for individuals with mobility impairments. These units must have the following features:	UFAS (Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards); A sufficient number of units must be inspected to	
	The accessible dwelling units shall be on an accessible route, and shall have the accessible elements and spaces as a minimum as cited in UFAS 4.34.2	ensure that UFAS features are acheivable in 5% of units;	
UFAS 4.34.2	(1-12)		
	At least one full bathroom (contains sink, toilet, bathtub or shower) shall have following features and be in accorance with UFAS:		
UFAS 4.34.5; 4.3.3.; 4.4.1	Accessible route to bathroom		
UFAS 4.34.5.1	Doors shall not swing into the clear floor space required for any fixture.		
UFAS 4.34.5.2 (1-4)	Toilet requirements (clear floor space, height, structural reinforcement, toilet paper dispenser)		
UFAS 4.34.5.2(3); 4.26	Grab bars at toilet required	UFAS Appendix A4.34.5 states that "although not required by these specifications, it is important to install grab bars at toilets, bathtubs, and showers if it is known that a dwelling unit will be occupied by elderly or severely disabled people." Please note that Corporation requires grab bars to be installed and to comply with UFAS.	
UFAS 4.34.5.3 (1-3)	Sinks, Mirrors, and Medicine Cabinets		
UFAS 4.34.5.4 (1-5)	Bathtubs		
UFAS 4.34.5.4 (3) Fig. 48	Grab bars at bathtub required	UFAS Appendix A4.34.5 states that "although not required by these specifications, it is important to install grab bars at toilets, bathtubs, and showers if it is known that a dwelling unit will be occupied by elderly or severely disabled people." Please note that Corporation requires grab bars to be installed and to comply with UFAS.	
UFAS 4.34.5.5 (1-5)	Showers		
UFAS 4.34.5.5 (3) Fig. 37	Grab bars at showers required	UFAS Appendix A4.34.5 states that "although not required by these specifications, it is important to install grab bars at toilets, bathtubs, and showers if it is known that a dwelling unit will be occupied by elderly or severely disabled people." Please note that Corporation requires grab bars to be	
		installed and to comply with UFAS.	

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Citation	RFA Section Four A.8. Construction Features	YES NO	Note to Provider	Comments	
UFAS 4.34.5.6	Enclosures for bathtubs or shower stalls shall not obstruct controls or transfer from wheelchairs onto shower or bathtub seats. Enclosures on bathtubs shall not have tracks mounted on their rims.				
UFAS 4.34.5.7	Clear Floor Space				
UFAS 4.34.6	Kitchen shall have the following features and be in accordance with UFAS.				
UFAS 4.34.6.1 *	Clearance between kitchen base cabinets, counter tops, appliances, or walls.				
* A4.34.6.1	The minimum clearances provide satisfactory maneuvering spaces for wheelchairs only if cabinets are removed at the sink.				
UFAS 4.34.6.2	Clear floor space in kitchens				
UFAS 4.34.6.3	Controls				
UFAS 4.34.6.4 (1-5)	Kitchen work surfaces				
UFAS 4.34.6.5 (1-8)	Kitchen sink				
UFAS 4.34.6.6	Ranges and cooktops				
UFAS 4.34.6.7 *	Ovens				
UFAS 4.34.6.8 (1-2)	Refrigerator/Freezer				
UFAS 4.34.6.9	Dishwashers				
UFAS 4.34.6.10 (1-2)	Kitchen Storage				
UFAS 4.34.7; 4.34.7.1; 4.34.7.2; 4.34.7.3	Laundry Facilities				
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Primary entrance doors on an accessible route shall have a threshold with no more than a ¼-inch rise;		Feature required in all units, including the units for mobility/communication impaired (5%/2% of total units)		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	All door handles on primary entrance door and interior doors must have lever handles;		Feature required in all units, including the units for mobility/communication impaired (5%/2% of total units)		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Lever handles on all bathroom faucets and kitchen sink faucets;		Feature required in all units, including the units for mobility/communication impaired (5%/2% of total units)		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Mid-point on light switches and thermostats shall not be more than 48 inches above finished floor level; and		Feature required in all units, including the units for mobility/communication impaired (5%/2% of total units)		
A.8.c.(1) / 11.a.(2)(a)	Cabinet drawer handles and cabinet door handles in bathroom and kitchen shall be lever or D-pull type that operate easily using a single closed fist.		Feature required in all units, including the units for mobility/communication impaired (5%/2% of total units)		
	Section 504 accessibility features for persons with visual/hearing impairments - Section 504 accessibility standards require a minimum of two percent of the total dwelling units, but not fewer than one unit, to be accessible for individuals with hearing/visual impairments. These units must have the following features:		Two percent of total units must be in compliance with 24 CFR part 8 (Section 504 regulation). Please note that ADA Standards for Accessible Design §809.5 are to be applied to the two percen of the units for the communication impaired. HUD has deemed the 2010 ADA Standards (with certain limitations) to be substantially equivalent to UFAS for the purpose of implementing their Section 504 regulations. A sufficient number of units must be inspected to ensure that UFAS features are acheivable in 2% of units;	t	
ADA 809.5.1	Building Fire Alarm System. Where a building fire alarm system is provided, system wiring shall be extended to a point within the residential dwelling unit in the vicinity of the residential dwelling unit smoke detection system.				
ADA 809.5.1.1	Alarm Appliances. Where alarm appliances are provided within a residential dwelling unit as part of building alarm system, they shall comply with Section 702.				
ADA 702	Fire alarm systems shall have permanently installed audible and visible alarms complying with NFPA 72 (1999 or 2002 edition), except that the maximum allowable sound level of audible notification appliances complying with section 4-3.2.1 of NFPA 72 (1999 edition) shall have a sound level no more than 110 dB at the minimum hearing distance from the audible appliance.			Incorporated by reference, see "Referenced Standards" in ADA Chapter 1 105	
ADA 809.5.1.2	Activation. All visible alarm appliances provided within the residential dwelling unit for building fire alarm notification shall be activated upon activation of the building fire alarm in the portion of the building containing the residential dwelling unit.				
ADA 809.5.2	Residential Dwelling Unit Smoke Detection System. Residential dwelling unit smoke detection systems shall comply with NFPA 72 (1999 or 2002 edition)			Incorporated by reference, see "Referenced Standards" in ADA Chapter 1 105	
ADA 809.5.2.1	Activation. All visible alarm appliances provided within the residential dwelling unit for smoke detection notification shall be activated upon smoke detection.				
ADA 809.5.3	Interconnection. The same visible alarm appliances shall be permitted to provide notification of residential dwelling unit smoke detection and building fire alarm activation.				
ADA 809.5.4	Prohibited Use. Visible alarm appliances used to indicate residential dwelling unit smoke detection or building fire alarm activation shall not be used for any other purpose within the residential dwelling unit.				
ADA 809.5.5	Residential Dwelling Unit Primary Entrance. Communication features shall be provided at the residential dwelling unit primary entrance complying with 809.5.5.				
ADA 809.5.5.1	Notification. A hard-wired electric doorbell shall be provided. A button or switch shall be provided outside the residential dwelling unit primary entrance. Activation of the button or switch shall initiate an audible tone and visible signal within the residential dwelling unit. Where visible doorbell signals are located in sleeping areas, they shall have controls to deactivate the signal.				
ADA 809.5.5.2	Identification. A means for visually identifying a visitor without opening the residential dwelling unit entry door shall be provided and shall allow for a minimum 180 degree range of view.				
ADA 809.5.6	Site, Building, or Floor Entrance. Where a system, including a closed-circuit system, permitting voice communication between a visitor and the occupant of the residential dwelling unit is provided, the system shall comply with 708.4.				
ADA 708.4	Residential Dwelling Unit Communication Systems. Communications systems between a residential dwelling unit and a site, building, or floor entrance shall comply with 708.4.				
ADA 708.4.1	708.4.1 Common Use or Public Use System Interface. The common use or public use system interface shall include the capability of supporting voice and TTY communication with the residential dwelling unit interface.				
ADA 708.4.2	Residential Dwelling Unit Interface. The residential dwelling unit system interface shall include a telephone jack capable of supporting voice and TTY communication with the common use or public use system interface.				

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Citation	RFA Section Four A.8. Construction Features	YES NO Note to Provider	Comments	
		Level 1/Level 2 accessibility requirements are only found in specific RFAS. Confirm with credit		
		underwriter if the RFA requires Level 1/Level 2 accessibility and the correct percentages of total		
	Level 1 Accessibility Requirements - For persons with mobility impairments: A percentage of the total units must meet the following requirements:	units that must meet the requirements. A sufficient number of units must be inspected to ensure		
		that the percentages are acheivable.		
ADA 809.2; 809.2.1; 809.2.2	Must be on an accessible route			
A.8.c	Must be equally distributed among different unit sizes and Development types and must be dispersed throughout the Development (not located in the same area, or on a single floor)			
ADA 809.2.2; 304	Turning space in all rooms			
	At least one full bathroom (contains sink, toilet, bathtub or shower) shall have following features and be in accordance with			
ADA 809.4; 603-610	ADA 809 Residential Dwelling Units			
ADA 603.2.3	• Doors shall not swing into the clear floor space required for any fixture. Door shall be permitted to swing into the required turning space or clearance for each fixture.			
ADA 604.3; 604.4 (2); 604.7	Toilet requirements (clear floor space, height, toilet paper dispenser)			
ADA 604.5 (2); 604.5.1; 604.5.2				
ADA 603.3	Mirrors			
ADA 606	Bathroom Sink			
ADA 606.2.3	Cabinetry shall be permitted under bathroom sink provided following conditions are met:			
ADA 606.2.3 (a) ADA 606.2.3 (b)	• cabinetry can be removed without removal or replacement of fixture • finish floor extends under cabinetry			
ADA 606.2.3 (c)	· ·			
ADA 606.2.3 (C) ADA 606.2;	• walls behind and surrounding the cabinetry are finished • dips in overflow of sink shall not be considered in determining knee and toe clearances			
ADA 606.3.2	vigs in overnow of sink shan not be considered in determining knee and toe clearances height of sink	+ + +		
ADA 305; 306	- regint to sink - clear floor space at sink, including knee and toe clearance			
ADA 606.2; 305	Clear floor space at bathroom fixtures			
ADA 606.4; 309	Controls			
ADA 606.5	Exposed pipes and surfaces			
ADA 809.4; 607	Bathtubs			
ADA 607.4; 607.4.1; 607.4.1.1;				
607.4.1.2; 607.4.2; 607.4.2.1;	Grab bars at bathtub required			
607.4.2.2 ;607.4.2.3 Fig. 607.4.1	s of ab bars at battitub required			
Fig. 607.4.2; 609				
ADA 809.4; 608	Showers			
ADA 608.3; 608.3.1; 608.3.2;				
608.3.3; Fig. 608.3.1; Fig. 608.3.	2; • Grab bars at showers required			
Fig. 608.3.3;				
ADA 609 ADA 809.3; 804	Grab bars, cross section, spacing, position, fittings, installation, structural strength Kitchen shall have the following features and be in accordance with ADA 809 Residential Dwelling Units			
ADA 804.2.1 or 804.2.2	NICHEN SHAIL HAVE THE ORDINARY HER DELIVER AND BE HER ACCOUNTED THE HER DELIVER HER DELIVE			
ADA 804.6.1; 606.2; 305; 303	Clear floor space at kitchen appliances			
ADA 606	Kitchen sink			
ADA 606.2.3	Cabinety shall be permitted under kitchen sinks provided following conditions are met:			
ADA 606.2.3 (a)	cabinetry can be removed without removal or replacement of fixture			
ADA 606.2.3 (b)	• finish floor extends under cabinetry			
ADA 606.2.3 (c)	walls behind and surrounding the cabinetry are finished			
ADA 606.2;	dips in overflow of sink shall not be considered in determining knee and toe clearances			
ADA 606.3.2	height of sink			
ADA 305; 306	clear floor space at sink, including knee and toe clearance			
ADA 606.2; 305	Clear floor space at kitchen appliances			
ADA 606.4; 309	Controls			
ADA 606.5	Exposed pipes and surfaces			
ADA 804.3	Kitchen work surfaces, clear floor space, height, exposed surfaces			
ADA 804.6.4; 306	Ranges and cooktops			
ADA 804.6.5.1 or 804.6.5.2; 804.6.5.3	Ovens			
ADA 804.6.6	Refrigerator/Freezer	+++		
804.6.3	renigerator/reczer Dishwashers			
ADA 804.5; 811	Kitchen Storage			
.,	Level 1 Accessibility Requirements - For persons with visual and hearing impairments: An additional percentage of the total units must meet the following requirements. The units for the			
	visual/hearing impaired shall not be the same units for the mobility impaired residents.			
ADA 809.5.1	Building Fire Alarm System. Where a building fire alarm system is provided, system wiring shall be extended to a point within the residential dwelling unit in the vicinity of the residential dwelling unit smoke detection system.			
ADA 809.5.1.1	Alarm Appliances. Where alarm appliances are provided within a residential dwelling unit as part of building alarm system, they shall comply with Section 702.	+++		
			Incorporated by reference, see "Referenced	
	Fire alarm systems shall have permanently installed audible and visible alarms complying with NFPA 72 (1999 or 2002 edition), except that the maximum allowable sound level of audible notification		Standards" in ADA Chapter 1 105	
ADA 702	appliances complying with section 4-3.2.1 of NFPA 72 (1999 edition) shall have a sound level no more than 110 dB at the minimum hearing distance from the audible appliance.		Standards myter chapter 2 203	
ADA 702 ADA 809.5.1.2			standards invisit chapter 2 203	

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Citation	RFA Section Four A.8. Construction Features	YES NO Note to Provider	Comments	
ADA 809.5.2	Residential Dwelling Unit Smoke Detection System. Residential dwelling unit smoke detection systems shall comply with NFPA 72 (1999 or 2002 edition)		Incorporated by reference, see "Referenced	
ADA 809.5.2	residential Dwelling Unit Smoke Detection System. Residential dwelling unit smoke detection systems shall comply with NFPA 72 (1999 or 2002 edition)		Standards" in ADA Chapter 1 105	
ADA 809.5.2.1	Activation. All visible alarm appliances provided within the residential dwelling unit for smoke detection notification shall be activated upon smoke detection.			
ADA 809.5.3	Interconnection. The same visible alarm appliances shall be permitted to provide notification of residential dwelling unit smoke detection and building fire alarm activation.			
ADA 809.5.4	Prohibited Use. Visible alarm appliances used to indicate residential dwelling unit smoke detection or building fire alarm activation shall not be used for any other purpose within the residential dwelling unit.	5		
ADA 809.5.5	Residential Dwelling Unit Primary Entrance. Communication features shall be provided at the residential dwelling unit primary entrance complying with 809.5.5.			
ADA 809.5.5.1	Notification. A hard-wired electric doorbell shall be provided. A button or switch shall be provided outside the residential dwelling unit primary entrance. Activation of the button or switch shall initiate an audible tone and visible signal within the residential dwelling unit. Where visible doorbell signals are located in sleeping areas, they shall have controls to deactivate the signal.			
ADA 809.5.5.2	Identification. A means for visually identifying a visitor without opening the residential dwelling unit entry door shall be provided and shall allow for a minimum 180 degree range of view.			
ADA 809.5.6	Site, Building, or Floor Entrance. Where a system, including a closed-circuit system, permitting voice communication between a visitor and the occupant of the residential dwelling unit is provided, the system shall comply with 708.4.			
ADA 708.4	Residential Dwelling Unit Communication Systems. Communications systems between a residential dwelling unit and a site, building, or floor entrance shall comply with 708.4.			
ADA 708.4.1	708.4.1 Common Use or Public Use System Interface. The common use or public use system interface shall include the capability of supporting voice and TTY communication with the residential dwelling unit interface.	5		
ADA 708.4.2	Residential Dwelling Unit Interface. The residential dwelling unit system interface shall include a telephone jack capable of supporting voice and TTY communication with the common use or public use system interface.			
	Level 2 Accessibility Requirements - For persons with mobility impairments: A percentage of the total units must meet the features' requirements for the mobility impaired found in Level 1 Accessibility Requirements. The only difference is the percentage of the total units that must be provided.	Level 1/Level 2 accessibility requirements are only found in specific RFAS. Confirm with credi underwriter if the RFA requires Level 1/Level 2 accessibility and the correct percentages of to units that must meet the requirements. A sufficient number of units must be inspected to et that the percentages are acheivable.	tal	
	Level 2 Accessibility Requirements - For persons with visual and hearing impairments: A percentage of the total units must meet the features' requirements for the visual/hearing impaired found in Level 2 Accessibility Requirements. The unit(s) for the visual/hearing impaired shall not be the same units for the mobility impaired residents.			
	ACCESSIBILITY, ADAPTABILITY, UNIVERSAL DESIGN AND VISITABILITY FEATURES CHECKLIST FOR PROPERTIES SERVING PERSONS WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES All Community Residential Homes and Supported Living Units - Only Development Category for these units is New Construction, per RFA requirement.			
	Specific RFA describes the features all Community Residential Homes and Supported Living Units consisting of Shared Housing must provide. These accessibility features shall be in all common areas, including the kitchen.			
	All CRH and SLU units- Only Development Category for these units is New Construction, per RFA requirement			
	As part of the predevelopment inspection, review, and credit underwriting process, the costs associated with the required accessibility items will be incorporated in the scope of the work to be done	3.		
	Hart Hart Committee Commit			
	Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Form CNA Guide Appendix B Rev. 07-24)			

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Appendix C

FHFC Required Construction Features and Amenities Checklist

Purpose and Use. Appendix C shall be used for documenting the existence of FHFC-required construction features and amenities and indicating the feasibility of providing these required features if they do not currently exist in the Subject Property based on the Application.

The requirements below are applicable to those Applications funded through an RFA and are representative of requirements in place at the time Appendix C was generated. The CNA Provider should consult the applicable RFA for current requirements. The CNA Provider should also refer to the Application to determine the applicable demographic commitment(s), development type(s), and additional Green Building Feature selections.

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General Features							
Demographic Commitment: All Demographics Except Special Needs							
Feature Description		Currently Exists?		ible?	Comments		
		No	Yes	No			
Broadband infrastructure which includes cables, fiber optics, wiring, or other infrastructure, as long as the installation results in at least 100 Mbps download and 20 Mbps upload accessibility in each unit; Termite prevention;							
Pest control;							
Window covering for each window and glass door inside each unit; Wireless, cable, or satellite TV hook-up in each unit;							
Washer and dryer hook ups in each of the Development's units, or:							
An on-site laundry facility open 7 days a week for resident use. If the proposed Development will have an on-site laundry facility, the following requirements must be met:							
There must be a minimum of one Energy Star certified washer and one Energy Star certified or commercial grade dryer per every 15 units;							
 At least one washing machine and one dryer shall be front loading that meets the accessibility standards of Section 504; 							
For Scattered Sites, the laundry facility shall be located on each of the Scattered Sites, or no more than 1/16 mile from the Scattered Site with the most units, or a combination of both; At least two full bathrooms in all 3							
bedroom or larger new construction units (not applicable to rehabilitation units).							

General Features							
Demographic Commitment: Family or Elderly Only							
Feature Description	Currently Exists?		Feasible?		Comments		
•	Yes No		Yes No				
Elderly Developments must have a minimum of one elevator per residential building for all Elderly Set-Aside Units located on a floor higher than the first floor;							
Bathtub with shower in at least one bathroom in at least 90 percent of the new construction non-Elderly units (not applicable to rehabilitation units);							
All family Demographic Developments must provide a full-size range and oven in all units;							
All Developments with the Elderly (ALF or Non-ALF) Demographic, must also provide the following:							
 For new construction units, a full- size range and oven must be incorporated in all units (see below bullet for requirements for rehabilitation units). 							
 All rehabilitation units are expected to have a full-size range and oven unless found to be not physically feasible within the scope of the rehabilitation work utilizing a capital needs assessment as further explained in the RFA. 							

Emergency Operations for all Elderly Developments							
Demographic Commitment: Elderly							
Feature Description	Currently Exists?		Feasible?		Selected in	Comments	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Application?		
Community building/dedicated space within the Development							
Minimum of one permanent, standby generator in good working order, to operate at least one elevator per residential building serving Elderly/Permanent Supportive Housing residents that are located on a floor higher than the first floor in addition to the lights, HVAC and other electrical appliances in the community room/dedicated space, throughout the duration of a power outage. The generators must be maintained in good working order and the Applicant must maintain an executed written contract with a vendor certified to service and test the installed generator and system; the generator and system shall be serviced and tested at least annually.							

Required Green Building Features									
Demographic Commitment: All Demographics									
Feature Description	Currently Exists?		Feasible?		Comments				
	Yes	No	Yes	No					
Interiors and Building Envelope									
All penetrations and receptacles in									
exterior walls are sealed;									
Low or No-VOC paint for all interior									
walls (Low-VOC means 50 grams per									
liter or less for flat; 150 grams per									
liter or less for non-flat paint).									
Plumbing									
Low-flow water fixtures in bathrooms									
 WaterSense labeled products or the 									
following specifications:									
Toilets: 1.28 gal. / flush or less,									
Urinals: 0.5 gallons/flush,									
Lavatory Faucets: 1.5 gal. / min. or									
less at 60 psi flow rate,									
Showerheads: 2.0 gal./min. or less at									
80 psi flow rate;									
Water heater minimum efficiency									
specifications:									
Residential electric									
○ Up to 55 gallons = 0.95 EF or									
0.92 UEF; or									
 More than 55 gallons = Energy 									
Star certified; or									
Tankless = 0.97 EF and Max									
GPM of ≥ 2.5 over a 77° rise or									
0.87 UEF and GPM of ≥ 2.9 over a									
67∘ rise;									
Residential gas (storage or									
tankless/instantaneous) – Energy									
Star certified									
Commercial gas water heater -									
Energy Star certified									
Appliances		1							
Energy Star certified refrigerator									
Energy Star certified dishwasher									

Electrical							
Energy Star certified ventilation fan in all bathrooms							
Energy Star certified ceiling fans with lighting fixtures in bedrooms and living rooms;							
Air Conditioning							
 Air-Source Heat Pumps – Energy Star certified: 							
≥ 7.8 HSPF2/≥15.2 SEER2/≥11.7 EER2 for split systems							
 ≥ 7.2 HSPF2 ≥15.2 SEER2/ ≥10.6 EER2 for single package equipment including 							
gas/electric package units • Central Air Conditioners – Energy Star certified:							
○ ≥15.2 SEER2/ ≥11.5 EER2* for single package equipment							
including gas/electric package units.							
	NOTE: Window air conditioners and portable air conditioners are not allowed. Package Terminal Air Conditioners (PTACs) / Package Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) are allowed in studio and one-bedroom						

*Green Building Features are required in all common areas, as applicable and in all rehabilitation units unless found not to be appropriate or feasible within the scope of the rehabilitation work utilizing a CNA as further explained in the RFA.

Additional Green Building Features							
Demographic Commitment: All Demographics							
Feature Description	Currently Exists?		Feasible?		Selected in	Comments	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Application?		
Programmable thermostat in each unit;							
Humidistat in each unit;							
Water Sense certified dual flush toilets in all bathrooms;							
Light colored concrete pavement instead of or on top of asphalt;							
Roofing Requirements: Cool Roof Coatings or Materials Low-Slope Roof Products Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥82 Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥64 Steep-Slope Roof Products Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥39 Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥32							
Eco-friendly cabinets;							
Eco-Friendly flooring;							
High Efficiency HVAC with SEER of at least 16;							
Energy efficient windows in each unit as provided below:							
 All windows except Mid and High Rise – Energy Star rating 							
 Mid- and High Rise Developments (fixed windows): U-Factor of 0.50 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less 							
 Mid- and High Rise Developments (operable windows): U-Factor of 0.65 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less 							
FL Yards and Neighborhoods certification on all landscaping							
Daylight sensors, timers or motion detectors on all outdoor lighting attached to buildings *Additional Green Building Features as	ro solo	octod b	w appl	icant a	and must be execu	-rafarancad with	

*Additional Green Building Features are selected by applicant and must be cross-referenced with features selected in the Application.

The requirements below are applicable to those Applications funded utilizing the Non-Competitive Application Package and are representative of requirements in place at the time Appendix C was generated. The CNA Provider should consult the applicable version of the Non-Competitive Application Package for current requirements. The CNA Provider should also refer to the Application to determine the applicable demographic commitment(s), development type(s), and feature selections.

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Features and Amenities

(Selections made in Application to achieve a minimum point total)

Demographic	Commitment: Al	ll Demographics
-------------	----------------	-----------------

Feature Description		Currently Exists?		•		ible?	Comments
	Yes	No	Yes	No			
30 Year expected life roofing on all							
buildings;							
Emergency call service in all units;							
Exercise room with appropriate							
equipment. The exercise room must							
have secured entry.;							
Community center or clubhouse;							
Swimming pool;							
Playground/tot lot, accessible to							
children with disabilities (must be sized							
in proportion to Development's size and							
expected resident population with age-							
appropriate equipment);							
Car care area (for car cleaning/washing/							
vacuuming);							
Two or more parking spaces per total							
number of units;							
Picnic area with hard cover permanent							
roof of a design compatible with the							
Development, open on all sides,							
containing at least three permanent							
picnic tables with benches and an							
adjoining permanent outdoor grill;							
Computer lab on-site with minimum							
one computer per 20 units, with							
internet access, basic word processing,							
spreadsheets and assorted educational							
and entertainment software programs							
and at least one printer);							
Each unit wired for high speed internet;							

	-	 -	
One outside recreation facility			
consisting of shuffleboard court and			
appropriate equipment, bocce ball			
court or lawn bowling court and			
appropriate equipment, tennis court,			
full basketball court or volleyball court.			
(Specific facility will be committed to			
during Credit Underwriting);			
Two outside recreation facilities.			
(Applicant must provide two separate			
facilities which must be approved by			
Corporation staff and servicers during			
Credit Underwriting);			
Laundry hook-ups and space for full-size			
washer and dryer inside each unit;			
Dryer and Energy Star qualified washer			
in a dedicated space with hook-ups			
within each unit, provided at no charge			
to the resident during the term of any			
lease;			
Laundry facilities with full-size dryers			
and Energy Star qualified washers			
available in at least one (1) common			
area on site – minimum 1 washer and 1			
dryer for every 12 units;			
Laundry facilities with full-size dryers			
and Energy Star qualified washers			
available in at least one (1) common			
area on every floor in each building of			
the Development if Development			
consists of more than one (1) building			
and/or more than one (1) story –			
minimum 1 washer and 1 dryer for			
every 12 units;			
Garage for each unit which consists of a			
permanent, fully enclosable structure			
designed to accommodate one or more			
automobiles, either attached to the unit			
or detached but located on the same			
property, provided at no charge to the			
resident (applicable for Development			
Type of Duplexes or Quadraplexes);			
/ [

Carport for each unit which consists of a			
permanent covered and paved area,			
attached to the unit and designed to			
accommodate one or more			
automobiles, provided at no charge to			
the resident (applicable for			
Development Type of Duplexes or			
Quadraplexes);			
Fenced back yard for each unit which			
consists of a portion of the property			
behind each unit that is enclosed by a			
wood, privacy or chain link fence of a			
minimum height of 48". Direct access to			
the fenced back yard for each unit must			
be afforded solely by a door from that			
unit and no other unit (applicable for			
Development Type of Duplexes or			
Quadraplexes);			
Ceramic tile bathroom floors in all units;			
Microwave oven in each unit;			
Marble windowsills in all units;			
Steel exterior door frames for all			
exterior doors for all units;			
At least 1½ bathrooms (one full bath			
and one with at least a toilet and sink)			
in all 2-bedroom new construction			
units; Note: In order to be eligible to			
select this feature, the Development			
must have at least one 2-bedroom new			
construction unit. (not applicable to			
rehabilitation units);			
Double compartment kitchen sink in all			
units;			
Pantry in kitchen area in all new construction units - must be no less			
than 20 cubic feet of storage space.			
Pantry cannot be just an under- or over-			
the-counter cabinet. (not applicable to			
rehabilitation units);			
Garbage disposal in all units;			
New kitchen cabinets and countertop(s)			
in all rehabilitation units;			
New bathroom cabinet(s), excluding			
medicine cabinet, in all rehabilitation			
units;			
units,			

New plumbing fixtures in kitchen and bathroom(s) in all rehabilitation units			
[minimum of new sink and new			
faucets in kitchen and minimum of			
new tub, new toilet, new sink and new faucets in bathroom(s).			

NOTE: All selected features and amenities must be located on the Development site. In addition, if the proposed Development will consist of Scattered Sites, the Applicant must locate each selected feature and amenity that is not unit-specific on each of the Scattered Sites, or no more than 1/16 mile from the site with the most <u>units</u>, or a combination of both.

Features and Amenities Commitments are selected by the Applicant and must be cross-referenced with features selected in the Application.

Green Building Features (Selections made in Application to achieve a minimum point total) **Demographic Commitment: All Demographics** Currently Feasible? Exists? **Feature Description** Comments Yes No Yes No Programmable thermostat in each Energy Star qualified ceiling fans with lighting fixtures in all bedrooms and living areas; **Roofing Requirements: Cool Roof Coatings or Materials** • Low-Slope Roof Products o Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥82 o Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥ 64 • Steep-Slope Roof Products o Initial Solar Reflectance: ≥ 39 o Aged Solar Reflectance: ≥ 32 Energy Star qualified ventilation fans in all bathrooms Energy efficient windows in each unit as follows: • All windows except Mid and High Rise – Energy Star rating • Mid- and High Rise Developments (fixed windows): U-Factor of 0.50 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less • Mid- and High Rise Developments (operable windows): U-Factor of 0.65 or less and a SHHGC of 0.25 or less Water heater minimum efficiency specifications: • Residential electric O Up to 55 gallons = 0.95 EF or 0.92 UEF; or More than 55 gallons = Energy Star certified; or o Tankless = 0.97 EF and Max GPM of ≥ 2.5 over a 77° rise or 0.87 UEF and GPM of ≥ 2.9 over a 67∘ rise;

 Residential gas (storage or 	
tankless/instantaneous) – Energy	
Star certified,	
Commercial gas water heater -	
Energy Star certified;	
Install daylight sensors, timers or	
motion detectors on all outdoor	
lighting attached to buildings;	
FL Yards and Neighborhoods	
certification on all landscaping;	
Eco-friendly flooring;	
Eco-friendly cabinets;	
Low-flow water fixtures in bathrooms	
WaterSense labeled products or the	!
following specifications:	!
Toilets: 1.28 gal. / flush or less,	
Urinals: 0.5 gallons/flush,	
Lavatory Faucets: 1.5 gal. / min. or less	
at 60 psi flow rate,	
Showerheads: 2.0 gal./min. or less at	
80 psi flow rate;	
Low-VOC paint for all interior walls	
(50 grams per liter or less for flat	
paint; 150 grams per liter or less for	
non-flat paint);	
Energy Star qualified refrigerators,	
dishwashers and washing machines	
that are provided by the Applicant;	
Air Conditioning (in unit or	
commercial:	
Air-Source Heat Pumps – Energy	
Star certified:	
o ≥ 7.8 HSPF2/ ≥15.2 SEER2/	
≥11.7 EER2 for split systems	
≥10.6 EER2 for single package	
equipment including	
gas/electric package units	
Central Air Conditioners – Energy	
Star certified:	
o ≥15.2 SEER2/≥12.0 EER2 for	
split systems	
o ≥15.2 SEER2/≥11.5 EER2* for	
single package equipment	
including gas/electric package	
units.	
units.	

NOTE: Window air conditioners and portable air conditioners are not allowed. Package Terminal Air Conditioners (PTACs) / Package Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) are allowed in studio and one-bedroom units

Green Building Features Commitments are selected by the Applicant and must be cross-referenced with features selected in the Application.

Appendix D

Problematic Materials and Design Issues

General Requirements. Problematic building materials or specific design issues identified by the CNA Provider must be addressed in the Capital Needs Assessment Report, and must include an evaluation of the problematic building material or design issue, including:

- The current condition of the material and quality of construction of that System;
- An evaluation of the long-term physical and financial impacts of the material or design issue if not addressed;
- Recommendations for remediation or mitigation, including estimated replacement costs or further testing as applicable; and
- Photographic documentation of problematic materials or design issues in sufficient quality and quantity to accurately describe the issue.

Some of the most commonly known problematic building materials are addressed herein, but this document does not constitute a comprehensive list. It is the responsibility of the CNA Provider to identify additional problematic building materials and recalled equipment and appliances that may exist.

The CNA Provider should use best professional judgement in identifying design issues that have led to current damage or problematic issues, or have the potential for such.

1. Architectural Components

- **1.1 Fire Retardant Treated Plywood (FRTP).** Certain treatment chemicals have potential for delamination of wood plies leading to failure of positive attachment of roof coverings.
- **1.2 Compressed Wood/Composite Board Siding.** Board that is manufactured from various combinations of wood fibers, fillers, binders and glue (commonly referred to as T1-11 siding) has the tendency to absorb water at locations where raw edges are exposed, leading to edge swell, delamination, warping, and fungus growth.
- **1.3 Exterior Insulation Finish Systems (EIFS).** An exterior wall system consisting of a finish coat, a base coat, reinforcing mesh, adhesive and insulation board secured to a substrate (commonly referred to as synthetic stucco or Dryvit). EIFS has the potential for water to leak behind the EIFS cladding at penetrations and become trapped inside the walls, producing mildew and rot in the sheathing and framing.
- **1.4 Problem Drywall (aka "Chinese Drywall").** A specific drywall primarily used from approximately 2001 to 2007 containing extraneous metals and minerals, such as sulfur, strontium and iron, which in warm, humid climates emits sulfur gasses that create a noxious odor and corrode copper and other metal surfaces, affecting alarms, detectors and electrical system components. Refer to the Consumer Products Safety Commission (CPSC) Identification Guidance for Problem Drywall dated March 18, 2011, or as amended.

- **1.5 Phenolic Foam Roofing Insulation (PFRI)**. Rapid corrosion of steel decks has the potential to occur due to acids used in manufacturing combining with moisture. Older insulation has the potential for shrinkage or being crushed.
- **1.6 Single-Ply Thermoplastic Olefin (TPO) Membrane Roofing.** TPO roofing membranes in southern states have been noted to have an issue of material degradation, accelerated weathering and premature failure when subjected to high thermal or solar loading. TPO membrane roofing produced prior to 2002 experienced material formulation problems leading to physical failures.

2. Mechanical Components

2.1 Air Conditioning Systems with Hydrochlorofluorocarbon (HCFC) and Chlorofluorocarbon (CFC)

Refrigerants. The Federal Clean Air Act requires that all CFC and HCFC refrigerants must be recovered, recycled, and reclaimed during equipment servicing and repairs. Replacement refrigerant of that type may not be available due to phasing out of HCFC and CFC products. Systems requiring these refrigerants should be noted and scheduled for replacement in the CNA as appropriate.

3. Plumbing and Fire Protection Components

- **3.1 Cross-Linked Polyethylene (PEX) Piping.** Water systems with a high chlorine content and prolonged exposure of pipe to UV rays cause significant degradation to PEX piping. Brass PEX pipe fittings with a high zinc content can degrade prematurely and cause system leaks.
- **3.2** Microbiologically Influenced Corrosion (MIC) in Fire Sprinkler Systems. MIC is an electrochemical corrosion process that is concentrated and accelerated by the activity of specific bacteria within a fire sprinkler system. The result is localized corrosion where material is lost at discrete points leading to pinhole leaks and obstructive growth.
- **3.3 Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS) Sanitary Lines.** ABS pipe produced from 1984 to 1990 may crack circumferentially at the joint. The manufacturers are Apache, Polaris, Centaur, Phoenix, and Gable. If ABS piping is identified as being installed as the primary sanitary piping within the buildings (i.e., the material is not limited to the stub out from the wall to the fixture), the current condition and manufacturer must be verified.
- **3.4 Polybutylene (PB) Water Distribution Lines.** Polybutylene water supply piping was manufactured between 1979 until about 1995 as a substitute for traditional copper piping. It is believed that oxidants in public water supplies (such as chlorine) react with the piping and fittings, causing micro-fractures of the piping, and the basic structural integrity of the pipe is reduced. Other factors may also contribute to the failure of PB systems, such as improper installation.
- **3.5** Galvanized Steel Water Distribution Lines. Steel or wrought-iron pipe which has been galvanized utilized as a water supply system has high potential for corrosion depending upon several factors (including acidity, electrical conductivity, temperature, oxygen concentration and the presence of

sulfate and chlorides). Current and historical condition of galvanized pipe and any reported replacements should be noted.

- **3.6 Omega Brand Fire Sprinkler Heads.** All Omega sprinkler models are being recalled, including those Omegas manufactured after May 1, 1996 for failure to activate as they should. All Omega sprinklers contain the word "Central" or "CSC" somewhere on the daisy-like device.
- **3.7 Central Brand Fire Sprinkler Heads.** Central manufactured wet sprinklers with O-rings from 1989 until 2000, dry sprinklers with O-rings from the mid-1970's to June 2001, sprinklers with O-rings manufactured by Gem Sprinkler Co. and Star Sprinkler Inc. from 1995 to 2001 are covered by a recall program due to performance of O-rings degrading over time causing the sprinkler heads not to activate in a fire. The fire sprinkler heads have the words "CENTRAL" or "STAR", the letters "CSC", the letter "G" in triangle, or a star-shaped symbol stamped on either the metal sprinkler frame or on the deflector.

4. Electrical Components

- **4.1 Unit Level Electrical Amperage.** The amperage measurement that must be included in every Capital Needs Assessment is the amperage as measured at the individual electric meter. The amperage should be a minimum of **60 amps**. In almost all individually metered properties there is a breaker located somewhere near, if not directly below, the electric meter. This is the amperage measurement required. NOTE: this is <u>not</u> the amperage identified by adding all the individual breakers at the unit level subpanel.
- **4.2 Aluminum Branch Wiring.** Unequal expansion rates between the aluminum wire and the copper, steel or brass connection point occur when heated due to electrical load. Recurring expansion causes the connection to become loose, resulting in an overheated connection that could lead to a fire. NOTE: All CNA reports must indicate the type of branch wiring observed (i.e., visually verified and photographed) by the CNA Provider. If aluminum wiring is identified, the CNA report must also indicate whether a retrofit, such as the installation of CO/ALR devices, is already in place and provide recommendations and values for retrofit procedures as applicable.
- **4.3 Zinsco or GTE-Sylvania Electrical Panels.** The circuit breakers inside many Zinsco panels melt to the main bus bar, resulting in failure of the breaker to trip in the event of a short or overloaded circuit. This is an extreme fire hazard.
- **4.4 Federal Pacific Electric (FPE) "Stab-Lok" Panels.** Federal Pacific Electric (FPE) "Stab-Lok" panels have a high potential for breaker trip failure when overloaded and may also have interconnection problems resulting in a high risk of overheating. This is an extreme fire hazard.
- **4.5 Fused Sub-Panels.** Fuse boxes are unsafe because of potential for oversized replacement fuses, double tapping fuse lugs and the ability to be modified for serving higher load demands, such as circumventing the fuse with a metallic object. **NOTE:** All CNA Reports must indicate the type of sub panels and include recommendations and values regarding replacement of circuit breaker panels as applicable.

4.6 Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) Receptacles. The 2017 National Electrical Code calls for ground fault circuit interrupter protection in the following locations:

- Bathrooms
- Kitchens (receptacles serving countertop surfaces)
- Sinks (receptacles within 6 feet of sink edge)
- Garages / accessory storage buildings at or below grade
- Unfinished basements and crawl spaces
- Outdoor locations

NOTE: All CNA reports must indicate the presence of GFCI receptacles in these locations and include recommendations and values regarding replacement of non-GFCI receptacles in these locations as applicable.

5. Cadet Brand Electric In-Wall Heaters

Cadet Manufacturing produced in-wall electric heaters under the brand names Cadet and Encore that were sold and installed in single- family and multi- family residential projects from 1982 through 1999. The units were primarily distributed in Oregon, Washington, California, Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming. The heater models that were recalled are as follows: FW, FX, LX, TK, ZA, Z, RA, RK, RLX, RX and ZC. The CPSC alleges that these particular models of heater are defective and can overheat or catch fire. Flames, sparks, or molten particles can spew through the front grill cover of the heater into the living area, putting residents at risk from fires. The heaters can also become energized creating a risk of electric shock.

Recommended Remediation: Any Cadet brand heater on the recall list should be replaced immediately. Repairs to these units, such as limit switch replacement, are no longer considered an acceptable remediation method by the CPSC. Cadet models not listed above have not been recalled and do not need replacing. Information on how to identify the recalled models and a cross reference chart showing the correct replacement heater assembly may be obtained at:

https://www.cadet.glendimplexamericas.com/en-us/support/replacement-model-finder.

6. Appliances and Equipment.

Appliances or equipment identified by the CPSC as subject to recall must be identified. The CNA Provider should be aware of recalled appliances and equipment, and make recommendations for replacement or repair consistent with the CPSC guidelines.

Appendix E

Pre-Site Visit Questionnaire

Purpose and Use. The pre-site visit questionnaire is intended to provide the CNA Provider with an understanding of the components and systems at the Property and facilitate an effective and efficient site inspection. Prior to the CNA Provider's site visit, the CNA Provider should deliver the pre-site visit questionnaire to the Property Point of Contact for completion and the CNA Provider shall make reasonable efforts to review the pre-site visit questionnaire prior to the site visit. If the pre-site visit questionnaire is received prior to the Field Observer's site visit, the CNA Provider should interview the Property Point of Contact to address any needed clarifications.

1. General Property Inform	mation			
Property Name:				
Property Address:				
City:	Zip:			
Property Owner / Owner's Repre	Phone:			
	Email:			
Property Manager:	Experience in Multifamily:	Phone:		
	Experience at Subject Property:			
Maintenance Manager:	Experience in Multifamily:	Phone:		
	Experience at Subject Property:	Email:		
Total Land Area (ac.):				
Date(s) of Construction and Majo	or Renovations (describe):			
Total Number of Apartment Buil	dings on Property:			
Is the Property located within a	flood zone?	Flood Zone:		
Is the Property located within a	nigh velocity hurricane zone or win	dborne debris region?		
Has the Property been damaged	by a catastrophic event or natural	disaster in the past?		
If yes to above, provide details in	cluding type of event, extent of dan	nage and date of event.		
Has the Property been subject to	or recommended for an Environm	ental Phase II investigation or		
are there any current environme	ntal concerns at the Property?			
If yes to above, provide details (in	ncluding previous Phase I and Phase	II report, if applicable).		

Number of Non-Res Buildings on-site:	idential	Clubhouse Area	.):	Leasing Office (sq.ft.):			
Recreation Area (sq.ft.):		Maintenance St	re (sq.ft.):	Laundry Facility (sq.ft.):			
Other Amenities (descrip	otion & so	q.ft.)					
Number of On-Site Parki	ng	Number of Cove	ered P	arking	Parking	Spaces As	ssigned or
Spaces:		and/or Garage S	paces	5:	General	Lot?	
Total # of Rental Units:		Total Model Uni	its and	d Unit Type:			
No. of Studio Units:		Floor Area (sq.ft	:):	No. Units Occupied:	No. Vaca	Units nt:	No. Units Down:
No. of 1-Bedroom Units:		Floor Area (sq.ft	:):	No. Units Occupied:	No.	Units nt:	No. Units Down:
No. of 2-Bedroom Units:		Floor Area (sq.ft	:):	No. Units Occupied:	No. Vaca	Units nt:	No. Units Down:
No. of 3-Bedroom Units:		Floor Area (sq.ft	:):	No. Units Occupied:	No. Units Vacant:		No. Units Down:
No. of 4-Bedroom Units:		Floor Area (sq.ft	No. Units Occupied:		No. Vaca	Units nt:	No. Units Down:
No. of Other Units:		Floor Area (sq.ft): No. Units Occupied:		No. Vaca	Units nt:	No. Units Down:
Current Economic	Current	t Physical	Ave	rage Econom	nic	Average	Physical
Occupancy (%):	Occupa	nncy (%):		upancy - Las ndar Year (%		Occupancy - Last Calendar Year (%):	
List Commercial / Retail	Tenants	(Attach commerci	al leas	se abstracts	for each t	enant):	
No. of Commercial / Retail Retail Units: Tenants (sq.ft):		Floor Area of mercial / Retail	Current Econo Retail Occupa				t Physical ancy (%):
Include brief narrative or	n comme	ercial uses:	ı			1	

Property or the residential tenan government-provided utility subs		Property is rent-controlled/ rent stabilized?				
Property complies with local juris not known, indicate such.)	dictional regulat	ions? If not in co	mpliance, attach explanation. (If			
Is the Subject Property in	Florida Building	Code:				
compliance with Codes?	Florida Fire Pres	vention Code:				
	Zoning Codes:					
Are As-built Construction Plans o		,	•			
Is the Subject Property pursuing a	a green building (certification? (If y	es, attach additional detail.)			
If green building certification is in	place, identify ce	rtifying body and	year of certification.			
Does Lead Paint exist at the Subje	ect Property? (If y	yes, attach report	сору.)			
Do Asbestos Containing Materials	s exist at the Sub	ject Property? (If	yes, attach report copy.)			
Does Property have a Moisture N	lanagement Plan	? (If yes, attach c	ору.)			
Does Property have a Termite / P	est Management	: Program Plan? (If yes, attach copy.)			

2. Utility Providers	
Water:	
Electricity:	
Natural Gas:	
Fuel Oil (specify type):	
Other Fuel Types (i.e., propane):	
Sewer:	
Waste Disposal:	
Telephone:	
Cable TV/Internet:	Connection Available in Each Unit?
Are the current utility service levels adequate?	
If not adequate, provide description and issues:	

3. Site Improvements			
Parking Pavement Type (Asphalt or Concrete):	Last Re-seal & R	Re-stripe Date:	Last Overlay Date:
Type of Sidewalk present (Concre	ete or Pervious):	Do the Sidewalk neighborhood?	s connect to the adjacent
Site Lighting present?		Type of Site Ligh	nting:
Site Security present?		Site Security features provided:	
Are Athletic Courts or Playground play surface materials and condition		rovide descripti	on, including equipment age and
Are Swimming Pools, Jacuzzis or and surface materials and condition	•	(if yes provide des	scription, including equipment age
Description of Landscaping (mate minimal, native or not native pla		Landscaping Co	ntract?
		Landscaping Fire	m:
		Landscaping Cap	oital Budget:
		Landscaping An	nual Maintenance Budget:
Landscape Irrigation present?		Irrigation Type:	
Stormwater System present?		Stormwater Pip	ing Material Used:
On-Site Stormwater Retention or	Detention?	Known Stormwa	ater Drainage Issues:
Other Site Improvements / Amer	nities: (include de	scription, age and	current condition)

Foundation Type:
Is Crawl Space Accessible by Tenants?
Type of Exterior Wall Insulation and Rating:
be):
Windows Type(s):
Last Elevator Inspection Date:
Age of Roof(s):
Known Leak Locations:
Age of Roof Insulation:
Is Attic or Rooftop Accessible by Tenants?

5. Building Interiors			
Common Areas (provide attachme	ents for multiple a	reas as needed)	
Floors:	Baseboards:		Walls:
Window Treatments:	Trim:		Ceiling:
Common Toilet Rooms Finishes:			
Common Toilet Rooms Fixtures:			
Apartment Units (provide attachn	nents for multiple	unit types as nee	eded)
Floors:	Baseboards:		Walls:
Window Treatments:	Trim:		Ceiling:
Bathroom Finishes:			
Bathroom Cabinetry and Fixtures	:		
Kitchen Finishes:			
Kitchen Cabinetry and Fixtures:			
Appliances: (note if Energy Star ra	ated)		Full Size Oven/Range Present in all units?
6. Electrical System			
Load (Volts/Phase/Wires):		Total Service An	nps:
Electrical Metering (individually n	netered units or n	naster meter):	
Wiring (copper, aluminum or com	bination):		
Standby Generator:		Fuel Source:	
Exterior Lighting:		Exterior Lighting	g Control (timer, photocell, etc.):

7. Mechanical System	
HVAC Units Description:	
Total Number and Capacity (tons):	Operation (electric or gas):
Unit Ages or Age Range:	Are HVAC Units Energy Star Rated?
Is all ductwork insulated?	Are vent fans present in all bathrooms?
8. Plumbing and Fuel Gas System	
Domestic Water Supply Pipe Material(s):	
Known Water Supply Problems (leaks, low pressur	re, etc.):
Water Harton Comite / findicides weither a control	Takal Mussikası
Water Heater Service (individual unit or central):	Total Number:
	Ages or Age Range:
	Operation (electric or gas): ENERGY STAR Rated?
	Hot Water Lines Insulated?
Central Boiler System Used?	Boiler Permit No.
Sanitary Sewer Pipe Material(s):	boller Permit No.
Samuary Sewer Fipe Waterial(s).	
Known Sanitary Sewer Problems (leaks, clogs, slov	v drainage etc.):
Fuel Gas Distribution Pipe Material:	
Known Fuel Gas Distribution Problems:	

9. Fire Detection and Suppression	
Fire Sprinkler System Present?	Locations:
	System Type (wet or dry):
Standpipe Present?	Locations:
Hose Cabinet Present?	Locations:
Portable Fire Extinguishers Present?	Locations:
	Туре:
	Last Inspection Date:
Fire Alarm System Present?	Control Panel Location:
Smoke Detectors Present?	Type (System or individual unit):
Carbon Monoxide Detectors Present?	Type (System or individual unit):

10. Accessibility, Adaptability, Universal Design and Visitability		
History		
Has an ADA survey previously been completed for this property?		
Are there any ADA complaints or pending litigation?		
ADA improvements been made to the property since original construction:	Date Completed:	
Accessible Units		
Assigned Accessible Units – Mobility Impaired:	% of Total:	
Assigned Accessible Units – Sensory Impaired:	% of Total:	
Accessible Elements (as defined in the Florida Building Code – Accessibility		
Accessible parking space count: Type (lot or individual unit):		
Exterior accessible route from parking to accessible units present?		
Exterior accessible route between accessible units and accessible features preser	nt?	
Accessible entrances present at all accessible units and common buildings?		
Is door hardware in accessible units lever-type operation or knobs?		
Interior accessible routes present to spaces and amenities in common buildings?		
Interior accessible routes present to spaces and amenities in accessible units?		
Are toilet rooms and fixtures in common buildings accessible?		
Are walls in all unit bathrooms reinforced for future grab bars at toilet and show	er?	
Number of units with roll-in showers present:	% of Total:	
Do accessible unit sinks and lavatories have lever handle faucets?		
Are roll-out shelving or drawers present in all bathroom vanity base cabinets?		
Are there kitchen base cabinets with full extension drawer slides present in all ur	nits?	
Is there resident-adjustable shelving present in master bedroom closets in all units?		
Are cabinetry door handles and drawer pulls lever or d-shaped for ease of use?		

11. Laundry Facilitie	es			
Laundry Facility Type:	Common Laundry Facility?	In-Unit Hook-ups Only?		Init Equipment vided?
Are Energy Star Laundry	Appliances Provided?		1	
12. Capital Improve		wer (attach decumentation	ifour	ilahla)
Description of Capital Impro	ovements in the last 3 years	rs: (attach documentation	i ii ava	Actual
Description of capital in	provement.			Completion Date:
Planned Capital Improve	ments: (indicate if under o	contract)		
Description of Capital Im		,		Scheduled
				Completion Date:
Signature of Owner	or Authorized Repr	esentative		
Name				
Title				

Date

Appendix F

Estimated Useful Life Tables

General Requirements. This table lists the recommended Estimated Useful Life (EUL) in years of the categories of assets that shall be considered in a Capital Needs Assessment. The different EUL values given reflect the occupancy demographic of the dwelling units, either multi-family or elderly.

The systems and average useful life years is based on regular preventive maintenance properly performed at prescribed frequencies. Many factors can affect the EUL such as maintenance programs, climatic conditions, challenging environments (wet locations, near salt water or heavy industry), use of heavy-duty equipment features, and use of corrosion resistant materials. It is the responsibility of the CNA Consultant to use best professional judgement in making final determinations of EUL based on specific Property conditions, and the Consultant must provide justification for all variances to the EUL values listed herein.

If an observed item is not listed, it should be assigned to the most closely related category. When identifying an alternative to an existing component the user may specify an EUL for the alternative which differs from the EUL in the following tables for that component type but must provide an explanation.

1. Site Systems	EUL Multi- family	EUL Elderly
Storm Water Drainage		
Catch basins, inlets, culverts	50	50
Marine or stormwater bulkhead	35	35
Earthwork, swales, drainways, erosion controls	50	50
Storm drain lines	50	50
Stormwater management ponds	50	50
Fountains, pond aerators	15	15
Access and Egress		
Security gate- lift arm	10	10
Security gate- rolling gate	10	10
Paving Curbing and Parking		
Asphalt Pavement	25	25
Asphalt Seal Coat	5	5
Concrete Pavement	50	50
Curbing, Asphalt	25	25
Curbing, Concrete	50	50
Parking, Gravel Surfaced	15	15
Permeable Paving Systems (brick, concrete pavers)	30	30
Striping and Marking	5	5
Signage, Roadway I Parking	15	15

Flatwork (sidewalks, plazas, terraces and patios)		
Asphalt	25	25
Concrete	50	50
Gravel	15	15
Permeable Paving (brick, concrete pavers)	30	30
Landscape Appurtenances		
Fencing, chain-link	40	40
Fencing, wood picket	15	20
Fencing, 1x6 wood board - privacy	15	20
Fencing, 1x6 wood board – dumpster enclosure	12	15
Fencing, wrought Iron	50	50
Fencing, steel or aluminum	20	25
Fencing, concrete masonry unit (CMU)	30	30
Fencing, PVC (6' high)	25	25
Signage, Entrance/Monument	25	25
Mail Kiosk	10	15
Retaining Walls, heavy block (50-80 lb)	50	50
Retaining Walls, reinforced concrete masonry unit (CMU)	40	40
Retaining Walls, treated timber	25	25
Site Utilities		
Water		
Water Mains/Valves	50	50
Water Tower	50	50
Irrigation System	25	25
Electric		
Electric distribution center	40	40
Electric distribution lines	40	40
Transformer	30	30
	30 25	30 25
Transformer		
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters	25	25
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights	25 15	25 15
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights Ground lighting	25 15 10	25 15 10
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights	25 15 10 25	25 15 10 25
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights Ground lighting	25 15 10 25 10	25 15 10 25 10
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights Ground lighting Building Mounted Lighting Building Mounted High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lighting	25 15 10 25 10	25 15 10 25 10
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights Ground lighting Building Mounted Lighting Building Mounted High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lighting Fuel Gas	25 15 10 25 10 10 10	25 15 10 25 10 10 20
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights Ground lighting Building Mounted Lighting Building Mounted High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lighting Fuel Gas Gas Main	25 15 10 25 10 10 10	25 15 10 25 10 10 20
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights Ground lighting Building Mounted Lighting Building Mounted High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lighting Fuel Gas Gas Main Gas supply piping	25 15 10 25 10 10 10 40 40	25 15 10 25 10 10 20 40 40
Transformer Emergency Generator / Auxiliary fuel storage tank Solar Photovoltaic panels Photovoltaic Inverters Pole mounted lights Ground lighting Building Mounted Lighting Building Mounted High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lighting Fuel Gas Gas Main	25 15 10 25 10 10 10	25 15 10 25 10 10 20

Sanitary Sewer		
Sanitary Sewer lines	50	50
Sanitary waste treatment system	40	40
Lift Station	50	50
Trash		
Dumpsters	10	10
Compactors (exterior, commercial grade)	15	15
Recycling containers/equipment	15	15

2. Building Frame and Envelope	EUL	EUL
·	Multi-	Elderly
	family	
Foundation		
Slab, reinforced concrete	100	100
Slab, post tensioned	100	100
Continuous reinforced concrete footing and CMU stem wall	100	100
Piers, reinforced concrete pad footing and CMU pier	100	100
Piers, treated timber post/pole	40	40
Foundation waterproofing	50	50
Foundation drainage equipment	10	10
Framing Systems - Floors and Walls		
Wood, timbers, dimensioned lumber, laminated beams, trusses	100	100
Tie downs, clips, braces, straps, hangers, shear walls/panels	75	75
Steel, beams, trusses	100	100
Site-cast reinforced concrete	100	100
Reinforced masonry, concrete masonry unit (CMU)	40	40
Precast concrete panel	40	40
Funnsian Contains Doofs		
Framing Systems - Roofs Wood frame and board or planted aboathing	75	75
Wood frame and board or plywood sheathing		75
Tie downs, clips, braces, straps, hangers	75	75
Steel frame and sheet metal or insulated panel sheathing	100	100
Reinforced concrete deck	100	100
Exterior Wall Finishes		
Aluminum Siding	40	40
Vinyl Siding	25	25
Cement Board Siding	45	45
Plywood/Laminated Panels	20	20
Exterior Insulation Finishing System (EIFS)	20	20
Stucco, over wire mesh/lath	50	50
Metal/Glass Curtain Wall	30	30
Precast Concrete Panel (tilt-up)	45	45
Brick/block veneer	60	60
Stone Veneer	50	50
Glass Block	40	40
Cedar/Redwood shakes, clapboard	20	20
Pine board, clapboard	20	20

Roofing Systems		
Asphalt Shingle		
Asphalt Shingle, 15-year	15	15
Asphalt Shingle, 20-year	20	20
Asphalt Shingle, 25-year	25	25
Asphalt Shingle, 30-year	30	30
Metal Roof Panels		
Structural (Galvanized Steel)	25	25
Premanufactured Architectural (Aluminum or Galvanized Steel)	25	25
Custom Fabricated Standing Seam (Copper, Stainless Steel)	75	75
Custom Fabricated Flat Seam (Copper, Stainless Steel)	50	50
Slate Shingle		
Slate shingle, S-1	100	100
Slate shingle, S-2	75	75
Slate shingle, S-3	50	50
3.6.0		
Clay/cementitious tile	40	40
Wood Shingle, Cedar Shakes/Shingles	25	25
4-Ply Built-Up		
Asphalt, flat (dead level)	18	18
Asphalt, sloped (1/4"per foot)	25	25
Cold-Tar	35	35
Hot Applied Rubberized Asphalt	30	30
2-Ply Modified Bitumen		
Mopped Down, flat (dead level)	15	15
Mopped Down, sloped (1/4"per foot)	20	20
Single Ply		
EPDM, flat (dead level)	15	15
EPDM, sloped (1/4" per foot)	20	20
Thermoplastic (Hypalon, PVC, TPO, Vinyl)	20	20
Modified Bitumen, torched on flat (dead level)	10	10
Modified Bitumen, torched on sloped (1/4" per foot)	15	15
Rubberized/elastomeric white/cool roof	15	15
Roof Drainage		
Gutters/Downspouts, aluminum	10	10
Gutters/Downspouts, copper	50	50
Low slope-roof drains, scuppers	30	30

Roof Trim and Accessories		
Soffits, Wood	20	20
Soffits, Vinyl or Metal	25	25
Fascia, Wood, Vinyl	20	20
Roof Hatch	30	30
Service Door	30	30
Roof Skylight	30	30
Flashing and Moisture Protection		
Caulking and Sealing	15	15
Concrete/Masonry Sealants	10	10
Wood waterproofing and sealants	10	10
Building wraps & moisture resistant barriers	50	50
Paints and stains, exterior	8	8
Parapet caps and copings, aluminum	25	25
Exterior Stairs, Rails, Balconies / Porches and Canopies		
Exterior Stairs, wood frame/stringer	30	30
Exterior Stair Tread-wood	15	20
Exterior Stairs-steel frame/stringer	40	40
Exterior Stair Tread-metal, concrete filled	30	30
Exterior Stairs, Concrete	50	50
Fire escapes, metal	40	40
Balcony/Porch, wood frame	25	25
Balcony/Porch, steel frame or concrete	50	50
Balcony/Porch, wood decking	20	20
Balcony/Porch, composite decking	50	50
Railings, wood	20	20
Railings, metal	50	50
Railings, composite	50	50
Canopy, Concrete	50	50
Canopy, Wood/Metal	40	40
Windows		
Wood, operable	35	45
Wood, fixed	40	45
Aluminum	35 (30)	40 (30)
Vinyl	30	30
Vinyl/Alum Clad Wood	50	50
Storm/Screen Windows	10	15

Exterior Doors and Entry Systems		
Unit Entry Door, Exterior, solid wood/metal clad	25	30
Common Exterior Door, aluminum and glass	30	30
Common Exterior Door, solid wood /metal clad	25	25
Storm/Screen Doors	7	10
Sliding Glass Doors	25	30
French or Atrium Doors, wood/metal clad	25	30
Automatic Entry Doors	30	30
Commercial Entry Systems	50	50
Overhead Door	30	30
Automatic Opener, overhead door	20	20
Entry Lock Sets	7	7
Crawl Space and Attic Ventilation		
Sealed crawl space system	40	40
Vents, screens, covers	30	30
Vapor Barrier (VDR) ground or underfloor	30	30
Penetrations, caulking/sealing	15	15
Crawl space active vent fans	10	10
Screened gable end or soffit Vents	30	30
Roof vents, passive	40	40
Roof Vents, powered	20	20
Insulation		
Loose fill, fiber glass, cellulose, mineral wool	50	50
Batts, blankets, rolls, fiber glass or mineral wool	60	60
Rigid foam board	60	60
Sprayed foam	60	60

3. Interior Elements*	EUL	EUL
	Multi- family	Elderly
Common Areas - Floors	,	
Floor tile, ceramic, natural stone	50	50
Concrete/Masonry/Terrazzo	75	75
Hardwood floor, 3/4" strip or parquet substrate	30	30
Hardwood floor, finish	10	10
Wood floor, laminated/veneered	20	25
Resilient tile or sheet floor (vinyl, linoleum)	15	20 15
Carpet, broad loom	5	5
Carpet, loop pile	15	15
Carpet tiles	5	5
Epoxy Coating (2-part)	10	10
Common Areas - Walls		
Drywall	35	40
Plaster	50	50
Paints, stains, clear finishes, interior	15	20
Epoxy paints, 2-part	15	15
Fabric wall covering	5	5
Vinyl wall covering	10	10
Wallpapers	15	20
Wall tile, ceramic, glass, natural stone	35	50
Wood (finish only)	15	15
Common Areas - Ceilings		
Drywall	10	10
Plaster	10	10
Concrete	50	50
Acoustic tile suspended system, spline	25	25
Acoustic tile suspended system, lay-in	20	20
Acoustic tiles	15	20
Wood (finish only)	30	30
Common Areas - Interior Doors		
Hollow core doors	20	25
Solid core doors, wood, metal clad, fire rated	20	20
Passage and lock sets	15	20
Closers	7	7
Bifold and sliding doors	15	20

Common Areas - Millwork		
Door trim	20	30
Wall trim (base, chair rail, crown moldings)	30	35
Cabinets & vanities - wood	15	20
Cabinets & vanities – particle board	15	20
Tops, granite, natural stone, engineered stone	50	50
Tops, solid surface, stainless steel	40	50
Tops, plastic laminates, wood	15	25
Vanity tops, cultured marble, molded acrylic, fiber glass	25	35
Common Areas - Appliances		
Refrigerator/freezer	10	10
Range, cook top, wall oven	20	25
Range hood	20	25
Microwave	10	10
Disposal (food waste)	5	7
Compactors (interior, residential grade)	7	10
Dishwasher	15	15
Clothes washer/dryer	10	15
Common Areas - Specialties		
Interior Mail Facility	20	25
Common area bath accessories (towel bars, grab bars, toilet stalls, etc.)	7	12
Mirrors & medicine cabinets	20	25
Closet/storage specialties, shelving	20	25
Common area interior stairs	50	50
Common area railings	20	20
Bath/kitchen vent/exhaust fans	15	15
Ceiling fans	15	15
Window treatments, drapery rods, shades, blinds, etc.	15	25
Indoor recreation and fitness equipment	10	15
Entertainment centers, theatre projection and seating	15	25
Dwelling Units - Floors		
Floor tile, ceramic, natural stone	20	25
Concrete/Masonry/Terrazzo	75	75
Hardwood floor, 3/4" strip or parquet substrate	30	30
Hardwood floor, finish	10	10
Wood floor, laminated/veneered	15	20
Resilient tile or sheet floor (vinyl, linoleum)	10	15
Carpet	7	10

Dwelling Units - Walls		
Drywall	35	40
Plaster	50	50
Paints, stains, clear finishes, interior	10	15
Wallpapers	10	15
Wall tile, ceramic, glass, natural stone	30	40
Dwelling Units - Ceilings		
Drywall	35	40
Plaster	50	50
Concrete	50	50
Acoustical tile (surface mounted)	15	20
Dwelling Units - Interior Doors		
Hollow core doors	20	25
Solid core doors, wood, metal clad, fire rated	30	35
Passage and lock sets	12	20
Bifold and sliding doors	12	20
Dwelling Units - Millwork		
Door trim	20	30
Wall trim (base, chair rail, crown moldings)	25	35
Cabinets & vanities - wood	20	25
Cabinets & vanities – particle board	15	20
Tops, granite, natural stone, engineered stone	50	50
Tops, solid surface, stainless steel	40	50
Tops, plastic laminates, wood	15	25
Vanity tops, cultured marble, molded acrylic, fiber glass	25	35
Dwelling Units - Appliances		
Refrigerator/freezer	10	20
Range, cook top, wall oven	15	25
Range hood	10	20
Microwave	10	12
Disposal (food waste)	7	10
Compactors (interior, residential grade)	7	10
Dishwasher	10	12
Clothes washer/dryer	10	15
Ciotiles washer/uryer	10	13

Dwelling Units - Specialties		
Bath accessories (towel bars, grab bars, toilet stalls, etc.)	7	12
Mirrors & medicine cabinets	15	25
Closet/storage specialties, shelving	15	25
Interior stairs	50	50
Railings	20	25
Bath/kitchen vent/exhaust fans	10	10
Ceiling fans	10	15
Window treatments, drapery rods, shades, blinds, etc.	3	5

4. Mechanical Systems	EUL Multi-	EUL Elderly
	family	
Centralized HVAC - Equipment		
Boilers, Oil Fired, Sectional	25	25
Boilers, Gas Fired, Sectional	25	25
Boilers, Oil/ Gas/ Dual Fuel, Low MBH	30	30
Boilers. Oil/ Gas/ Dual Fuel, High MBH	40	40
Boilers, Gas Fired Atmospheric	25	25
Boilers, Electric	20	20
Boiler Blowdown and Water Treatment	25	25
Boiler Room Pipe Insulation	25	25
Boiler Room Piping	50	50
Boiler Room Valves	15	15
Boiler Temperature Controls	15	15
Heat Exchanger	35	35
Combustion Air, Duct with Fixed Louvers	30	30
Combustion Air, Motor Louvers and Duct	25	25
Combustion Waste Flue	40	40
Cooling tower	25	25
Chilling plant	15	15
Steam supply station	50	50
Free standing chimney	50	50
,		
Centralized HVAC - Distribution		
Fuel oil/propane storage tanks, above ground	25	25
Remediate/remove abandoned tanks/fuel lines	100	100
Fuel transfer system	25	25
Gas/oil distribution lines	50	50
Gas meter	40	40
2 pipe/4 pipe hydronic distribution-above grade	50	50
2 pipe/4 pipe hydronic distribution-in ground	25	25
Hydronic/Water Circulating Pumps	20	20
Hydronic/Water Controller	20	20
Radiation-steam/hydronic (baseboard or freestanding radiator)	50	50
Fan Coil Unit, Electric	20	20
Fan Coil Unit, Hydronic	30	30
Central exhaust fans/blowers	20	20
Chilled Water Distribution	50	50
		l

Decentralized HVAC (Individual Units and Common Areas) - Equipment		
Electric heat pump, condenser, pad or rooftop	15	15
Electric AC condenser, pad or rooftop	20	20
Electric furnace/air handler	20	20
Evaporative Cooler	15	15
Gas furnace/air handler	20	20
Hydronic heat/electric AC air handler	20	20
Hydronic feed electric heat pump/air handler	25	25
Wall mounted electric/gas heater	20	20
Electric baseboard heater	25	25
Packaged Terminal Air Conditioning (PTAC)	15	15
Window or thru-wall air conditioners	10	10
Package HVAC rooftop	15	15
Air filtration/humidity control devices (humidifiers, HRV's)	20	20
Decentralized HVAC (Individual Units and Common Areas) - Distribution		
Duct, rigid sheet metal, insulated if not in conditioned space	35	35
Duct, flexible, insulated	20	20
Duct, fiberglass	15	15
Duct, sealing-mastic or UL 181A or 1818 tape	20	20
Diffusers, registers	20	20
Fireplace, masonry and firebrick	75	75
Fireplace, factory assembled	35	35
Fireplace insert, stove	50	50
Chimneys, metal with chimney covers	35	35
Chimneys, masonry	40	40
Decentralized HVAC (Individual Units and Common Areas) - Controls		
Dwelling/common area thermostat	15	20
Heat sensors	15	15
Outdoor temperature sensor	10	10
Pneumatic Lines and Controls	30	30

5. Electrical Systems	EUL Multi- family	EUL Elderly
Service and Distribution		
Building service panel (Main Distribution)	40	40
Circuit breakers	30	30
Building meter	40	40
Tenant meters, meter panel	40	40
Tenant electrical panel	50	50
Transformers (oil filled or dry)	30	30
Wiring and Cabling, <600v	40	40
Wiring and Cabling, >600v	30	30
Switches and outlets	35	35
Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI)	25	25
Lightning Protection	40	40
Lighting and Fixtures		
Lighting- exterior entry	15	20
Lighting- interior common spaces	25 (15)	30 (20)
Lighting- tenant Spaces	20	25
Door bells, chimes	20	25

6. Plumbing Systems	EUL Multi-	EUL Elderly
	family	Elderly
Water Supply	laminy	
PVC/CPVC pipe, supply	75	75
Copper/brass hard pipe, supply	75	75
Copper Tube, supply	50	50
Galvanized pipe, supply	40	40
Domestic cold water pumps	15	15
Water Softener/Filtration	15	15
Backflow preventer, individual unit	10	10
Backflow preventer, main service	30	30
Sanitary Waste and Vent		
PVC/CPVC pipe, waste	75	75
Cast iron sanitary waste	75	75
Sewage Ejectors	50	50
Commercial Sump Pump	15	15
Residential Sump Pump	7	7
Domestic Water Heating		
DHW circulating pumps	15	15
DHW storage tanks	15	15
DHW supply and return	30	30
Exchanger, in tank or boiler	15	15
External tankless heater, gas or electric	15	15
Solar hot water	20	20
Residential hot water heater, gas or electric	12	15
Flue, gas water heaters	35	35
Boilers, Oil Fired, Sectional	22	22
Boilers, Gas Fired, Sectional	25	25
Boilers, Oil/ Gas/ Dual Fuel, Low MBH	30	30
Boilers, Oil/ Gas/ Dual Fuel, High MBH	40	40
Boilers, Gas Fired Atmospheric	25	25
Boilers, Electric	20	20
Boiler Blowdown and Water Treatment	25	25
Boiler Room Pipe Insulation	25	25
Boiler Room Piping	50	50
Boiler Room Valves	25	25
Boiler Temperature Controls	15	15
Heat Exchanger	35	35

Plumbing Fixtures		
Faucets and valves (dwelling units)	15	20
Faucets and valves (common units)	7	7
Bath tubs and sinks, fiberglass	20	25
Bath tubs and sinks, cast iron	75	75
Bubs tubs and sinks, enameled or stainless steel	40	40
Bath tubs and sinks, porcelain	50	50
Toilets/bidets (dwelling units)	50	50
Toilets/bidets/urinals (common areas)	15	20
Toilet Tank Components	5	5
Flush valves	10	15
Tub/shower units or integrated assemblies	30	30

7. Data and Communications	EUL Multi- family	EUL Elderly
Satellite dishes/antennae	20	20
Telecom panels & controls	20	20
Telecom cabling & outlets	20	20

8. Vertical Transportation	EUL Multi-	EUL Elderly
	family	Liderry
Elevator, hydraulic – underground cylinder	15	15
Elevator, hydraulic – car and pump unit	35	35
Elevator, traction	50	50
Elevator, geared traction	35	35
Electrical switchgear	50	50
Electrical wiring	30	30
Elevator controller, call, dispatch, emergency	15	20
Elevator cab, interior finish	15	20
Elevator cab, frame	35	50
Elevator, shaftway doors	20	20
Elevator, shaftway hoist rails, cables, traveling	25	25
Elevator, shaftway hydraulic piston and leveling	25	25
Wheelchair and stairway lift	25	25

9. Life Safety and Fire Protection	EUL Multi-	EUL Elderly
	family	Lidenty
Fire Sprinkler Systems and Standpipes	,	
Fire sprinkler, heads	25	25
Fire sprinkler, piping systems	40	40
Fire sprinkler, equipment and devices	20	20
Standpipes	50	50
Fire pumps, electric driven	25	25
Fire pumps, engine driven	20	20
Fire hose stations	50	50
Fire extinguishers	10	15
Fire Alarm Systems		
Activation Devices (Pull Station, Smoke Detector, etc.)	10	10
Notification Devices (AV Horn/Strobe)	15	15
Control Panels	15	15
Wiring	30	30
Detection and Emergency Systems		
Residential Unit smoke detectors	5	5
Residential Unit carbon monoxide detectors	5	5
Call station	10	15
Emergency lights, illuminated signs	8	10
Smoke and fire detection system, central panel	15	15
Buzzer/intercom, central panel	20	20
Tenant buzzer I intercom /secured entry system	20	20
Standby Power Supply, Battery	5	5

10. Amenities	EUL Multi- family	EUL Elderly
Recreational Facilities		
Sport Court- asphalt	25	25
Sport Court- synthetic	15	15
Sport Court-hardwood	50	50
Sport Court-paint markings	5	7
Tot Lot (playground equipment)	10	15
Tot Lot- lose ground cover	3	5
Pool Deck	15	15
Pool/Spa Plastic Liner	8	8
Pool/Spa pumps and equipment	10	10
Decks-treated lumber	20	20
Decks-composite	50	50
Support Structures		
Carports, wood frame	30	30
Carports, metal frame	40	40
Garages	50	50
Storage Sheds	30	30
Penthouse (mechanical room)	50	50

11. Additional Considerations	EUL Multi- family	EUL Elderly
Environmental Items		
Pest Control	1	1
Lead based Paint Encapsulation	20	20
Asbestos Encapsulation	10	10

Appendix G Unit Mix Table

Dwelling Units Summary						
Dwelling Unit Designation	Dwelling Unit Designation Number Number Unit Size Number Tota					
	of Beds	of Baths	(SF)	of Units	Area (SF)	
Dwelling Unit Totals						

Support Spaces Summary						
Space Designation	Unit Size (SF)	Number of Units	Total Floor Area (SF)			
Common Areas						
Office Space						
Support Spaces						
Accessory Buildings						
Support Space Totals						
Total Development Heated and Cooled Floor Area (SF)						

Appendix H Summary of Recommended Repairs and Replacement Probable Costs

Summary of Recommended Repairs and Replacement Probable Costs						
Item	Reference	Cost				
Immediate Repairs (Life Safety)	Appendix J	\$0.00				
Critical Repairs (Completion with 6 months)	Appendix J	\$0.00				
Deferred Maintenance Repairs (Completion with 12 months)	Appendix J	\$0.00				
Total Cost of Repairs	\$0.00					
Replacement of Capital Items (Uninflated)	Appendix K	\$0.00				
Replacement of Capital (Inflated 3% per unit/per year)	Appendix K	\$0.00				

Appendix I

Property Useful Life Tables

In completing the Property Useful Life Table for the Property, the *CNA Provider* should use the following acronyms:

EA – Effective Age (years)

EUL – Estimated Useful Life (years)

RUL – Remaining Useful Life (years)

Refer to Appendix F - Estimated Useful Life Tables for the appropriate EUL values for each item.

Rating of the *physical condition* of existing elements shall be assigned on the following scale:

- 1. New in working condition and purchased or installed within the last 12 months.
- **2. Good** in working condition and does not require immediate or short-term repairs above any applicable industry standard threshold.
- 3. Fair in working condition, but may require immediate or short-term repairs
- 4. Poor not in working condition or requires substantial repairs or replacement
- **5. Non-compliant** (code violations observed or known)
 - **N/A** Not Applicable or element does not exist on the Property

NOTE: Where used to describe the physical condition of a property, system, component or piece of equipment, the terms "good", "fair" and "poor" shall be used to describe the predominant physical condition of a property or system.

For example, an air conditioning system may be in good condition despite a requirement to replace a limited number of units. Alternatively, a range of conditions may be described by combining terms such as "good to fair," or "fair to poor." Where conditions are not uniform, an explanation of the various disparate conditions shall be included in the report. Terms not defined above shall be defined in the report or agreement for services.

Action recommended shall be designated as follows:

IR – Immediate Repair or Replacement (Life Safety)

CR – *Critical Repair* or Replacement (Completion with 6 months)

DM – Deferred Maintenance Repair or Replacement (Completion with 12 months)

RR - Replacement Reserves

1. Site Systems	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Storm Water Drainage	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Rating	Action
City Consults					
Site Security					
Paving, Curbing and Parking Striping					
Flatwork (sidewalks, terraces and patios)					
Tiatwork (sidewarks, terraces and patios)					
Landscape Appurtenances, Fencing and Signage					
Site Utilities					
Electricity					
Fuel Gas					
Partition Water					
Potable Water					
Sanitary Sewer					
·					
Data and Communications					
Trash (dumpsters, enclosures, compactors)					
riusii (dumpaters, entitosures, compactors)					

2. Building Frame and Envelope	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Foundation					
Framing Systems - Floors and Walls					
Framing Systems - Roofs					
Exterior Wall Finishes					
Exterior von missies					
Roofing Systems and Roof Drainage					
Roof Trim and Accessories					
Flashing and Moisture Protection					
Exterior Stairs, Rails, Balconies, Porches, Canopies					
Exterior Stairs, Nails, Daicomes, Porches, Camples					
Windows					
Exterior Doors and Entry Systems					
Crawl Space and Attic Ventilation					
Insulation					
IlisulatiOII					
	L	l	l	L	

3. Interior Elements	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Common Areas - Floors					
Common Areas - Walls					
Common Areas - Ceilings					
Common Among Interior Dogge					
Common Areas - Interior Doors					
Common Areas - Millwork					
Common Areas Minwork					
Common Areas - Appliances					
Common Areas - Specialties					
Dwelling Units - Floors					
Dwelling Units - Walls					
Duralling Units Cailings					
Dwelling Units - Ceilings					
Dwelling Units - Interior Doors					
Dwelling Units - Millwork					
_					

Dwelling Units - Appliances			
Dwelling Units - Specialties			

4. Mechanical Systems	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Centralized HVAC - Equipment					
Centralized HVAC - Distribution					
Decentralized HVAC (Individual Units and Common Areas) - Equipment					
Decentralized HVAC (Individual Units and Common Areas) - Distribution					
Decentralized HVAC (Individual Units and Common Areas) - Controls					

5. Electrical Systems	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Service and Distribution					
Lighting and Fixtures					

6. Plumbing Systems	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Water Supply					
Sanitary Waste and Vent					
Domestic Water Heating					
Plumbing Fixtures					
7. Data and Communications	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
8. Vertical Transportation	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
9. Life Safety and Fire Protection	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Fire Sprinkler Systems and Standpipes					
Fire Alarm Systems					
Detection and Emergency Systems					

10. Amenities	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Recreational Facilities					
Support Structures					

11. Additional Considerations	EUL	EA	RUL	Rating	Action
Environmental Items					

Appendix J Cost Estimate Schedule for Repairs

Immediate Repair or Replacement (Life Safety)					
Item	Qty	Unit of Measure	Unit Cost	Total Cost	
Description of item	Count	SF, LF, CY, each, etc.	\$0.00	\$	
Subtotal – Immediate Repairs				\$	

Critical Repair or Replacement (Completion within 6 months)									
Item	Qty	Unit of Measure	Unit Cost	Total Cost					
Description of item	Count	SF, LF, CY, each, etc.	\$0.00	\$					
	Subtotal – Critical Repairs \$								
Subtotal – Critical Repairs									

Deferred Maintenance Repair or Replacement (Completion within 12 months)									
Item	Qty	Unit of Measure	Unit Cost	Total Cost					
Description of item	Count	SF, LF, CY, each, etc.	\$0.00	\$0.00					
Subtotal – Deferred Maintenance Repairs		\$							

Total Repairs	\$	
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Appendix K

Cost Estimate Schedule for Replacement of Capital Items (Replacement Reserves)

The table below represents an analysis of the estimated Remaining Useful Life of the property, with replacement reserves needed over a 15-year duration in accordance with <u>Appendix I-Property Useful Life (EUL) Tables</u>. The CNA will be used to determine which components meet this criterion.

EUL – Estimated Useful Life (years)

RUL – Remaining Useful Life (years)

Unit – Unit of measure (square feet, linear feet, cubic yards, etc.)

EA – Effective Age (years)

QTY - Quantity of units

	C	onditio	on	F	Replace	ment \	/alues	Term															
Item Description	EUL	EA	RUL	QTY	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	Year 14	Year 15	Total
Site Conditions																							
Description of item(s)	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	#	unit	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Structural Elements																							
Building Enclosure Elements																							
Interior Features / Finishes																							

	С	onditio	on	F	Replace	ement \	/alues								Term								
Item Description	EUL	EA	RUL	QTY	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	Year 14	Year 15	Total
Mechanical System Elements																							
Description of item(s)	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	#	unit	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Plumbing System Elements																							
		l.																					
Electrical System Elements																							
Lighting System Elements		i.																					
Fire Con Cretons Floring		l.	·								l	l											
Fuel Gas System Elements																							
Data and Communications																							

	C	onditio	on	F	Replace	ment \	/alues								Term								
Item Description	EUL	EA	RUL	QTY	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	Year 14	Year 15	Total
Security System Elements																							
Description of item(s)	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	#	unit	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Life Safety Elements																							
Vertical Access Elements		i.			li .									l.						l.			
Fixtures / Casework / Equip																							
Amenities Elements																							
Hazmat and Conditions																							

	Term															
	Year	Total														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Total Cost (uninflated)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Inflation (3% per year)	100%	103%	106%	109%	113%	116%	119%	123%	127%	130%	134%	138%	143%	147%	151%	
Total Cost (inflated)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

Building Summary*										
Total Dwelling Unit Floor Area:	S.F.									
Total Number of Dwelling Units:										
Year Built:										
Age:										
Capital Reserve Term:	15 Years									

Uninflated Replacement Reserves Summary									
Average cost per year:	\$ (see note 1)								
Average yearly cost per S.F.:	\$ (see note 2)								
Average yearly cost per unit: \$ (see note 3)									

Inflated Replacement Summary	Inflated Replacement Reserves Summary									
Average cost per year:	\$ (see note 4)									
Average yearly cost per S.F.:	\$ (see note 5)									
Average yearly cost per unit: \$ (see note 6)										

Note 1: Average cost per year (uninflated) = Total Cost (uninflated) / 15 years

Note 2: Average yearly cost per S.F. (uninflated) = Average cost per year(uninflated) / Total Dwelling Unit Floor Area

Note 3: Average yearly cost per unit (uninflated) = Average cost per year (uninflated) / Total Number of Dwelling Units

Note 4: Average cost per year (inflated) = Total Cost (inflated) / 15 years

Note 5: Average yearly cost per S.F. (inflated) = Average cost per year(inflated) / Total Dwelling Unit Floor Area

Note 6: Average yearly cost per unit (inflated) = Average cost per year (inflated) / Total Number of Dwelling Units

^{*}Note: See also Appendix G – Unit Mix Table

Appendix L

Definitions, Abbreviations, and Acronyms

This appendix provides definitions and acronyms for the terminology used in the CNA Guide. Capitalized terms found throughout the Capital Needs Assessment Guide and Appendices are as defined below, in the applicable rule chapter, or the RFA.

1. Definitions

Applicant. Any person or legal entity that is seeking a loan or funding from Florida Housing by submitting an Application pursuant to Rule Chapter 67-21, F.A.C. or responding to a competitive solicitation pursuant to Rule Chapter 67-60, F.A.C., for one more of Florida Housing's programs. Applicant also includes any assigns or successors in interest of the Applicant.

Application. For purposes of Applicants applying for competitive funding pursuant to Rule Chapter 67-60, F.A.C., the sealed response submitted to the Corporation to participate in a competitive solicitation for funding pursuant to Rule Chapter 67-60, F.A.C. For purposes of Applicants applying for Non-Competitive funding pursuant to Rule Chapter 67-21, F.A.C., the forms and exhibits created by the Corporation for the purpose of providing the means to apply for both MMRB and Non-Competitive Housing Credits, as outlined in subsection 67-21.003(1), F.A.C. A completed Application may include additional supporting documentation provided by an Applicant.

Appropriate inquiry. A request for information conducted by Freedom of Information Letter (FOIL), verbal request, or by other written request made either by fax, electronic mail, overnight courier, or U.S. mail. *Appropriate inquiry* includes a good-faith effort conducted by the consultant to obtain the information considering the time constraints to prepare and deliver the *CNA Report*.

Architect. A designation reserved by law for a person professionally qualified, examined, and registered by the appropriate governmental board having jurisdiction, to perform architectural services.

Architecture or **Architectural**. Professional services conducted by an architect in connection with the design and construction of buildings, or built environments.

Base building. The core (common areas) and shell of the building and its systems that typically are not subject to improvements to suit tenant requirements.

Baseline. The minimum level of observations, due diligence, inquiry/research, documentation review, and preparation of opinions of costs to remedy material physical deficiencies for conducting a *CNA* as described in this guide.

Building codes. Rules and regulations adopted by the governmental authority having jurisdiction over the commercial real estate, which govern the design, construction, alteration, and repair of such commercial real estate.

Building department records. Records maintained by or in possession of the local government authority with jurisdiction over the construction, alteration, use, or demolition of improvements on the subject property. Building department records also may include building code violation notices.

Building envelope. The enclosure of the building that protects the building's interior from outside elements, namely the exterior walls, roof and soffit areas.

Building systems. Interacting or independent components or assemblies, which form single integrated units that comprise a building and its site work, such as, pavement and flatwork, structural frame, roofing, exterior walls, plumbing, HVAC, electrical, etc.

Capital Improvement. An action of one or more of the following:

- Fixing a defect or design flaw
- Creating an addition, physical enlargement or expansion
- Creating an increase in capacity, productivity or efficiency
- Rehabilitating a property after the end of its economic useful life
- Replacing a major component or structural part of the property
- Adapting property to a new or different use

Capital Needs Assessment (CNA). The process by which a person or entity observes a property, interviews sources, and reviews available documentation for the purpose of developing an opinion and preparing a CNA Report.

Capital Needs Assessment Report (CNA Report). A written report, prepared in accordance with the recommendations contained in this guide, documenting the observations and opinions developed during completion of the assessment.

CNA Reviewer. The individual that both exercises responsible control over the Field Observer and who reviews the *CNA* prior to delivery to the user.

Component. A portion of a building system, piece of equipment, or building element.

Consultant or **CNA Consultant**. The principal or primary staff member employed by or associated with the CNA Provider who has overall responsibility for the quality and accuracy of all work performed by CNA Provider staff.

Corporation. Florida Housing Finance Corporation (or FHFC) as defined in Section 420.503, F.S.

Credit Underwriter. The independent contractor under contract with the Corporation having the responsibility for providing stated credit underwriting services.

Critical Repair Items. Repair items that, in the *CNA Provider's* professional judgment, require immediate remediation to prevent additional substantial deterioration to a particular system, address an immediate need observed or extend the life of a system critical to the operation of the Property.

Deferred maintenance. Physical deficiencies that could have been remedied with routine maintenance, normal operating maintenance, etc., excluding *de minimis* conditions that generally do not present a material physical deficiency to the subject property. Items that are material Systems, Components, or equipment that are approaching, have reached, or have exceeded their estimated useful life, and which have the potential to affect the Property's financial and operational performance if not remediated within 12 months.

Due diligence. An investigation of the physical condition of a subject property in connection with a commercial real estate transaction. The degree and type of the investigation may vary for different properties, different user purposes, and time allotted.

Effective Age (EA). The estimated age of a building component that considers actual age as affected by maintenance history, location, weather conditions, and other factors. Effective age may be more or less than actual age.

Energy Star. A joint program of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Energy with a goal of adopting energy efficient products and practices. The Energy Star label identifies top performing, cost-effective products.

Engineer. A designation reserved by law for a person professionally qualified, examined, and licensed by the appropriate governmental board having jurisdiction, to perform engineering services.

Engineering. Analysis or design work conducted by an engineer requiring extensive formal education, preparation, and experience in the use of mathematics, chemistry, physics, and the engineering sciences.

Evaluation Period. The 15-year period over which the *RUL* analysis is conducted and replacement reserves determined.

Expected Useful Life (EUL). The average amount of time in years that an item, component or system is estimated to function without material repair when installed new and assuming routine maintenance is practiced.

Field Observer. The individual that conducts the walk-through survey and physical inspection.

Fire Department records. Records maintained by or in the possession of the local fire department having jurisdiction over the subject property.

Green Building Features or *Green Building Certification*. Materials, elements, or processes that are resource efficient high-performance building components that facilitate energy efficient, environmentally sustainable buildings and healthy indoor environments. Such features are requisite to Green Building Certification programs, including Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED); Florida Green Building Coalition (FGBC); or ICC 700 National Green Building Standard (NGBS).

Guide. A series of options and instructions that do not recommend a specific course of action.

Immediate Repair Items. Life Safety items that, in the *CNA Consultant's* professional judgment, if left in the current condition, have the potential to cause injury, illness, or death.

Interviews. Discussions with those knowledgeable about the subject property.

Material. Having significant importance or great consequence.

Non-Competitive Application Package. The Application instructions and form incorporated by 67-21.003(1)(b) utilized to apply for both MMRB and Non-Competitive Housing Credits.

Observation. The visual survey of items, systems, conditions, or components that are readily accessible and easily visible during a walk-through survey of the subject property.

Observe, Observed. To conduct an observation pursuant to this guide within the context of easily visible and readily accessible.

Obvious. Plain, evident, and readily accessible; a condition easily visible or fact not likely to be ignored or overlooked by a field observer when conducting a walkthrough survey or that which is practically reviewable and would be understood easily by a person conducting the *CNA*.

Opinions of costs. Opinion of costs that may be encountered in correction of physical deficiencies.

Owner. The entity holding the title to the commercial real estate that is the subject of the CNA.

Physical condition. The physical state of a property, system, component or piece of equipment. Within the context of the assessment, the consultant may offer opinions of the physical condition of the property, or of systems, components and equipment observed. Refer to Appendix I - Property Useful Life Tables for further information.

Physical deficiency. A conspicuous defect or deferred maintenance of a subject property's material systems, components, or equipment as observed during completion of the *CNA*.

NOTE: This definition specifically excludes deficiencies that may be remedied with routine maintenance, miscellaneous minor repairs, normal operating maintenance, etc., and excludes *de minimis conditions* that generally do not present material physical deficiencies of the subject property.

Point of Contact (POC). An owner, owner's agent, or user-identified person or persons knowledgeable about the physical characteristics, maintenance, and repair of the subject property.

Practice. A definitive procedure for performing one or more specific operations or functions that does not produce a test result.

Property or Subject property. The commercial real estate consisting of the site and primary real estate improvements that are the subject of the CNA described by this guide.

Provider or **CNA Provider**. The entity (or individual) that has been engaged to conduct the **CNA** and prepare a **CNA Report**.

Readily available. Information or records that are easily and promptly provided to the consultant upon making a request in compliance with an appropriate inquiry and without the need for the consultant to research archive files.

Reasonably ascertainable. Describes information that is publicly available, as well as readily available, provided to the consultant's offices from either its source or an information research/retrieval service within reasonable time, practically reviewable, and available at a nominal cost for either retrieval, reproduction or forwarding.

Remaining Useful Life (RUL). A subjective estimate based upon observations, or average estimates of similar items, components, or systems, or a combination thereof, of the number of remaining years that an item, component, or system is estimated to be able to function in accordance with its intended purpose before warranting replacement. Such period of time is affected by the initial quality of an item, component, or system, the quality of the initial installation, the quality and amount of preventive maintenance exercised, climatic conditions, extent of use, etc.

Request for Application or RFA. A competitive solicitation pursuant to Rule Chapter 67-60, F.A.C.

Representative Observations. Observations or photographs or an otherwise reasonable number of samples of repetitive systems, components, areas, etc., which are conducted by the field observer during the walk-through survey. The concept of representative observations extends to all conditions, areas, equipment, components, systems, buildings, etc., to the extent that they are similar and representative of one another.

Routine Maintenance. A repair that does not require specialized equipment, professional services, or contractors, but rather can be corrected within the budget and skill set of typical property maintenance staff.

Site visit. The visit to the subject property during which observations are made pursuant to the walkthrough survey section of this guide.

Specialty Consultants. Individuals or entities in the fields of life safety, security, engineering, or in any particular building component, equipment, or system that have acquired detailed, specialized knowledge and experience in the design, evaluation, operation, repair, or installation of same.

Structural frame. The components or building system that supports the building's non-variable forces or weights (dead loads) and variable forces or weights (live loads).

Suggested remedy. An opinion as to a course of action to remedy or repair a physical deficiency. Such an opinion may also be to conduct further research or testing for the purposes of discovery to gain a better understanding of the cause or extent of a physical deficiency (whether observed or highly probable) and the appropriate remedial or reparatory response. A suggested remedy may be preliminary and does not preclude alternate methods or schemes that may be more appropriate to remedy the physical deficiency or that may be more commensurate with the user's requirements.

Survey. Observations made by the field observer during a walk-through survey to obtain information concerning the subject property's readily accessible and easily visible components or systems.

System. A combination of interacting or interdependent components assembled to carry out one or more functions.

User. The party that retains the consultant for the preparation of the *CNA*.

Walk-through survey. A visual survey conducted of the subject property, that consists of nonintrusive observations, survey of readily accessible components and systems of the subject property, excluding concealed physical deficiencies. Such a survey should not be considered technically exhaustive, as it excludes the operation of equipment and is conducted without exploratory probing, removal or relocation of materials, testing, or the use of equipment, such as ladders (except as required for roof access), stools, scaffolding, or metering/testing equipment.

2. Abbreviations and Acronyms:

ABS Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene Pipe

ADA The Americans with Disabilities Act

ASTM American Society of Testing Materials International

CNA Capital Needs Assessment

CPSC Consumer Products Safety Commission

EA Effective Age

EER Energy Efficiency Rating

EIFS Exterior Insulation and Finish System

EUL Expected Useful Life or Estimated Useful Life

F.A.C. Florida Administrative Code

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FHA Fair Housing Act

FHFC Florida Housing Finance Corporation

FRTP Fire Retardant Treated Plywood

GFCI Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter

HVAC Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning

MIC Microbiologically Influenced Corrosion

PB Polybutylene Water Distribution Lines

PEX Cross-Linked Polyethylene Piping

PFRI Phenolic Foam Roofing Insulation

RFA Request for Applications

RUL Remaining Useful Life

SEER Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio

SHGC Solar Heat Gain Coefficient

STC Sound Transmission Class

TPO Thermoplastic Olefin Membrane Roofing

UEF Uniform Energy Factor

VOC Volatile Organic Content